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Soviets Claim Drive Into White Russia Halted; Lwow Falls to Nazis

London, July 1.

GERMAN attempts to reach Murmansk, on the Arctic Ocean, to push farther into White Russia and to break through into the Ukraine from Volhynia were continuing with undiminished fury yesterday, but the Russians claim to have halted Hitler's panzer formations in the south and are opposing the Nazi drive in White Russia.

The Russians admit that they have withdrawn from the town of Lwow because the enemy was threatening the rear of the town.

The latest news from the front is an unconfirmed German report that Nazi tank columns are driving at high speed along the road from Minsk to Moscow. It is in this sector, north of the Pinsk marshes, that the heaviest clash between Russian and German forces has occurred. The Germans hurled overwhelming masses of tanks and men into their main pincer drive towards Moscow, and the Russians, as their communique has reported, are offering stubborn resistance.

This morning's Russian communique does not confirm the German claim to have captured Minsk, the capital of White Russia. Round Minsk, it is said, Russian troops are engaged in heavy fighting with numerically superior German mobile units and are holding their advance.

Determined Push

South of the Pinsk marshes, where the Germans are making another determined thrust towards Kiev, the Russians state that the Germans are being held also. Big battles between tank formations are reported to be continuing and the Russians claim that all German attempts to break through towards the east have been repelled with heavy losses.

In the north, in the Baltic States, another big battle is said to be taking place between Vilna and Dvinsk. An earlier German announcement said that their forces had made big advances in this sector. Here again the Russian communique speaks of German numerical superiority in a battle which is described as furious. The Russians are opposing the enemy's motorized and armoured column with quick manœuvring.

On the southern end of the battle front, the Russians say that yet another German attempt to force a crossing of the River Pruth has been thrown back with heavy losses.

On the Finnish border, hard fighting is going on near Murmansk, where German attacks have been thrown back.

Messages from Helsinki and Sweden say that a heavy attack is being made against the Russian fortress of Hango, west of the Finnish capital. The Finnish radio report that 33 Russian aircraft have been shot down over Finnish territory since fighting began.

Russian Communique

The latest Russian communique describes the fighting as follows:—

"During the night of June 30, fighting continued in the direction of Murmansk, Dvinsk, Bobruick about 91 miles south-east of Mins and Luck. On other sectors of the front, night reconnaissance was in progress, accompanied by artillery activity.

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 1 *)

New Supreme Body Formed in U.S.S.R.

Moscow, July 1.

The entire control of the Russian Government was turned over today to a supreme five-man committee, headed by M. Joseph Stalin, in a drastic move to improve Soviet resistance to the German invasion as the war communique admitted the loss of Lwow (Lemberg) and reported desperate fighting on other fronts.

The new committee, appointed by the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet, has complete control of all Russian phases of defence effort and has the "whole power of the state" in its hands.

A war communique issued late last night admitted the loss of Lwow but claimed that Soviet armies were stemming the Nazi onslaughts on other fronts.

The communique said that Hungarian troops, which entered the war several days after the start of the Russo-German clash, were cooperating with the Germans in encirclement attempts which forced the Red Army to abandon Lwow to avoid being cut off from the rear.—United Press.

Committee Approves Jackson Nomination

Washington, July 1.

The Senate Judiciary Committee yesterday unanimously approved the nomination of Mr. Robert H. Jackson, former United States Attorney General, as a member of the Supreme Court.

The committee over-ruled the protest of Senator Millard E. Tydings, Democrat of Maryland, that Mr. Jackson was "unfitted by character, philosophy and judicial temperament" for the post. Senator Tydings' charge was based on the accusation that Mr. Jackson failed to prosecute the columnists Mr. Drew Pearson and Mr. Robert S. Allen, authors of the "Washington-Merry-Go-Round" for alleged criminal libel against Senator Tydings in a radio broadcast.

Senator Tydings said they committed libel against him by asserting that he used labour of the Works Progress Administration to build a road to the yacht basin on his private Maryland estate.—United Press.

Roosevelt Reiterates Faith in Democracy

Hyde Park, N.Y., July 1.

President Roosevelt yesterday declared that American confidence in the future of democracy had not been diminished and will not be diminished despite the fact that self-Government was everywhere under attack.

The President spoke at a ceremony dedicating the U.S. $350,000 Franklin D. Roosevelt library which will house more than 6,000,000 documents constituting a record of his political career.—United Press.

Moscow Has First Air Raid Alarm

Moscow, July 1.

Moscow had its first air raid alarm early this morning. It began at 1.50 and ended at 2.45 a.m. without incident.—Reuter.

Nazis Claim Capture of Minsk

Berlin, July 1.

Firmly established in the vita Soviet bases of Lemberg (Lwow) Minsk, important communication centre in White Russia, an Jacobstadt, Latvia, German support ing forces yesterday continued to en circle isolated masses of Red Arm troops on the eastern front.

The spearhead of the Germa Army has entered Minsk, climaxin a 300-kilometre thrust from th frontier of the two warring countrie and German troops were posed on th highway leading eastward to Moscow The Germans probably were abou 600 kilometres from Moscow, althoug no exact information was available.

Latest reports last night showe that the German High Comman again was employing successfully th encircling tactics which at preser have already facilitated eventus strangulation of Soviet troops in thre separate areas. These encirclement were reported to be at the followin points:—Bialystok and to the east ward; In the indefinite area betwee Minsk and Smolensk; In Latvia, sout of the Gulf of Riga.

Many observers believed it highl probable that a fourth encirclemen was developing on the south front south of the Pripet Marshes betwee the Hungarian and Rumania frontiers. There were no official re ports to substantiate this.

"No Obstacle"

A German military spokesman re fused to state whether fighting ha yet occurred on the so-called "Stalin Line," but asserted it was doubtfu whether any line in Europe wa stronger than the Maginot Line whic had proved to be no obstacle to th German Army.

The spokesman indicated that th Germans were not concerned wit the strength of the "Stalin Line," ap parently in the belief that Panze divisions will be able to brea through at strategic points and en circle portions of it, thus making th line useless for defence.

The German press and radio las night carried new reports emphasiz ing the tenacious Soviet resistance and mentioned the "animal-like zea for attaining their goal" displayed b the Russians.

Minsk Occupied

German forces have occupie Minsk, important communication centre in White Russia, an authorized German spokesman said here las night. The German advance continues further east toward Moscov the spokesman said.

D.N.B., official German a agency, previously reported that G man panzer formations had pushed beyond Minsk to Misko, on the highway to Moscow.

Nazi forces also have completely surrounded a Red army division in an area on the Baltic sea coast, the official German news agency D.N.B. said yesterday.

"The ring is so tight that destruction of the Soviet forces within it is certain," said the news agency.

Meanwhile, other German troops advancing in the Rava Russka area smashed tough resistance of Soviet forces there, destroying and capturing several hundred Soviet tanks, said D.N.B. Forty two 21 centimetre mortars fell into German hands during the fighting, it was said.

New Encircling Move

An authorized military source said that it could be assumed that a "new encirclement area" was developing in the area of Minsk and Smolensk. German troops also occupied Jakobstadt in Latvia, said the same source.

Slovak units, meanwhile, broke through Russian lines on June 30 and "were continuing their advance", said a Slovak High Command communique issued at Bratislav last night, according to a D.N.B. despatch.

In aerial warfare the German Luftwaffe carried out smashing attacks on various fronts, said D.N.B.

A formation of 22 Red bombers "in the east" were completely destroyed on Saturday, said D.N.B.

On Sunday night the Luftwaffe continued successful attacks against airports on the eastern front, scoring bomb hits on hangars, parked planes and barracks, the agency continued.

Forty eight Soviet planes were shot down in air battles and 144 were destroyed or damaged on the ground on the entire east front it was said.

Bomb hits also were scored amidst fleeing columns of Red troops and motorized units. Railheads and railway lines also were attacked and strong Stuka formations continued to blast Red troop concentrations and defence positions, said D.N.B.—United Press.

Russian Position Believed Not Unfavourable

London, July 1.

IN a review of the Russo-German fighting to date, Reuter's Military Commentator, General Sir Hubert Gough, states that the general outline of positions on the Russo-German front do not seem to have altered materially during the last few days and that this fact in itself is of great importance and is highly favourable to Russia.

General Gough states that in spite of the surprise attack, with no declaration of war, despite the throwing in of all their tanks and other armoured vehicles, supported by a huge concentration of planes, the Germans have not as yet succeeded in breaking through the Russian front anywhere along the 1,500 miles of frontier.

"In the extreme north, in Finland," he declares, "and on their southern flank, from Cernauti, along the river Pruth, to the Black Sea, the Germans are being held firmly. In fact, there are indications that the Russians are already assuming the offensive, even if these offensives are as yet only on short fronts and with limited objectives.

Russian Raids

"The Russians, on their extreme left, have crossed the Danube and successfully raided into that part of Rumania, taking perhaps 1,000 prisoners and a dozen guns. A little further north they have actually thrown the Germans across the Pruth river."

"Of rival communiques," continues the commentator, "those of the Russians, by being most explicit and definite, give an impression of reliability, which is not the case with German announcements which make few definite statements but only put forth fantastic claims of captures and vague promises of great successes somewhere.

Situation in Lithuania

"As far as we can judge, the Germans, having overthrown Lithuania, which was only held by weak cover detachments, and having got to the line of Shavali, Kaunus and Vilna in a northerly direction, are now stopped along that line. The German line seems to turn southwards past Grodno towards Baranovitch and perhaps down as far as the Pripet marshes near Pinsk. It then seems to swing back southwestwards to the neighbourhood of Lusk and Brody, where a tremendous battle is now in progress. So far this battle has not gone in favour of the Germans."

"The Russians here," says the General, "are protecting the northern flank of a Russian salient which runs from there past Lwow to Premyzl, and then turns back, one would suppose, along the Carpathians to Cernauti.

"From here, the southern flank of the Russian salient is firmly held along the Pruth as far as the Black Sea.

Break Through at Minsk

"This situation, if it has not materially altered, signifies a serious repulse to the German onslaught. The Germans claim to have pushed forward an armoured force past Minsk and to have reached the great road to Moscow. This incursion into Russia was in all probability not made along the direct line of advance from Brest-Litovsk and Baranovitch, but a burst through from the flank of the German salient which was created by their advance as far as Vilna. From this direction they could advance due east and south-east against the flank of Russian troops holding up the German attack moving from Brest-Litovsk on Minsk.—Reuter.

...at the R.A.F. is Doing to Occupied Ports

...ited on the docks at Ostend by the R.A.F. and the Royal Navy may ...rve. What was once an active block of warehouses on the west quay ...w just a ruined mass of charred masonry. Warehouses on the west ...are shown in the picture in a severely damaged condition.

...Recognize ...i Regime

Nanking, July 1.

...lovakia and Croatia today formally ...tion to the Nanking Government. ...Reichsminister of Foreign Affairs, ...an Foreign Minister, today formally ...(Mr. Hsu Liang) of the National ...by their respective governments.

Acting on instructions from his ...home Government, Herr H. Gipperich, ...First Secretary of the German ...Embassy at Nanking, called on Mr. Hsu Liang at 5.10 o'clock this afternoon to notify the latter that Germany had recognized the Nanking Government.

Also, Marquis Francesco Maria Taliani de Marchio, Italian Ambassador to China, flew to Nanking from Shanghai, to inform the Foreign Minister of Italy's recognition of the Nanking Government.

Immediately after notifying the Foreign Minister, Herr Gipperich accompanied the former to Mr. Wang Ching-wei's official residence at 5.30 o'clock, making known to the Nanking leader the messages sent by Chancellor Adolf Hitler and von Ribbentrop. The German official also conveyed the German Government's felicitations regarding the recognition.

The Italian Ambassador was met at the Nanking airfield by Mr. Hsu Liang, and the two then motored to Mr. Wang's residence, where the latter was handed personal messages from Premier Benito Mussolini and Foreign Minister Count Ciano.

With mutual diplomatic recognition completed, it was expected that an exchange of ambassadors will take place in the near future, thus bringing about the resumption of normal diplomatic relations between Nanking, and Germany and Italy.

While no definite announcement has been made by either Berlin or Rome regarding the envoy likely to be accredited to Nanking, quarters close to the Nanking Foreign Ministry expected that Marquis Francesco Maria Taliani de Marchio, Italian Ambassador now staying in Shanghai, will present his credentials to Mr. Wang Ching-wei in the near future.

German Envoy

Marquis Taliani de Marchio, it was recalled, has not yet presented his credentials to Mr. Lin Sen of the Chungking government. The German envoy, it was expected, will be either Dr. F. Altenburg, or Mr. M. Fischer, who recently returned here from Japan.

Appointment of Nanking's envoys to Berlin and Rome was the subject of important deliberations today during a meeting of the Executive Yuan of the Nanking Government. Well-informed sources declared that Mr. Tang Leang-li, Ambassador-at-Large and Chairman of the International Publicity Board, will be accredited as first Nanking Ambassador to Rome.

Born in Java, and a graduate of London University, Mr. Tang, though only 40 years of age, is regarded as one of the Nanking Administration's most promising and able diplomats.

The Nanking Government's envoy to Germany, it was expected, will [Domei.

(Continued on page 2, col. 4 *)

...peror ...Prince ...sults of the ...he Throne.

Prior to the ...this morning, the Cabinet ...listened to a 40-minute report ...the latest developments of the Russo-German war from the military standpoint by Major-General Kiyotomi Okamoto of the Army General Staff.

In the interim between the Cabinet meeting and the audience, Prince Konoye met Cabinet Counsellors and explained the Government's policy concerning the new situation.

Meanwhile, it was understood the Privy Council will meet in a regular session at 1.30 o'clock on the afternoon of July 3.—Domei

280 Soviet Planes Said Destroyed

Berlin, July 1.

The High Command today announced in a special communique that 280 Russian planes were destroyed yesterday.—United Press.

Seven Arrested Spy Suspects in U.S. Plead Guilty

New York, July 1.

Seven of the suspects whose arrest was announced on Sunday pleaded guilty to espionage against the United States when they were arraigned in the Brooklyn Federal Court yesterday.

Eighteen others pleaded not guilty, including Herman Lang, German-born draughtsman, and Everett Roedler, New York born draughtsman, both of whom are reported to have been closely associated for many years with the manufacture of the American secret bombing sight. Lang is stated to have worked in the Norden bombsight organisation as factory inspector since 1934, while Roeder, aged 47, is said to have been employed at the Sperry Gyroscope works at Brooklyn, where the famous Sperry bombsights are made.

The accused were held for trial on July 15 under bail totalling $425,000.

Yesterday Federal agents boarded a steamer from Buenos Aires on arrival at Sandy Hook and arrested a 50-year-old room steward described as a naturalized United States citizen of German birth.

Three More Suspects Arrested

Mr. Edgar Hoover, head of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, announced last night that three additional arrests on conspiracy charges had been made.

These were Conradin Otto Dold, a steward in the liner Excalibur; Adolf Henry August Walischewsky, a steward in the steamer Uruguay, and Heinrich Clausing, cook in the liner Argentina, who was apparently arrested at Santos, Brazil.—Reuter.

Paderewski May Be Buried at Arlington

New York, July 1.

Ignace Jan Paderewski, modern Poland's first Premier and world-famous pianist, may, at least temporarily, be buried among the graves of United States heroes at Arlington Cemetery, in Virginia, if his family consents.

It was stated at the White House that the President asked Mr. Sumner Welles, Under-Secretary of State, to ascertain the family's desires.

It is indicated that if interred at Arlington—a rare honour—the body would be sent to Poland at the end of the war. A solemn Requiem Mass for the deceased will be celebrated by Archbishop Spellman in St. Patrick's Cathedral, Fifth Avenue, on Thursday afternoon. The body, placed in a bronze coffin and sealed with glass, will lie in state in the cathedral tomorrow.

Meanwhile, the heart, removed from the body, will probably be sent to Arlington temporarily. Hundreds of telegrams of condolence from all over the world have been received by the family. The Polish and American flags are flying at half-mast over the house where Paderewski died.—Reuter.

Swedish Cabinet Reduced

London, July 1.

Changes in the Swedish Cabinet greatly reducing its size were announced by the Swedish radio on Monday night. Mr. Hansson, Prime Minister, takes over the post of Foreign Minister. The Minister of Defence, Mr. Skoelde, becomes also Minister of Trade.

Mr. Bengquist, formerly Minister without Portfolio, becomes Minister of Justice and Social Welfare and Mr. Verloef, formerly Minister without Portfolio, takes the Ministries of Finance, Education, and Agriculture.—Reuter.

Injured Embassy People Suffering From Shock

Chungking, July 1.

Though the condition of Sir Arthur Blackburn, Counsellor of the British Embassy, Mr. Denies Allen, Second Secretary of the Embassy, and Mrs. Allen is showing improvement, they are suffering from shock.

It is learned that Sir Arthur and Lady Blackburn are shortly leaving by air for Hongkong for rest and treatment.

It will be recalled that Counsellor, Mr. and Mrs. Allen were injured when a bomb hit the Embassy dugout during a Japanese air raid on Chungking two days ago.

An architect is busy making repairs to one of the Embassy's buildings where the Embassy staff will work for the time being.—Reuter.

U.S. Congress Passes Appropriation Bills

Washington, July 1.

Congress has just managed to pass all appropriation bills for the fiscal year before the midnight deadline. During Monday, six such measures were passed, totalling about $4,500,000,000. Since the session started in January, appropriation bills have totalled about $40,000,000,000, of which $26,000,000,000 were for national defence or under the Lease-and-Lend Act.—Reuter.

Demonstrations in Favour of Allies Said to Have Taken Place in Beirut

By Reuter's Special Correspondent On The Coastal Road To Beirut

July 1.

The impatience of the Beirut public with the Vichy forces continued resistance to the Allied advance on the town has been shown by a number of demonstrations, according to reports filtering through the lines.

The inhabitants regard the fall of the town as inevitable and the authorities have been called on to surrender the port without further delay, it is stated. The demonstrations appear to have reached such proportions as to necessitate active interference by the police who are said to have been compelled to fire on crowds.

While confirmation of these reports is necessarily unobtainable, they appear in no way unlikely as the inhabitants of Damascus were quick to inform the Allies on their entry into the city of their intense exasperation at General Dentz' persistence in defending it despite their demands when further resistance was clearly hopeless.

It seems doubtful whether Vichy troops at Beirut will be able to hold on much longer once the Allies have cleared up artillery positions threatening their right flank, which they are now in the process of doing with considerable success.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Gives Germany No Respite from Raids

London, July 1.

DUISBURG, Duesseldorf and Cologne received the main weight of British bombs when aircraft of the Royal Air Force concentrated on the Rhineland and the Ruhr district last night.

A small number of German aircraft flew over Britain last night, according to a British Air Ministry communique. Bombs were dropped at places in the west and south-west and in south Wales. Some damage was done and there was a number of casualties, including some persons killed.

The official German news agency says that last night British planes flew over west Germany and dropped a number of high explosive and incendiary bombs, chiefly in the Westphalian industrial district and in Cologne. Some damage was caused to property and there were some casualties, it is stated. Two British planes have so far been reported shot down by anti-aircraft fire, the agency adds.

Hamburg, Bremen Raided

Striking swiftly in the wake of Sunday night's heavy raids on Hamburg and Bremen, British bombers early yesterday morning attacked the Bremen docks and railway yards near Oldenburg—and returned without loss.

Later yesterday, heavy bombers attacked docks at Kiel and made another daylight sweep over the French coast, losing one plane.

Very large fires were started and great damage done in the night raids on industrial districts and shipbuilding yards in both Hamburg and Bremen. These attacks, which also included targets at Bremerhaven and docks at Den Helder, cost the British altogether 11 aircraft.

Docks and a radio station in the Dutch island of Terschelling were also hit and a patrol ship destroyed by the morning raiders, while other bombers swooped down on a convoy off the island of Norderney. Vessels of 6,000 and 7,000 tons were set on fire and believed sunk, and one Nazi fighter was shot down.

Poor Visibility

Visibility was poor during the daylight sweep yesterday over the French coast, and the Calais cliffs were showing only faintly through a veil of haze when explosions began to rumble across the sunlit straits. Reverberations shook doors and rattled windows of buildings in the Dover area. The sky, streaked with patches of filmy cloud, throbbed with the constant drone of aircraft while explosions were taking place.

At intervals a lone cannon-firing Spitfire raced out of the haze. German fighters were reported in the air over the straits, but there was no indication from the English side of any combats.

It is learned that British fighters destroyed six enemy aircraft in the sweep. The bombers' objective was a power station near Lens. Bombs were seen to burst in the centre of the target, which was soon enveloped in dense smoke.

Little Opposition

Few of the British fighters encountered opposition during the sweep over northern France. Several squadron leaders reported that though they saw patrolling Messerschmitts in the distance these aircraft immediately turned away or dived rapidly as the R.A.F. fighters swung round to attack.

An Air Ministry communique states that heavy bombers attacked Kiel and a good weight of bombs was dropped on the docks. One bomber is missing from this operation.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Successes In Middle East

London, July 1.

Details of British bombing operations in the Middle and Near East yesterday are given in an R.A.F. communique published in Cairo today.

The communique states: "Syria: Barracks and store buildings at Palmyra were heavily raided by R.A.F. bombers yesterday. At Aleppo airfield bombs were dropped on runways and among dispersed aircraft.

"Pilots of an R.A.F. squadron, flying American fighters, destroyed four Vichy aircraft on the aerodrome at Queseir and damaged one other large unidentified aircraft. Later they encountered another aircraft in the air off Beirut and shot it down into the sea.

"Our aircraft machinegunned and damaged five Potez planes on the aerodrome at Deir Ez Zor.

"Cyrenaica: Raids were made on several objectives during the night of June 28/29. A number of fires were started in the harbour area of Benghazi and on landing grounds at Gazala. The port of Derna was also bombed. "From all the above operations one of our aircraft is missing."—Reuter.

Malta Raided Again

Malta, July 1.

Enemy aircraft attempted a raid on the island yesterday morning. Two Macchi 200's were shot down and a third damaged. British aircraft suffered no casualties.—Reuter.

2,000 More Italian Troops Surrender

Cairo, July 1.

News of the surrender of more than 2,000 Italians in Abyssinia is given in the following British Middle East communique issued today:—

"Libya: nothing to report.

"Abyssinia: following the occupation of Ghimbi on June 27, in addition to General Bertello, a General Nam and Brigadier Tosti surrendered with 245 Italian officers, 1,941 Italian other ranks and 841 Askaris. Captured material included six field guns.

"Syria: local gains have been made in the Damascus and coastal sectors.—Reuter.

Anti-Nazi Demonstrations In Hungary, Rumania

Istanbul, July 1.

Foreigners arriving from Bucharest state that of late, demonstrations against German Fascists have been held in a number of towns and villages in Rumania and Hungary. The demonstrators shouted the slogan: We do not want to fight the U.S.S.R."—Tass.

Japanese Requisition Two Ships Carrying Ore to America

Manila, July 1.

The Japanese Government has requisitioned two Japanese steamers carrying chrome ore destined for the United States from the Philippines, it was learned today.

The Japanese requisitioned the Bordeaux Maru, which was carrying 3,600 tons of the ore and was reported at present to be at Kobe, and the Nizima Maru, at present in Philippine waters. Nizima Maru has 6,000 tons of chrome ore in its holds.

The Nizima Maru, it was presumed, will carry the ore to Japan, where it will unload the metal. The problem, however, is how the metal will be shipped to the United States.

The consignee already has paid trans-Pacific freight charges but probably will be forced to pay double freight in order to have the metal carried from Japan to the United States which would make the ultimate cost of the ore virtually three times the normal cost.—United Press.

Congress Continues Appropriations Actions

Washington, July 1.

Congress yesterday approached completion of action on three appropriations bill, and when all bills have been passed an all-time record for one session will have been established, totalling approximately US$33,000,000,000.

Action was completed yesterday on the US$1,000,000,000 Agricultural Appropriations Bill, the US$1,196,000,000 Labor Department and Federal Securities Administration Bill and the US$24,000,000 bill to finance operations of Congress. All bills were sent to the White House for Presidential approval.—United Press.

No Change in Attitude Of N.E.I.

Tokyo, July 1.

Queried regarding a Singapore report that the Netherlands East Indies Government had decided to ban exports of rubber to Japan, the deputy spokesman replied that he had received no official information concerning this, adding that he had noticed no change so far in the attitude of the Netherlands East Indies towards Japan since the outbreak of the German-Soviet war.—Reuter.

All U.S. Marines, Nurses Saved From Torpedoed Ship

Washington, July 1.

EIGHT United States Marines and six American Red Cross nurses have been rescued from a ship which was torpedoed early last week while en route to London, the Navy Department announced yesterday.

Three Marines and 11 nurses in addition to those already rescued were believed to have been saved although definite reports have not yet been received.

No Marines or nurses were believed to be missing, the Navy said. Other passengers aboard the vessel also were believed to have been rescued, it was said.

The rescued Marines were Major Walter Jordan, Edward McAllister, U. ...ox Jr., George E. Clark, J... Korich, Willis S. Smith, ...den, William Miller.

...edoed ship was understood to have been a former Dutch vessel now in the trans-Atlantic service from North America to England.

The Navy announced last Saturday that three Marine officers and 60 men had been sent to London to facilitate communications in various United States offices there but how they travelled was not revealed.

The Navy department said it also understood that three other Marines also aboard the vessel had been rescued, but that rescue of the men or their presence aboard the vessel was not yet definitely known for certain.—United Press.

Soviets Claim Drive Into White Russia Halted

(Continued from page 1)

"In the region of Murmansk, the enemy succeeded in pressing our units back, but his further progress was stopped by blows of our land forces and our aircraft, the enemy suffering heavy losses.

"In the direction of Dvinsk, the enemy brought fresh mobile troops, upon which our aircraft inflicted powerful blows.

"In the direction of Minsk and Bobruisk, during the whole night our troops were in action against mobile units of the enemy, opposing their efforts to break through in an eastern direction.

Infantry, artillery, tanks and aircraft participated in the battle.

"In the direction of Luck, in the region of Rovno, our troops have stopped the advance of enemy tank formations eastwards. As a result of a counter-attack by our tank units, the enemy has suffered considerable losses.

Frontiers Held

"On other sectors of the front, our armies continue to hold our state frontiers repulsing numerous attacks on the enemy.

"Our aircraft inflicted heavy blows on enemy tank and motorized units in the direction of Ddvinsk, Sludsk and Luck. Marksmanship of our aircraft is becoming more accurate.

The German high command today issued a communique which states:—"During June 30, the Luftwaffe continued its annihilating blows against Soviet Russian bomber and fighter formations. During June 30, the enemy lost 280 planes, air engagements alone accounting for 216 of them. A fighter squadron under Lieutenant Moelders distinguished itself by bringing down 110 machines, and that under Major Trautgoff 65. Near Debenburg, the Trautloff squadron brought down 30 out of 40 attacking Russian planes. The Moelders squadron impressively proved the superiority of the Luftwaffe in the area of Minsk and Bobruisk. Here, enemy formations attempted to check the German advance. The Moelders squadron destroyed 80 attacking bombers and fighters out of 100. Lieutenant Moelders won his 82nd air victory and captain Joppien his 52nd."

Riga Said Captured

The Columbia broadcasting system in New York today quoted a message from Stockholm to the effect that Riga had been captured by the Germans.

The Swiss radio reports that according to an official announcement from the Bulgarian High Command, Bulgarian territorial waters in the Black Sea are to be mined from tomorrow.

A report spread by a German propaganda agency in Stockholm that Soviet planes have bombed and machine-gunned the Bulgarian town of Rustchuk, on the Bulgaro-Rumanian frontier, is described by the official Soviet news agency, Tass, as "Sheer fabrication." Tass adds:—"It is self-evident that not a single Soviet aeroplane has appeared over Bulgarian territory."

The Vichy correspondent of the "New York Times" says that Nazi reports of gains in Russia are minimized by neutral observers at Vichy, who find the German claims puzzling. The conservative view, he declares, is that while the Germans have undoubtedly scored advantages in their great offensives, the Russian armies still exist. Consequently the expression "decisive success" seems premature. In other words, "the pincers movement" can scarcely be characterized as successful until it is actually finished, the American correspondent point out.

Great Distances

It is stressed in Vichy that distance are so great in Russia that the pincers may fail to close effectively. In fact, there are reports in Vichy, the correspondent adds, that the two armies announced as "inevitably surrounded" north of the Pripet Marshes are actually making their way out of the net. It is also pointed out that on the political side there is no evidence that the first week of the war has had any effect on the stability of the Stalin regime.

In this connection, an article by Signor Virginio Gayda reputed to be Mussolini's mouthpiece, is interesting. He writes in the "Giornale d'Italia" that "fighting in the Russo-German war is still in the early stages and will demand further big efforts on the part of the Axis. Fighting on the Russian front does not present possibilities of easy victories. It is prudent not to exaggerate facts and not to talk about decisive developments. The Russian still have great masses in men and war material and well-prepared defence lines in huge territories which will certainly assist defence."

German Opinion

German military circles in Berlin contend that with the capture of Libau added to the possession of Duenaburg and Jakobstadt, the Russian forces in the Vilna-Duenaburg-Riga area have little chance to retreat.

These commentators claim that 4,500 Soviet aeroplanes have now been destroyed. A further claim is that U-boats and E-boats since the commencement of operations have destroyed four Russian destroyers, one torpedo-boat and three submarines. Berlin admits, however, that the Russians are still resisting as stubbornly as ever.

Countering the German claims, Moscow states that Soviet forces have sunk another two German submarines in the Baltic and one in the Black Sea.

An announcement by the Soviet Information Bureau states: "On June 30 our troops drove back the enemy who yesterday launched an offensive all along the Soviet-Finnish state border. Fierce clashes with German troops are in progress in the direction of Murmansk where the enemy is suffering considerable losses.

Furious Battles

"In the direction of Vilna and Dvinsk our forces are waging furious battles against enemy motorized units which are attempting to break through in a northeasterly direction.

"Our troops are countering the enemy's numerical superiority in this sector with stubbornness and rapidity of manœuvre. In the direction of Minsk and Baranovitch our forces are waging a tenacious fight with numerically superior mobile troops of the enemy, checking their advance at intermediate positions.

"Tank engagements continue in the Kovno district. All attempts of the enemy to break through to the east have been repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy. Fighting in this direction consisted of fierce tank clashes as a result of which a considerable number of German tanks were destroyed.

"In the Bessarabian sector of the frontier the enemy made another attempt to force the River Pruth but were repulsed suffering heavy losses owing to the rapid and decisive action of our troops."

The communique then gives details of individual acts of bravery and resource and details of minor incidents.

Information has reached the Swedish Telegraph Agency that there was heavy firing throughout yesterday in the neighbourhood of the Soviet base at Hango, 100 miles west of Helsinki. It is believed that Russian planes were trying to cover the country around the base by dropping high explosive and incendiary bombs, to which Finnish batteries replied during the greater part of the day.—Reuter.

Britons Will Die Before Making Peace with Nazis

London, July 1.

Before broadcasting from London yesterday, Mr. Quentin Reynolds, London correspondent of an American weekly newspaper, and commentator in the film "Britain Can Take It", cabled Dr. Goebbels, Nazi Propaganda Minister, asking him to listen.

Mr. Reynolds' talk, given in the form of an open letter to Dr. Goebbels, stressed that Britain was now lashing out and that her blows were becoming stronger as her lifeline across the Atlantic grew less vulnerable.

The correspondent described the so-called German peace proposals, two weeks ago, which received so much publicity in America, as a clever stunt that did not come off, though it had everything in its favour.

He continued: "Don't you think too harshly of Mr. Rudolf Hess, Doctor. I think he is still an unrepentant Nazi, he is still a member of your gang. I'll bet that he did come here with peace proposals. He was furious because he was treated as just another prisoner of war.

"A lot of us in London think that they are treating Mr. Hess too well. We American correspondents thought that he should have been returned to you. We thought he should have been dropped by parachute over Germany, and we Americans wanted the job of folding that parachute," concluded Mr. Reynolds.

Death Before Peace

"Doctor, realise one thing, that the 44,000,000 people on Churchill's island will die rather than submit to the kind of peace you want. That's how they feel here, doctor.

"Not long ago one of your radio stooges asked: 'What are Britain's war aims?' Two weeks ago the Prime Minister made a speech in Parliament. One member after another got to his feet to criticize the conduct of the war. That's the answer to your stooge's question. A little thing called free speech. Can you imagine, doctor, anyone getting up in the Reichstag to criticize your government?

"I knew one man who did that. His name was Karl von Osseitzki, a brilliant liberal who hated war. That was all. Six months later I visited him in a concentration camp at Sachenhausen.

"Doctor, let me say a few more words about him. I asked if there was anything I could send him from Berlin. He said, 'Yes, a book.' 'What book?' I asked him, and he answered bitterly 'History of Germany during the dark ages.'

Pleased to Die

"A year later they awarded Karl von Osseitzki the Nobel Peace Prize. He received it in hospital. He had fallen into the grip of tuberculosis. One of my colleagues, Mr. Knickerbocker, was allowed to visit him. 'I heard great news from the doctors today,' von Ossietzki said, smiling happily. 'Then you are recovering, Karl?' Knickerbocker asked. 'No,' von Ossietki smiled. 'It is better news than that. The doctors tell me there is no hope, and I will be dead within a month.'

"And as you know, Dr. Goebbels, he was. Now there's another British war aim. Britain and America can conceive of people who are afraid of death: but they cannot conceive of people who are afraid of life.—Reuter.

China Likely to Cut Relations With Axis Powers

Chungking, July 1.

German Italian recognition of the Nanking Government is likely to result in China breaking off diplomatic relations with Berlin and Rome and in spread of the war to the Far East according to Chinese circles here.

These quarters are not surprised at the development and express the opinion that it may, after all, be favourable to Chungking as it would formally bring the Chungking Government into the same camp with the United States, Great Britain and Soviet Russia and would also make it unnecessary for Chungking to maintain half-hearted relations, as hitherto existing, with Berlin and Rome.

The development is arousing speculation whether the Axis step is one of the conditions for Japan's entry into the war against Russia. Therefore, Chinese circles are anxiously awaiting Japan's next move which may further clarify the international situation and Chungking's position in the present war.

Germany never replaced Dr. Oscar Trautmann, the German Ambassador, after his recall in 1939, while the Italian Ambassador remained in Shanghai and never visited Chungking.—Reuter.

Hitler Fears U.S. May Take Active Part in War

Washington, July 1.

"Hitler is getting nervous about the hardening temper of the American people and is frightened by the possibility that we may go from passive to active belligerency against him," declares Colonel Frank Knox, the Navy Secretary, in an article in "Look" magazine appearing today.

"Lacking certainty of winning by violence," he says, "Hitler is beginning to dangle before the brave, sleepless British eyes an offer of an 'honourable peace,' thus trying to divide the British and American people, whose co-strength will in the long run bring Nazi Germany to its knees."

Colonel Knox then goes on to say, in his warning to readers, that this peace offer would enable Hitler again to attack Britain and attack America without the other going to the victim's assistance.

Resorting to Guile

"It is a Nazi trick.....Adolf the devious is trying to conquer by guile. Hitler, raucous and bellowing threats, is less dangerous than Hitler slobbering poisonous syrup."

The Navy Secretary says that Britain will not listen to peace offers if she is sure of American support and it is up to the Americans to make the British understand that they "can count on our aid to the limit."

He declares that the American people are ready to go to war if necessary. They agree that Britain must not be beaten and leave the choice of means for securing Hitler's defeat to their chosen leaders.—Reuter.

U.S. Navy's Opportunity

Boston, July 1.

Col. Frank Knox, Secretary of Navy, last night declared that "the time to use our Navy to clear the Atlantic of the German menace is at hand," asserting that Germany's preoccupation with Soviet Russia had given the United States a golden opportunity to swing into action.

Addressing the national Governor's Conference, Col. Knox declared that "now is the time to strike. At this time, while Chancellor Adolf Hitler is busy crushing Soviet Russia, we are presented with an opportunity vitally to aid Britain," through making the sea-lanes safe for shipments of arms to Britain.

"We can help Britain strike at Herr Hitler by givin her the means to bomb plants which make Herr Hitler's oil, planes, guns and other materials of war, and by cracking the moral of the German people.

"An all-out offensive that will destroy Hitlerism can only be undertaken if the products of the huge war industry we are completing find their destination in the British Isles, promptly and safely," he concluded.—United Press.

House Requested To Study Policy Towards U.S.S.R.

Washington, June 30.

Representative George H. Tinkham, Republican of Massachusetts, today introduced a resolution requesting the House to investigate United States foreign policy regarding Soviet Russia, and the "extent to which domestic and foreign policies of the United States are being influenced by Communistic thought and philosophy."

Meanwhile, Mr. Merwink Hart, president of the New York State Economic Council, testifying before the Senate military affairs committee, proposed that Soviet Russia be excluded from any benefit under the pending permit of the President to requisition private property.

He said that the United States is willing to pay any reasonable amount of taxation for national defence, but "they would vote down overwhelmingly a taxing of their money to aid in the perpetuation of Communist Russia."—Domei.

Poles Mourn Death Of Paderewski

New York, July 1.

The heart of the famous pianist, Ignace Paderewski, who died yesterday, will be removed from here and ultimately placed somewhere in Poland other than the place of his body's internment.

This is in accordance with old Polish tradition requiring the separation of a great artist's heart from his body after death. Eventual disposition of the remains will depend upon a ruling by the Polish Government, but it is suggested by Paderewski's friends here that his heart should be kept in the Warsaw Cathedral.

At a special meeting of the Polish Cabinet in London yesterday General Sikorski announced that, in agreement with the President, he had made a posthumous award of the highest military distinction of the Polish Republic—Virtuti Militari to Paderewski.

Special Resolution

The meeting adopted a special resolution commemorating Paderewski.

General Sikorski, in a speech eulogizing the great work done for Poland by Paderewski, said his death was an irreparable loss to the Polish cause. "In the moment of its great bereavement the Polish Government, in the presence of the Polish President, declares that it will exert all its powers to carry out the great heritage which was left by Ignace Paderewski, whose whole life was a long sacrifice for Poland. The Government hereby affirms that Ignace Pederewski has deserved well of his country. The Polish Government has decided that the mortal remains of Paderewski should be brought back to Poland when conditions allow and be buried in a place which he merits. The Polish Government has instructed the Polish Ambassador to represent it at the funeral.

"The Polish Government has likewise also decided that the Polish vessel now in construction shall be called Ignace Paderewski."

Arrangements are being made to held a Requiem Mass in London. This will probably be solemnized at Westminster Cathedral.—Reuter.

Anglo-Soviet Military Talks Being Held

Moscow, July 1.

Service members of the British mission headed by General Macfarlane met members of the Soviet General Staff yesterday, and it is understood that meetings are to continue regularly.—Reuter.

★Germany and Italy Recognize Wang

(Continued from page 1)

be chosen from supporters of the Nanking Government who are now residing in Europe.

"Terrific Blow to Chungking"

Meanwhile, formal recognition by Germany and Italy of the Nanking government was highly welcomed in both official and unofficial circles here. It was pointed out here that this recognition has immeasurably strengthened the firm determination of the Nanking Government to wipe out the Chungking regime and to bring about the establishment of a real and permanent peace.

Formal recognition of Nanking by Berlin and Rome, it was pointed out, significantly, will be a terrific blow to Chungking, more so because it comes on the heels of Mr. Wang Chung-wei's historic trip to Japan and Japan's generous extension of credits totalling Y.300,000,000 to the Nanking Administration.

Full diplomatic recognition of the Nanking Government by Germany and Italy, observers here declared, definitely foreshadows the participation of China in the Tripartite Alliance.

De Jure recognition, it was added, also spells the death blow for the already tottering Chungking regime. It was pointed out that the Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek regime is now nothing more than a small local administration with continually diminishing power. The Nanking Government, observers said, is rapidly pushing itself forward into the front ranks of the world Powers.

Others Expected to Follow

With the Nanking Government finding itself in a greatly strengthened position, not only in China, but in the world, it was predicted here that the Chungking regime would lose all semblance of a sovereign administration and be hopelessly tied to Great Britain and the United States.

Moreover, it was expected that with the formal recognition accorded by Germany and Italy, other nations would closely follow in their footsteps. The 200,000 Chinese now residing in Europe, it was freely predicted here, will fully support the Nanking Administration.

Should France accord diplomatic recognition to Nanking, it was believed that the thousands of Chinese in French Indo-China will come to support the Nanking Government.

Support of the Nanking Administration by these Chinese, it was pointed out, would cause a stoppage of large remittances to the Chungking regime, causing a further weakening of the financial structure of the Chiang Kai-shek administration.

The Nanking Government, authoritative sources here stressed will continue in the future the closest co-operation with Japan for the establishment of a New Order in East Asia. All pressure possible will be exerted on the Chungking regime to effect the realization of peace in East Asia.—Domei.

WAR BREVITIES

French Authorized to Volunteer

Vichy, July 1.

The Government has authorized French volunteers to "join the European war against Communists and Russia," the Vichy Government officially announced today.—United Press.

Flier's Feat

Moscow, July 1.

In the course of an air bombardment, the commander of a plane, Andrianov, saw two fascist fighters attacking Frier Kuzmenko's plane whose engine had failed. Andrianov hastened to his assistance and brought down one pusuit plane and compelled the other to flee. Under Andrianov's protection, Kuzmenko safely brought his plane to the base.—Tass.

Kaunas Said Attacked

Stockholm, July 1.

The Kaunas radio was interrupted several times yesterday and at 8 p.m. the programme was suddenly discontinued. This was interpreted as an indication that the Russian Air Force was attacking Kaunas.

The Tallinn radio was on the air throughout the day with some interruptions. The programme was finished at 9 p.m. when the "internationale" was played.—United Press.

"Fatherland War"

London, July 1.

It was noticed in a Moscow Radio announcement last night that, harking back to the history of the war against Napoleon, the present struggle has been called the "Fatherland war."

The announcer commented on the extraordinary enthusiasm marking military mobilization. The infection has spread to schoolboys, who flocked to "Sovkhoses" (these are standard models of socialist farms) to sign on for farm work during their impending two months' holiday, so that their elders may join the forces.—Reuter.

2,500 German Tanks Destroyed

Moscow, July 1.

Red Russian forces destroyed 2,500 German tanks during the first week of the Russo-German war, M.S.A. Lozovsky, Foreign Vice-Commissar, announced yesterday.

M. Lozovsky also annnounced that Vichy had severed relations with the Soviet union. Simultaneously, it was announced in Leningrad that the Soviet Union had imposed labour conscription on all able bodied men between 16 and 50 years old and on all able bodied women between 16 and 45 years old.—United Press.

Floods on Burma Road

Rangoon, July 1.

Traffic on the Burma Road has been interrupted by floods and landslides and one bridge has been washed away, according to a message from Lashio.—Reuter.

Japan Faces Four Possible Courses

London, July 1.

Japan now faces four possible courses which she can follow in relation to the Russo-German war, diplomatic quarters said today in discussing Japan's position as a result of pacts with both the Axis and Russia.

Japan, they said, can sit tight and wait and see what happens or she can align herself completely with the Axis and attack Russia by making a bold bid to seize Siberia.

They also pointed out that Japan could ignore the Russo-German conflict and continue her alleged scheme for a southward expansion movement into Indo-China, Thailand and the Netherlands East Indies.

Last Course

The fourth and last course, the diplomats said, was for Japan to reject her pact with the Axis and attempt to effect reconciliation with the United States and Britain.

Giving pros and cons in regard to the four courses, the diplomatic quarters believed that Japan would adopt the first, at least for the time being.

Despite the jump in Japanese bonds on the stock market yesterday, following rumours that there was some improvement in Anglo-Japanese relations in the offing, the diplomatic quarters claimed to see little hope for the fourth course.

They said that such a step as the fourth course might happen only if a genuninely moderate Government were able to gain sufficient power to control the military and naval extremists.

They claimed that Washington reports that the United States Government was adopting a cautious attitude toward Japan was due to the belief that such a development might occur in Japan.

Might Prove Dangerous

The diplomats declared that the third course might prove dangerous in view of the fact that the Russian Far Eastern Army, which is almost politically and militarily autonomous, might take things into its own hands if the war in the west goes either well or badly for Russia.

The diplomats also claimed that the Russian Far Eastern Army was reported to be well equipped with its own sources of munitions and supplies. And, they added, the second course also would endanger Japan as long as China continues to battle Japanese armies on Chinese soil.

They pointed out that an attack on Russian maritime provinces and Siberia, if unsuccessful, might lead to the Japanese armies in northern China being caught in a nut-cracker between the Russians in the north and the Chinese in south.—United Press.

Chinese Shot Dead by Unidentified Gunmen

A male Chinese met instant death at 9.50 p.m. yesterday when he was shot by unidentified gunmen on Kwangse Road. The victim sustained five bullet wounds and was pronounced dead on admission to the Lester Chinese Hospital. A 43-year old Chinese female pedestrian was an indirect victim of the assassination plot being slightly wounded by a stray bullet. She, too, was taken to the Lester Chinese Hospital.

Just who the murdered man was it could not be ascertained as no papers were found on his person, and detectives were busy making investigations that might lead them to the identity of the deceased. He was said to be about thirty years of age and was dressed in a long Chinese gown at the time of his death.

Police believed that the crime had been committed by more than one person, since witnesses reported, it was said, that more than one man was seen running away from the scene of the assassination.

Germans Ban C.B.S. Broadcasts from Berlin

New York, July 1.

The German Government has prohibited the Berlin correspondent of the Columbia Broadcasting System to broadcast because of the analytical remarks made by Mr. Elmer Davis of the New York office of the C.B.S. last Thursday, the C.B.S. said today.

Mr. Davis commented on the C.B.S. radio interview with Mr. P. G. Wodehouse, famous British author who is a prisoner in Germany. Mr. Davis said that the German treatment of Mr. Wodehouse was somewhat different to that meted out to the other prisoners whose release from internment camps might have had less publicity value.—United Press.

"China Weekly Review" Said Chungking Organ

The Japanese military authorities were dissatisfied with the "China Weekly Review," whose June 21 issues were confiscated by the Shanghai Municipal Police after representations were made, because every issue contained anti-Japanese propaganda, and was filled with pro-Chungking propaganda, Lieut.-Col. Kunio Akiyama said during yesterday afternoon's conference with the foreign press.

"It is highly regretable that this kind of journal is being sold in bookstores in the International Settlement. It is quite clear from its contents, that the weekly is under the control of the Chungking Government.

"The magazine uses the word 'puppet' frequently, but in my opinion, the editor is nothing but a puppet of the Chungking Government," Colonel Akiyama declared.

Judge Hugh Murray Sturges, K.C., apologising to counsel at Windsor England Quarter Sessions recently for "appearing like this," explained that he had been bombed out, and his wig and robes "have gone too."

Refugees Relate Story of Hardship In Dakar Harbour

Lisbon, July 1.

The terrible ordeal underwent by 700 refugees, including a former Spanish President, who in January last left Marseilles for Brazil and freedom but instead found themselves marooned aboard their ship in Dakar harbour for five months almost penniless and with little clothing, was told today for the first time by one of the passengers, who is now waiting to make a fresh start on the journey to Rio de Janeiro.

Fifteen nationalities were represented aboard the 8,000-ton French steamer Alsina, one-time Spanish President Alcala Zamora being in the third class. The refugees included many people once prominent in the public life of their countries—women, children and members of every trade and profession. There were priests, musicians, carpenters, hair-dressers, shoemakers and clerks.

The ship was suddenly diverted to Dakar for an unknown reason while en route to South America.

"Most of us had lost our spare clothing and were without means, but settled down to make the best of a weary, desperate resistance," said the passenger. It was a strange, hard life, most of us scarcely moving from our huge cramped dormitory.

Strong Help the Weak

"Weeks lengthened into months, during which this prolonged nightmare was made tolerable only by our mutual assistance. "The strong helped the weak. The experience curbed the impatience of youth, tradesmen turned their talents to good account in this small community life. Shoes and garments were patched—professors taught Portuguese optimistically for use in Brazil. Babies were born, the feeble succumbed to the heat and conditions of living, and children to dysentery, and all suffered from lack of fruits, vegetables and milk.

"Alternately there was hope and despair as successive rumours told of continuing the voyage across the Atlantic or returning to Europe, and possibly to a concentration camp again.

"Almost our only relief was when the Polish section organized concerts in which a famous actor and musician took part.

"In the meantime news of our plight had travelled, and finally from relief organizations we were given 500 francs each and we were permitted ashore once a week.

"Each Sunday some small boats took us off, and the moment we stepped on land there was a rush to buy food before the small stocks of the shops were exhausted. So our makeshift existence continued until this month when we were sent to Casablanca there to wait for another ship to take us to Brazil. The Poles were more fortunate than their other shipments, as wealthy compatriots had guaranteed their passage money."—Reuter.

French Block All Russian Resources

Vichy, July 1.

The French Government yesterday blocked Russian state and private holdings in France following official severance of diplomatic relations with Moscow.

The sums blocked exceed 100,000,000 francs in value because they included the trade balance accumulated since the beginning of the war in 1939 and funds expatriated by the Russian aristocracy.

Simultaneously, the Government and German occupation authorities began a round-up of Russians living in both zones of France, including French naturalized citizens of Russian extraction who have been naturalized less than 10 years. The move resulted in the "preventive" arrest of over 6,000 civilians including 400 in Paris alone.

The Government announced that diplomatic relations with Soviet Russia had been ruptured after the Government "ascertained with certainty that Soviet diplomatic and consular agents in France emphasized activities detrimental to public order and national security."—United Press.

100 Deaths in Japan's Three Day Rain Storm

Tokyo, July 1.

The death toll in prefectures of Western Japan including Northern Kyushu in a three-day rain storm totalled 100 up to today, according to police reports reaching the Home Office. Fifty persons were injured and 162 are missing, 381 houses collapsed, 111 were partially destroyed, 42 washed away and 44,623 hectares of farm land flooded.

Train service between Tokyo and Shimonoseki which had been interrupted returned to normal this morning after damaged tracks had been repaired.—Reuter.

Your Baby Must Sleep.

Young babies require plenty of sleep; it is essential for their healthy development. When your baby is restless and irritable the fault generally lies in stomach or bowels. To correct the trouble and thus to enable the child to enjoy health giving sleep a dose of Baby's Own Tablets is usually all that is needed.

The Tablets are the prescription of a British medical child-specialist and have a gently stimulating and cleansing effect upon the entire digestive and intestinal system. For constipation, 'wind', colic, colds, simple fever, worms, there is no better remedy. At teething time, Baby's Own Tablets are a boon to parents and children alike as they help to ease the pain and thus avoid disturbed nights. Safe for the youngest infant, the Tablets are suitable for children up to twelve years of age. At all chemists.—ADVT.

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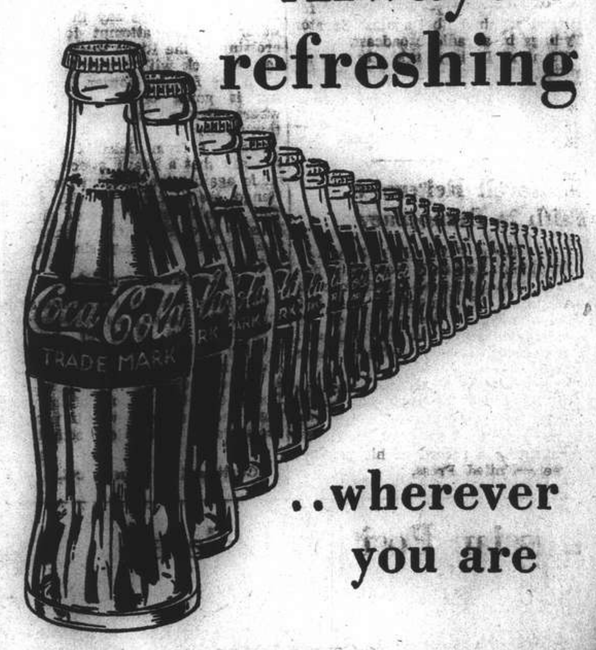

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Varied Programme For July Fourth

Local Americans will be celebrating the "Glorious Fourth" in fitting style on Friday as the programme of activities which has been mapped out will be starting at 9 o'clock in the morning and will probably wind up in the wee hours of the next day. The numerous American organizations in Shanghai have co-operated with each other to provide a whole-day celebration worthy of their National Independence Day, the activities covering a wide social and sporting range, to say nothing of the regimental parade of the Fourth U.S. Marines and a patriotic broadcast over local radio stations.

The first event of the day will be at 9 a.m. when the regimental parade and review of the Fourth U.S. Marines, under the command of Col. S. L. Howard, will take place at the Race Course on the polo grounds. All Americans are invited to this parade, which is under the auspices of the American Association. Children attending will be presented with American flags with the compliments of the Consul-General, Mr. Frank P. Lockhart.

Two Receptions

During the hours around mid-day two receptions will be held. The official reception has been arranged for between 11.30 a.m. and 12.30 p.m. when the American Consul-General will be at home to diplomatic, consular and other officials, and to the men of the American community at the Columbia Country Club, 301 Great Western Road. Dress will be informal.

The American Club reception will take place between 12.15 and 1.30 p.m. This will be a stag affair which will be open to all club members and invited guests. The toast to the President of the United States will be drunk at 1 p.m.

The afternoon will be occupied with two sporting events: the annual baseball and polo matches. The baseball classic is scheduled to start at 3 p.m. and a huge crowd of spectators is expected at the Race Course to watch the game between the Shanghai Amateurs and the Fourth U.S. Marines who will be contesting for the American Community Cup. This game will be under the auspices of the Shanghai American Amateur Athletic Association and will be open to all without admission, but the grandstands will be reserved for patrons and their guests.

Polo Classic at 5 p.m.

At 5 p.m. the polo fixture will be staged between the "Cow-boys" and the "Troopers" for the British Cup Trophy. There will be no admission charge for this game also.

A novel item in the celebrations will be a radio broadcast entitled "You Can Defend America," presented by the American Junior Chamber of Commerce in the "March of Time" style. This programme will go on the air at 8.15 p.m. over XMHA and relayed over XMHC and XCDN.

And finally, the official celebration for July 4 will be climaxed with the Columbia Country Club party at 9 p.m. at which a buffet supper will be served in between the dancing. The function will be open to Club members and invited guests but early reservations are required.

Teacher, Student Held For Rice Theft

The high price of rice caused a school teacher and one of his students to steal rice belonging to a woman living at 8 Sing Chuen, Singapore Road on June 18. This was revealed in the First Special District Court on Monday when they were given suspended six-month prison terms for the crime. It was alleged in court that one Chao Hsien, who is a tenant in the house where the crime was committed, instigated the crime and so the police are looking for him.

Police evidence was that Chao saw one of the occupants of his house, a Mrs. Li, buy seven piculs of rice for $900. He was alleged to have asked the sentenced men to help him in secretly removing the rice from the house. They did their job during the absence of the woman. They intimidated her amah and placed the rice in two trucks which they drove towards the French Concession. The Gordon Road police turned out later and arrested the two men.

Banks Remain Closed During Today

Banks, the various markets including the cotton exchange, and even many public administrative offices and organizations in Shanghai were closed yesterday. Many of them will be closed for one day more, reopening on July 3 following the declaration of a twoday holiday by all banks here.

The banks' position as a whole is reported in Chinese Circles as firm and all Chinese commercial houses have passed the period without difficulties. There have been no difficulties in obtaining cash among the banks since the surplus idle capital has caused them even to reduce interest. The Postal Savings Bank is an exception as far as suspension of business is concerned. No holidays were declared by this bank but customers were requested to refrain from withdrawing deposits for two days.

Dominion Day Marked By Garden Party

Owing to the present war conditions, observances of Canada's Dominion Day had to be on a greatly restricted scale this year, but the occasion was not permitted to pass without some form of a celebration and yesterday an informal garden party was held at the home of Major V. E. Duclos, Canadian Government Trade Commissioner in Shanghai, situated at 31 Route Henri Riviere.

The function was sponsored by the Canadian Association and though the majority of those present were Canadians, there were many friends of other nationalities in attendance. Refreshments were served and were followed by a buffet supper; part of the evening's entertainment included the screening of several reels of interesting films. During the course of the evening a substantial collection was also made towards the British War Funds.

Flames Cause Huge Damage

Huge damage was done by flames at the International Savings Society godown at 8 Quai de France early yesterday morning when a fire broke out to destroy various goods stored in the building by numerous import and export companies. The fire, which started at 3.50 a.m., was finally brought under control by 7.27 a.m., but it was not until 10.25 a.m. that the firemen could return to the station. The photo above shows the firemen at work.

Flames Destroy Large Godown on French Bund

Various goods, to the approximate value of half a million local dollars, were destroyed in a huge fire that broke out at a large godown, owned by the International Savings Society at 8 Quai de France, at 3.50 a.m. yesterday. The goods, which included a large quantity of printing paper and cotton, were owned by numerous companies, since the godown, a three-storeyed building, was subdivided into many store rooms and rented out.

The call was received by the French Fire Brigade shortly after 3.50 a.m. and fire engines raced to the scene. With inflammable materials on fire and with wind to make the firemen's work more difficult, the flames threatened to destroy the entire building and to spread to adjoining houses. What made the work yet more difficult was the fact that many of the store rooms were packed with goods and it was not possible to fight the flames through the windows.

Hoses on Roof

To bring the blaze under control, firemen used 30-metre ladders and operated the hoses from the roof. It was not until 7.27 a.m. that the flames were finally brought under control, but the work was not yet completed and firemen remained until 10.25 a.m. before they could go back to the station.

Investigations to ascertain the cause of the fire were being conducted by the French police and Fire Brigade yesterday, but no details could be obtained, although it was said that the fire had originated on the first floor of the building.

Later in the morning, firemen from the Central station of the Settlement were called out to the Bund, near Nanking Road, where a Buick saloon, bearing French licence 7854, went up in flames. A large crowd gathered to witness firemen put out the blaze and this was done in less than a quarter of an hour, but not before the interior of the car had been very badly damaged. The call was received at the Fire Brigade Headquarters at 11.33 a.m.

Employee of Japanese Gendarmerie Wounded

Lee Kyi-kying, interpreter with the Japanese gendarmerie, was shot and seriously wounded by unidentified gunmen on Haining Road, near North Honan Road, at 8.10 a.m. The crime was said to have been inspired by politics, as the victim, who is 36 years of age, had been in the Japanese employ for some time, doing secret investigation work for the gendarmerie.

The victim, shot twice in the back and arm, was walking to a car, parked outside his home, when two men appeared and fired three shots, two of which took effect. An S.F.B. ambulance was sent to the scene, but the wounded official was taken to the Fooming Hospital in the private car.

As soon as the firing was heard, Japanese sentries and Settlement police rushed to the scene, but were too late for the terrorists, who had already escaped. The area in the vicinity was searched and suspicious-looking Chinese were stopped and questioned, but no trace of the assailants could be found.

Another version of the attack revealed that the victim, as soon as he had left his home at 15 King Loh Terrace on Haining Road, was pounced upon by two men, who dragged him toward North Kiangse Road, where they forced him down to his knees and fired three shots.

Typhoon Passes Hongkong

A Hongkong telegram published by the evening edition of the "Sin Wan Pao" stated last night that the typhoon had passed Hongkong where no serious damage had been caused. The typhoon passed westward and there was no danger of its coming to Shanghai.

"Oriental Affairs"

The first editorial article in the July issue of "Oriental Affairs" is "Japan's Latest Predicament," followed "Wang Ching-wei Goes to Japan," "Education in the Settlement," "Japan and the Netherlands East Indies." Special articles include "Japan and the Nazi-Soviet War," by Ippei Fukuda, "The Thailand-Indo-China Border Agreement" reprinted from the "Tokyo Gazette," a review of "Sun Yat-sen and Pan-Asianism," "Japan Strikes South" by Andrew Roth, "The Japanese Offensive in South Shansi" by W. V. Pennell, "The National Relief Commission," an official report. Far Eastern Correspondence is from Japan and North China. Chinese press comment in June, articles on industrial and economic conditions, book reviews and other permanent features complete the issue.

Old, New Coolies Of B & S. Clash

Fifteen Chinese were injured when a free-for-all was staged at the Butterfield and Swire wharf on Quai de France at 7.45 a.m. yesterday. Five others were arrested by the French police for instigating the melee.

The fight was started by a number of dismissed coolies of the company, who resented the newly engaged workers and attacked them as they were busy at work. The assailants came to the wharf armed with bamboo poles and iron bars and the melee that ensued involved about 100 coolies.

A party of the French police came in time to stop further injuries, as already fifteen of them were hurt. These were all sent to Ste. Marie's Hospital for treatment.

Tea Shops Open

Meanwhile, the strike of employees of tea merchants was gradually ending as some of the shops, recently closed because of the dispute, were seen open once again. A meeting between the merchants and their employees will, it is reported, be held today and hopes are expressed that a complete settlement will be reached.

Officials of the China General Omnibus Co. yesterday denied Chinese reports that employees of the concern would declare a strike. Nevertheless, Chinese sources indicated that the employees were asking for another increase.

It is also reported that a dispute continues at the French Tramway Co. The workers, it is said, resent the employment of new workers while there are still several scores of old employees on the reserve list. It is also said that the new employees are forbidden by the company to join the Labour Union.

A strike is expected to break out among the chauffeurs of four local garages. The drivers are asking for an increase in pay, basing their request on the high cost of living. Chances are, however, that the managements will grant the increase.

Kidnapper Wounded, Arrested by C.P.C.

An armed kidnapper was wounded and arrested by C.P.C. 2104 at 12.15 p.m. yesterday on Hoopeh Road during a shooting affray following an attempt made by two gangsters to kidnap Mr. Ang Mei-ying, a wealthy ship chandler and contractor residing at 23 Ningpo Road.

The two gangsters, one of whom was believed to be a Japanese, it appears, waited for their victim, for no sooner had he alighted from his car at the corner of Hoopeh and Hankow Roads than they pounced upon him and attempted to drag him away from his vehicle.

The victim raised an alarm, whereupon the armed kidnapper, a Chinese, fired a shot, fortunately missing his mark. The alarm and the shooting attracted the attention of the C.P.C. on duty in the vicinity, and he ran to the scene, ordering the criminals to surrender.

When his order was disregarded, the policeman shot at one of the fleeting kidnappers, wounded him and arrested, seizing the criminal's pistol and four rounds of ammunition. The other managed to escape.

The wounded gangster was taken to the Police Hospital. The case is being investigated by detectives from Louza police station and it is believed that the arrest of the other kidnapper is imminent.

WEDDING

Longhurst-Down

The wedding took place yesterday at 11 a.m. at Holy Trinity Cathedral, of Cecil Douglas Longhurst, formerly of Enfield, Middlesex, and Susan Edwina Down, formerly of Card, Somerset. The Very Rev. A. C. S. Trivett officiated.

The bride was given away by Mr. W. S. Burns. Miss L. A. E. Mann was bridesmaid, while Mr. C. W. Porter attended the bridegroom as best man.

The wedding was a very quiet one and, no invitations having been issued, only a very few friends attended the service. There was no reception, but yesterday evening a "house-warming" cocktail party was given by the newly married couple at their home in Ferry Road. The honeymoon is being spent in Baguio.

Mr. Longhurst is an official of the Shanghai Telephone Company, while Miss Down until recently was a nursing sister at the Country Hospital.

Decree Nisi Granted in H.M. Supreme Court

A decree nisi with costs against the husband was granted by Judge Sir Allan G. Mossop in H.M. Supreme Court to Mrs. Jennie Doreen Wilcox, who petitioned for a dissolution of her marriage to Mr. Wilfred Charles Wilcox. The petitioner was represented in court by Mr. K. E. Newman.

Campaign for New China Air Force

Combined civilian efforts to help China financially so that she may be able to launch a counter offensive earlier are given special attention by the Chinese press in Shanghai, which is also beginning to campaign for funds from Chinese civilians for developing a 2,000-'plane new air force. The campaign will be started at Chungking and in other parts of free China on July 7 and it is learned that despite the changed situation cash contributions may be collected in this city, although the movement may not be started openly.

Both Chungking and Nanking will commemorate the July 7 Incident in the north four years ago, which started the present Sino-Japanese hostilities. On that day in Chungking a $1 contribution campaign will be started to collect money for developing the new air force which is said to be of paramount importance during the forthcoming counter-offensive. Shanghai residents are editorially urged by the "National Herald" to make contributions. Although no movement may be started here openly, it is suggested that they can put their money in Government banks here which maintain special agents for receiving "national thrift savings money."

U.S. Planes Wanted

The paper strongly urges also that the United States should equally distribute her monthly output of aeroplanes to the three leading democracies fighting the aggressors, including herself. It is said that since the United States produces 1,500 'planes every month and if she adopts the equality policy in distribution of the machines, she can help China in attaining her goal easily in four months' time. The writer praises the United States for what she has already done to help China in this respect, especially in connection with the reported aid for aeroplane-manufacturing concerns and feels confident that if China can have her new air force, she can defeat the Japanese, for Japan's air force is no comparison with the German force.

News about the large-scale contribution campaign to be launched by the British on the eve of July 7 in order to raise £1,000 as a start of cash help to China is given prominence in all leading Chinese dailies here. The one bowl of rice movement to be started on July 17 in Britain is said to be aiming at raising money for Chinese refugees. The tag day held in New York on May 19, 22, and 23 for raising money for the Chinese is reported by the "Shun Pao" to have been a great success. More than 100 Chinese and American Women, including relatives of Mr. Sun Fo and Dr. Lin Yu-tang, participated in the movement. They collected more than U.S.$2,000.

Booking Opens for "Moonlight Follies"

Those who are planning to see the "XCDN Moonlight Follies"—and this must surely include all Shanghai—are reminded that the booking opens today at Messrs. Moutrie & Co., Nanking Road.

Tickets are ten dollars each and the purchase of tickets automatically ensures a table reservation and the purchaser, for example, of six tickets will find a table for six bearing the number of his six tickets. Tables are allotted strictly in the order in which tickets are purchased so that early booking is advisable.

Rehearsals have proceeding daily for the past three weeks and the entertainment will be well up to the standard of the previous XCDN productions.

In addition to the official list of patrons, a large number of well-known residents of different nationalities are giving their patronage and are bringing parties.

FUNERAL

Mrs. Amalia Maria Figueiredo

A Requiem Mass was celebrated at the Church of Christ the King on Rue Bourgeat by Rev. Father John F. Magner, S.J., yesterday morning for the late Mrs. Amalia Maria Figueiredo, aged 67 years, who died at the Shanghai General Hospital last Saturday after a short illness. The deceased is survived by three daughters, Mrs. Carmen Hyndman, Mrs. Marie Maher and Miss Alda Figueiredo. A beautiful heart of flowers from "Carmen, Marie and Alda" and a cushion of flowers from "the grand-children" was lowered into the grave with the casket at the Pahsienjao Cemetery, where Father Magner read the last rites. The casket was borne to the grave by Messrs:—B. Marques, M. Carion, L. Cruz, E. Carion, C. Silva and M. Darwood. Those sending donations to the Portuguese Ladies' Benevolent Society will be announced later. Among others sending floral offerings were:—

Thelma and Andrew; Alda and Bernardo; Whiteaway's Friends; Mr. and Mrs. Gustav S. Bierwirth; J. L. Cruz and family; Mr. and Mrs. M. Darwood; Mrs. Y. G. Hostie; E. Mandelert; Dr. Willy Fackenheim and family; Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Souza and family; Reva de Souza; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. R. Souza and family.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Penguins and Pelicans

The latest Penguin Special is written by Frank Wokes, PH.D. (Lond.), B.SC. (Liv.), and is entitled "Food—The Deciding Factor," a guide to rationing and food values. Although originally intended for the home front, it is of great general interest in its analysis of the values of food of all kinds. Gilbert White's "The Natural History of Selborne" is edited, with a preface and notes, by James Fisher, and pleasantly illustrated by Clare Leighton. Then there are two volumes of "I, Claudius" by Robert Graves; "The Bridge of San Luis Rey" by Thornton Niven Wilder, a new "Penguin Parade" of short stories, poems, etc., and another short story book, "New Writing" edited by John Lehmann. A Pelican Book specially written for the series is "European Painting and Sculpture" by Eric Newton, art critic of the "Manchester Guardian" and the "Sunday Times." A Puffin picture book for children is "Great Deeds of the War" by Roland Davies. All are priced at sixpence each.

Japan "Very Anxious" to Keep U.S. Friendship, Says Konoye

Tokyo, July 1.

JAPAN'S hard working Premier, Prince Fumimaro Konoye, told me in an interview here today that Japan is "very anxious" to maintain friendly relations with the United States and that he sees "no reason why the two countries cannot remain friendly."

I talked with Prince Konoye while officials were arriving in quick succession to confer on Japan's policy in view of the Soviet-German hostilities. The Premier had participated in dozens of such conferences in the previous week, but appeared in good health, calm and confident.

Declaring Japan's intention to "adhere to all her treaties,"—both with Germany and Russia—Prince Konoye said he believed the Germans might win the war on Russia's western front, but he expressed the opinion that Russia would not collapse or come under the rule of any regime other than M. Josef Stalin's.

Purpose of Axis Pact

The worldwide situation, Prince Konoye said, "is extremely delicate, and therefore I cannot say much about it." He predicted that Germany would not reach the Pacific through Russia.

Asked whether the new international situation might result in a change in Japanese-American relations, Prince Konoye replied:

"We are very anxious to maintain friendship with the United States. The German-Japanese alliance was designed to keep the United States from becoming involved in the European war. The purpose of the Tripartite pact is defensive in nature. I want the United States to understand its spirit. I do not see any reason why the two countries cannot remain friendly."

Although the remainder of the interview was conducted in Japanese through an interpreter, Prince Konoye spoke in English as he reiterated emphatically that Japan's pact with, Germany was "defensive in nature."

Quiet and Friendly

Asked whether he believed the material resources of the United States and the manufacturing and shipping facilities of Japan would not be a tremendous force in the world if combined, the Premier replied, "Yes, that is true."

The interview was conducted in a quiet and friendly atmosphere while I was taking news reel pictures of Prince Konoye, who notoriously dislikes being photographed on most occasions. After posing for the news reel, the Premier posed with the photographers for a "still" shot.

Prince Konoye's calm and confident manner impressed upon me the feeling that whatever decision he takes in this critical time for Japan, that decision will not be taken in haste.—United Press.

"Stop America's Hostile Actions" Says "Nichi-Nichi"

Tokyo, July 1.

Under the caption "Stop America's Hostile Actions," the "Nichi-Nichi" this morning bluntly asserted that Brigadier-General Henry Claggett's recent visit to Chungking was the latest evidence of United States hostility toward Japan, and urged Japan to act "quickly and effectively" to prevent the United States from using Chungking as a first line of defence against Japan.

The "Nichi-Nichi" declared that Brigadier-General Claggett's trip had a twofold purpose: first, to rebuild Chungking's air force, and secondly, to establish a United States-Chungking air alliance aimed directly at Japan.

While dismissing possible efforts by the United States to reconstruct Chungking's air force as "doubtful," in view of the present supremacy of the Japanese air forces, and also in view of the more important and urgent British requirements, the "Nichi-Nichi" nevertheless said that Japan should adopt a vigorous policy toward all United States attempts to aid Chungking.

Genuine Peace Impossible

The daily declared that the reason for United States avoidance of a deterioration of Japanese-American relations was nothing more than a desire on the part of America to make aid to Britain as effective as possible. "As long as the United States maintains such an attitude, it is impossible to effect genuine peace between Japan and America," the "Nichi-Nichi" declared.

Asserting that the United States, in aiding Chungking, had merely prolonged and increased the miseries of the Chinese people, the "Nichi-Nichi" concluded, "America should re-examine the Far Eastern situation from a broad viewpoint to establish lasting peace in the Pacific and to strive to form logical and realistic decisions."

Meanwhile, the "Chugai Shogyo Shimpo," leading financial daily, warned that America and Britain would continue aiding Chungking, "not because they are anxious to save Chungking, but because they want to wear out Japan."

The paper added that the probable effect of the German-Soviet hostilities would be the bringing about of a rapprochement between the Kuomintang and the Chinese Communists.

"As long as the aims of those aiding Chungking are clear, it is for us to take adequate measures to cope with the situation," the Chugai declared.—Domei.

Four Gangsters Kidnap Chinese Physician

Kidnappers struck again yesterday morning when they abducted Dr. Zee Liang-tong, a well-known Chinese physician, from outside the International Funeral Directors in Kiaochow Road. The crime, which was believed to have been well planned by the gangsters, was reported to the police shortly before 11 a.m.

The victim, it was learned, was on his way home in Sinza Road at about 10.35 a.m. and was passing the funeral parlours when four men, all armed with pistols, held up his car and forced the chauffeur out of the vehicle.

One of the gangsters then took the wheel, but all efforts to restart the motor failed. The kidnappers then got their victim out of the car. A passing Ford hire car solved their problem, as they stopped the taxi, pushed Dr. Zee in, and drove away with their victim.

No motive for the crime could be ascertained yesterday, although it was said that the victim was not known to be affiliated with any political organization here. Ransom, it was believed, could be the answer, for the physician is known to be fairly well off.

SHANGHAI FOREIGN EXCHANGE BANKERS ASSOCIATION

SUMMER HOLIDAYS

The Member Banks of the above Association will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Tuesday and Wednesday, July 1 and 2 1941, on account of the above.

13830

N.E.I. Hospital Ship Now Australian

Batavia, July 1.

The N.E.I. hospital ship Oranje was officially transferred to the Australian and New Zealand Government during a meeting on board which was attended by Major-General Poorten, Chief of the N.E.I. General Staff and other members of a N.E.I. committee; the Australian Prime Minister, Mr. R. G. Menzies; Mr. Taylor, as representative of New Zealand, Australian Army authorities and many other guests.

Maj.-General Poorten, who on the previous day had placed a wreath at the Cenotaph in Sydney, delivered a speech, after which Mr. Menzies replied, hailing the magnificent gift of the East Indies and pointing out the excellent relations between Australia and the Dutch islands.

During his stay in Australia, Maj.-General Poorten is visiting army authorities and will lunch with the Governor-General Lord Gowrie.—Reuter.

Italian Consulate in Havana Closed

Havana, July 1.

Closure of the Italian consulate here was announced yesterday. No official explanation was immediately forthcoming.—United Press.

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At 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

"Charlie Chan at Wax Museum"

Sidney TOLER Sen YUNG Joan VALERIE

$1, $1.30, $1.60

OPENS FRIDAY!

"RANGERS OF FORTUNE"

—Air Cooled—Air Conditioned—

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3 Shows To-day!

At 2.30, 5.30, 9.15 p.m.

Admission: $1, $1.50, $1.80

Screaming Adventure with Fighters Of America's "Suicide Fleet"!

Wallace BEERY THUNDER AFLOAT with CHESTER MORRIS — VIRGINIA GREY

DOUMER TEL. 70785

Last 3 Shows, 2.30, 5.30, 9.15

75 cts., $1, $1.30 (Res.)

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Moscow's Deliverers from Alien Invaders

USSR Production

English Sub-titles

UPTOWN TEL. 38184

To-day at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

HE STOLE THEIR JEWELS! THEY GAVE THEIR HEARTS!

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DR. VIDAL'S METHOD

Dr. Vidal continues to apply his method of treatment at the Cathay Hotel, Room 707, daily from 10 a.m. to 12 noon, and from 5 to 6 p.m., Saturday afternoons and Sundays excepted.—Advt.

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(Rain or Shine)

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"GONE WITH THE WIND"

IN TECHNICOLOR

starring

CLARK GABLE as Rhett Butler

LESLIE HOWARD

OLIVIA de HAVILLAND

and presenting

VIVIEN LEIGH as Scarlett O'Hara

A SELZNICK INTERNATIONAL PICTURE

Directed by VICTOR FLEMING

A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER Release

ALL SEATS RESERVED!

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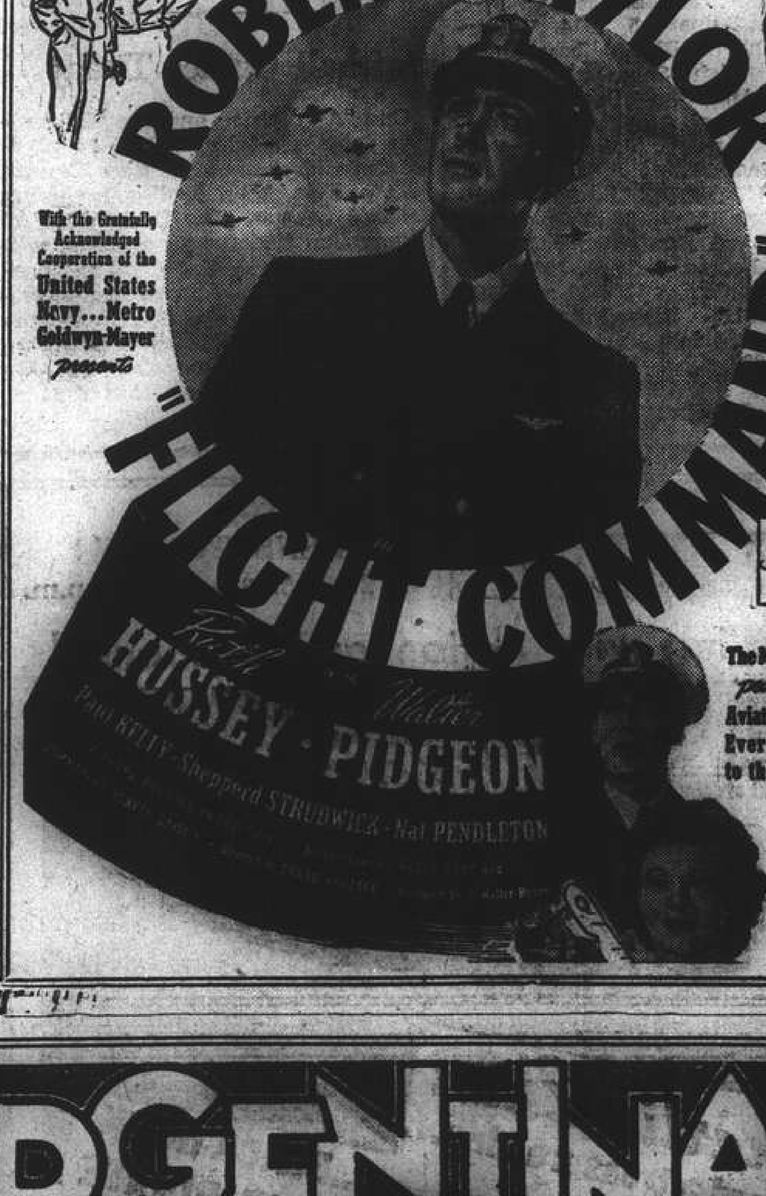

ROBERT TAYLOR "FLIGHT COMMAND"

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The Most Beautiful in Shanghai

CONCERT MUSIC DAILY from 8:30 to 10 P.M.

GEORGE ROTH and HIS ORCHESTRA from 10 p.m.

THE SPORTS PAGE

Sidelights on Leatherneck Squad for Friday's Classic

THE Fourth of July will be the big day for the Fourth Marines and the Shanghai Amateurs, as the supremacy of the local baseball diamond will be decided on that date when the two teams clash in their annual baseball classic, which local ball fans have been waiting for since the commencement of the local season.

The Fourth Marines will be represented by a combined team which will be selected from the best players of the three Battalions now competing in the City League.

The Amateur line-up will be slightly stronger than the teams they have used in their league encounters as it has been learned that Bob Biesel, who has been playing on the team for the past few seasons, has been seen on the ball diamond on the Race Course getting into shape for the big game. Another player who has signified his intentions of being in the Amateurs' uniform on Friday is Mickey O'Brien, whose baseball savvy will be a great help to the team.

Marine Who's Who

Listed below are a few pertinent facts concerning the baseball careers of those who will be wearing the uniform of the Fourth Marines in the Fourth of July baseball game which is scheduled to start at 3 p.m. on Friday:

MANN, Ralph C., 2dLt. Born 1915 at Judsonia, Ark. Played three years at Ouachita College in Arkadelphia, Ark. He starred in four sports while at Ouachita, namely football, baseball, basketball and track. Following three years at Ouachita Lt. Mann received his appointment to the Naval Academy. At Annapolis he led the Middies in hitting one year and in home runs two years. During his senior year he was captain of the team. Arrived in Shanghai last July, but after the Community Cup game. He played the rest of the season with the 2nd Batt and finished up with an imposing .382 batting average. He bats and throws right.

TAYLOR, John F., Corp. Born 1915 at Mason, Tenn. Played two years in the Charleston, S.C., City League. Played last year but this is his first year on the All-Star Team. He is a very fast man and possesses a powerful throwing arm. He bats left and throws right.

ZAGAR, Rudolph E., PFC. Born 1921 at Slater, Iowa. Played very little baseball prior to joining the Marines. Played at San Diego last year. He is a "power hitter" and a very defensive outfielder. He bats left and throws right.

BRANNAN, Wiley J., PFC. Born 1918 at Flat River, Mo. Played one year with Peiping Marines. First year in Shanghai baseball. A very good defensive 3rd baseman and a fair hitter. Bats left throws right.

PACK, Leslie O., PFC. Born 1921 at San Antonio, Texas. Had no previous experience playing "hard" ball. Was unable to take part in last 4th of July game because of a broken ankle. He is a powerful boy. One who catches, pitches and plays the infield and outfield with equal skill. Bats right and throws right.

HILL, James R., PFC. Born 1915 at Vancouver, Wash. Played baseball with the Scapoose (Oregon) Indians in the independent Wild West League for 2 years. Has played in Shanghai in 1939 and 1940 with Hqtrs, but is playing for the 2nd Batt this year. A pitcher with a nice fast ball and a deceptive curve. Bats right and throws right.

DUNCAN, Richard 1st Sgt. A natural "tramp athlete" who has been kicking around Marine Corps diamonds for more years than he cares to remember. Played two years of pro ball with Greenbore in the Piedmont League. Bats right or left but can't throw at all.

ROBERT F. RUGE, 1st Lt. First Base. Born January 5, 1914, Valparaiso, Indiana. Played baseball at Valparaiso High School, 1930-31-32. Sectional American Legion Team, 1930. U.S. Naval Academy, 1935 (regular first base). Joined Marines Corps 3 June, 1937.

JAMES C. TERRELL, Sgt. Outfielder. Born May 2, 1909, Paris, Texas. Played baseball for Marine Barracks, Pearl Harbor, 1936 and Marine Base, Cavite 1939-40 and USS IDAHO, 1931. Played for Asiatic fleet, 1940. Joined Marine Corps 4 January, 1929.

EDWIN C. SWANSON, Pfc. Pitcher. Born March 13, 1917, Berwyn, Illinois. Played baseball for Western Electric Co., Chicago, 1938. Joined Marine Corps 7 March, 1939.

JAMES J. McKENZIE Pvt. Third Base. Born December 1, 1918, St. Louis, Missouri. Played baseball 3 years Beaumont High School, St. Louis Missouri, 1 year University of Missouri, at Columbia, Missori. Joined Marine Corps 7 October, 1940.

ROBERT L. MILLER, Cpl. Shortstop. Born June 28, 1918, Lawton, Oklahoma. Played baseball 1 year on Force Headquarters team, San Diego, 2 years High School, Kamath Falls, Oregon. Joined Marine Corps, 13 July, 1938.

EDWARD H. MIDDLETON, Cpl. Second Base. Born October 10, 1918, Burbank, California. Played baseball with Universal Picture team, 1938, Hollywood, California. American Legion team in San Fernando Valley as catcher, 1937. Joined Marine Corps, 15 August, 1938.

DONALD M. SHAULL, Cpl. First Base & Catcher. Born February 25, 1915, Chicago, Illinois. Played with American Legion team, Chicago 1931, Marine team at Hingham, Mass 1936-37-38. Joined Marine Corps 29 July, 1934.

Corp. MUDRY, Mike, Hq. Co. 1st Bn., Born 31 January 1917 at Amsterdam, N.Y. First played ball at Flint, Michigan. Plays third base. Holds medal as All American CCC second baseman in the year of 1938. Had tryouts with Chicago Cubs, Chicago White Socks, St. Louis Cards and Milwaukee Brewers. Good all around player and dangerous hitter at any time.

Pfc. HANSON, C. J., Co. "B", 1st. Bn., Born 4 June 1920, at De Leon, Texas. First played ball with his high school team at Borger, Texas. Is a right handed pitcher and bats right handed. Played in junior league at Borger, Texas for two years.

2nd Lt. FANTONE, J. S., Co. "D". 1st Bn., Born 6 November 1916 at Norfolk, Va. First played junior high school ball at Norfolk. He is a left handed pitcher and bats left handed. Played in several leagues and is a good pitcher.

Pfc. LAFFOON, A. L., Co. "D", 1st Bn., Born 21 January 1918 at Brush, Colorado. First played ball in high school at Woodrow high school and later played in Denver league for three years. He is a right handed pitcher and bats right handed.

Pfc. HORVATH, C.S., Co. "A", 1st Bn., Born 19 October 1917 at Bethlehem, Pa. First played baseball with Fourth Marines. Catches, throws right handed and bats right handed.

2nd Lt. PENICK, R.R., Hq. Co. 1st Bn., Born 19 August 1917, at Newark, Ohio. First played ball in high school. Later played twilight league ball and city league ball in Newrak, Ohio. Throws right handed and bats right handed.

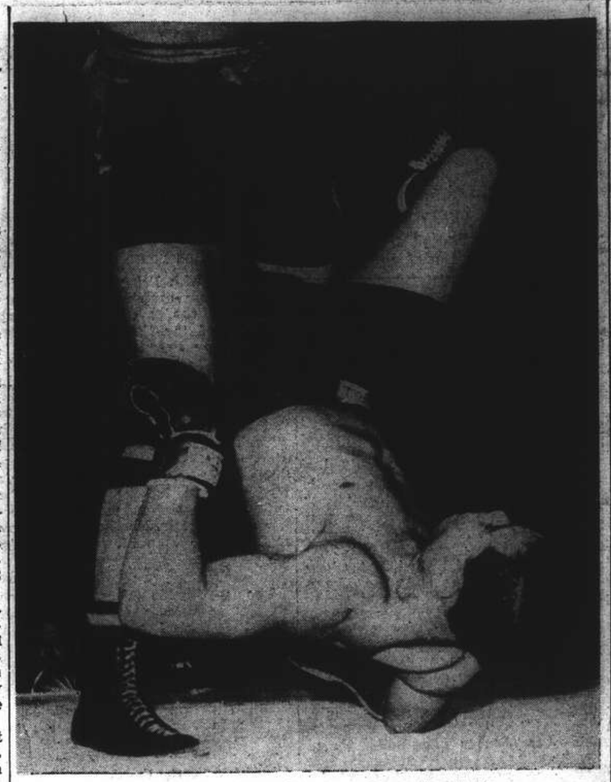
Pfc. ROBINSON, A. J., Co. "B", 1st Bn., Born 24 October 1919 at Mountainair, New Mexico. First played ball in high school and later at University of New Mexico. Bats right handed, throws right handed and looks good at infield position.

H.Q. Officers Win

In a close contested match played yesterday afternoon at the Kiaochow Park, the Headquarters Officers aggregation defeated the 1st Battalion Officers aggregation by 4 to 3 in the Marine Softball League. The tussle, postponed from Monday afternoon, was close in all the seven innings.

Softball Games Today

One "A" division and one "B" division game are scheduled to be played this afternoon at the Race Course, in the Erin Villa Ladies Invitation Softball League. The Erin Villa "A" aggregation tied for 1st position, will tussle with the A. S. P. "B" aggregation in what should prove an interesting match. The A. S. P. "C" and the J. A. C. "B" division teams will play off a postponed game also at the Race Course. Both matches start at 5.45 p.m.



The Dramatic Opening to a Dramatic Fight

Here is the highlight to the dramatic first round of the startling Buddy Baer-Joe Louis fight in Washington, which ended in the seventh round with the battered challenger, Baer, being disqualified. A terrific left hook by Baer in the first round caught Louis off balance and the kinkly haired champion is shown spilling head first through the ropes on to the apron outside the ring. Louis came back, however, to hand the game Baer a terrific beating, dropping him three times in the sixth round. Ancil Hoffman, Baer's manager, claimed the third knock-down came after the bell ended the round. Baer failed to come out for the seventh and the fight was awarded to Louis.

Mammoth Fight Card Set for Race Course Tomorrow Night

TOMORROW evening will see all roads leading to the Race Course where Shanghai's biggest and brightest boxing programme for years will be staged in aid of the British War Funds. Sponsored by the United Services Association, the promoters have spared nothing to give the huge crowd that will attend a feast of fistiania. Tickets are still on sale and can be purchased from Messrs. Moutrie's, Messrs. Squires, Bingham and the Fourth Marines Club, Bubbling Well Road. Those intending to be present at this gala programme are strongly advised to secure their tickets without delay.

Eight events—all of them good—will be staged and the various contestants concerned are now rounding out their heavy training duties. Today will see them tapering off and indulging in light work before the big night. All boxers are reported to be in the pink of condition and all of them are confident of the outcome of their various bouts.

Levchenko and Dundee, who will meet for the welterweight title, are both in splendid fettle and quite happy about their chances, while the same remarks apply to Paul Lojnikoff and Joe Clara who will battle for the lightweight championship. Tihanoff and Yamolovich, both powerful fighters who carry sleep producing punches in their gloves, have completed their heavy gymnasium training and now await the gong for what should prove to be a fight that the crowd love. Nothing is certain in this world but it is almost sure that one of these boys will finish on the canvas. Both boxers can hit devilishly hard and the first that lands with his sleeping draught is likely to be returned the winner via the K.O. route. Popular as Tihanoff is, the Marines are backing Yamolovich to reverse the previous decision which went to the Russian by a clean knock-out.

In the six-rounder Cheremissin and Sam Lewko will come to grips. The latter fighter has proved his ability of "take it" on several occasions and there is no doubt at all that he is an extremely tough boy, difficult to put away. Cheremissin will experience lots of trouble with the courageous Jewish fighter who may cause a distinct surprise. Under the eagle eye of Max Buchbaum, Lewko has trained hard and is hitting very crisply with both hands. Cheremissin's greatest asset is his straight left, a very powerful weapon. If he uses it to his fullest extent, then Lewko is likely to get his head jerked back time and time again with possible disastrous consequences.

The four four-round preliminaries all take the eye for their attractiveness. Gourevich, a savage two-fisted fighter with a good boxing brain, will oppose Veretennikoff at 135 pounds in what should prove to be a most exciting lightweight contest. Zatz, not long ago a main-eventer, will meet Kid Teddy at the welterweight limit. The latter, who recently defeated Brusnetzoff on points, will provide keen opposition in a slug-fest. The fact that this event will be a four-rounder should allow the two boys concerned to go the entire distance at top speed and action should be witnessed from start to finish.

The other two curtain-raisers bring to the spotlight Don Vidal and Nig Navinko at 150 pounds and Young Groucher and Abe Igoshin at 133. However one looks at it the programme, from top to bottom as it is arranged, should provide the finest evening of entertainment from a boxing and fighting angle that has been seen in this city for a very long time.

You get the entertainment, the British War Fund gets the profits. There's still a few tickets left and you know where to buy them. Help yourself to a good evening's sport and thereby help a most deserving cause.

Kittenball Leaders Continue Unbeaten

The A.S.P. "B" came within an ace of registering their first win yesterday afternoon when the Foreign "Y" Reds triumphed over them by the narrow margin of one run. This and the fixture at the Columbia Country Club grounds, which was won by the home team, who subdued the Texaco ladies 5-4, were the closest of the four "A" league games held.

In the remaining two encounters, the A.S.P. "A" and the Erin Villa squads exerted their superiority by downing their opponents by overwhelming margins. The former beat Moller's 18-7, while the latter trounced the Race Clubbers 22-6.

It was principally the clever base-running of Ruth Riege that pulled the Foreign "Y" Reds out of the mires of defeat in their tussle with the A.S.P. "B". Making most at every opportunity she was able to chalk up a couple of valuable points through stealing bases all round. In the third round she even stole home. Meanwhile, the Portuguese ladies failed in their attempt at the same tactics. Through a sparkling piece of play among the pitcher, second and third base guardians, Ange Gonsalves was twice thwarted in her attempt to steal from second to third.

The detailed scores follow:—

Foreign "Y" Reds	3 0 3 1 2 0 3	12
A.S.P. "B"	1 1 2 0 4 2 1	11

A minor upset was seen at the Columbia Country Club when the home team scored their first win of the season by humbling the Texaco squad by the close score of 5-4, but with one inning to spare.

Playing a much better brand of softball than they have during the past fortnight, the C.C.C. ladies displayed tighter fielding tactics to allow the losers to score in only two innings. With the Texaco ladies dismissed without a single run in the final frame, the winners decided not to bat.

The detail scores follows:

C.C.C.	2 0 0 1 2 0 -	5
Texaco	1 0 0 0 0 3 0	4

After a rather erratic opening, with their players taking things indifferently, the Erin Villa settled down in the third frame to wallop the Race Clubbers by the huge margin of 22 runs to 6. Things did not look too rozy for the winners in the first two innings when the Race Club ladies garnered six runs.

The tide of the battle turned completely after this, however, as the winners literally scored their points at random.

The detail scores follow:

Erin Villa	3 3 2 5 3 4 2	22
Race Clubbers	4 2 0 0 0 0 0	6

As fully expected the tussle between the title defenders, the A.S.P. "A", and Mollers Ltd turned out to be a dull one-sided affair as the former were much too good for the Moller ladies who were only able to score their solitary point in the fifth inning. The A.S.P., in the meantime, garnered 18 runs.

Detailed results follow:

A.S.P. "A"	8 0 3 2 0 5 0	18
Mollers Ltd.	0 0 0 0 1 0 0	1

Ladies' Softball Standings

"A" Division

	W.	L.	Pct.
A.S.P. "A"	4	0	1.000
W.S.S. Reds	4	0	1.000
Erin Villa	4	0	1.000
A.S.P. "B"	1	3	.333
Race Club	1	3	.333
Texaco	1	3	.333
Columbia C.C.	1	3	.333
Mollers	0	9	.000

"Blazin' Bob" Feller Routed By Lowly St. Louis Browns

New York, June 30.

"BLAZIN' BOB" Feller, ace of the Indian hurlers, went down to dismal defeat today at the hands of the lowly St. Louis Browns and the Tribesmen lost a full half-game to the idle New York Yankees. The Yankees now hold full two games on the Indians by virtue of four less losses than Cleveland although both clubs have won the same number of games.

The Indians scored three times in the first inning and once in the third to take a 4 to 3 lead as the Browns scored three times in the third inning. The Indians added two more runs in the fourth inning to take a long 6 to 3 lead.

The Browns, however, hit their stride in the seventh inning, bunching a single, three doubles, three walks, a bunt, a four-bagger and a wild throw to collect seven runs in a disastrous inning for the Indians. Feller was hurried to the showers at the height of the spree, to be replaced by Ralston Hemsley, who finished out the game. Both clubs collected 10 hits during the game, but Cleveland could never make up for that one bad inning.

In the only other American League game of the day, the Detroit Tigers dropped a close 7 to 6 decision to the Chicago White Sox.

The White Sox scored once in the second and twice in the third to take a 3 to 1 lead over the Tigers, and then added one in the fifth and one in the sixth to run their lead up to 5 to 2 as the Tigers added one more in the sixth. Detroit, however, came back with a single score in the seventh and two in the eighth to knot the count at 5-all.

The White Sox collected a walk, three singles and took advantage of a Detroit error in the ninth to score twice while the Tigers could only tally once to win the game.

Box Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	6	10	2
St. Louis	12	10	0
Batteries: Feller, Brown and Hemsley; Galehouse, Kramer, Caster and Ferrell.			
Detroit	6	10	4
Chicago	7	14	1
Batteries: Gorsica, Rowe, Benton and Tebbetts; Rigney and Tresh.			

NATIONAL LEAGUE

New York	3	11	1
Boston	0	6	1
Batteries: Melton and Danning; Salvo and Berres, Mast.			
Philadelphia	3	6	0
Brooklyn	9	10	0
Batteries: Podgajny, Harman, and Warren; Wyatt and Owen, Franks.			

Chicago-Cincinnati and St. Louis-Pittsburgh night games, and the only two night games scheduled.

Night Games

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Chicago	1	7	1
Cincinnati	7	13	0
Batteries: Root, Pressnell, Olsen, Page and McCullough; E. Riddle and Lombardi.			
St. Louis	3	12	1
Pittsburgh	4	7	0
Batteries: Gumbert, Nahem and Mancuso; Heintzelman and Lopez.			

—United Press.

Gold Cup Probables

London, July 1.

The following is the list of probables for the Gold Cup, to be run at Newmarket on July 2:

Top Coat (Elliott): Finis (Harry Wragg): Winter Halter (D. Smith): Oliden (Carey): King Legend (Beary): Hippius (E.P.H. Smith): Single Court (Cliff Richards).—Reuter.

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JULY 3, 1941

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TICKETS: $20, $10, $5

TOTAL PROCEEDS TO THE BRITISH WAR FUND

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OPENS TO-MORROW!

The Battle of Britain

The Battle of Britain is the story of the great air battle of last autumn in which Germany sought to win control of the air over England.

So strange and new was this kind of warfare that the fighting between August 8 and October 31 has hardly yet been recognized for what it was—a great battle, perhaps one of the decisive battles of history. The Luftwaffe sought a quick knock-out blow. It struck first in August, using large bomber formations with moderate fighter escort, but suffered such devastating losses that it drew back and then returned to the attack with triple-strength fighter escorts. The climax came between September 7 and October 5 with a steady all-out assault directed at London. By October 6 this assault had failed. The Battle of Britain had been won.

OVER the southeast of England the day of Sunday, September 15, dawned a little misty, but cleared by 8 o'clock and disclosed light cumulus cloud at 2,000 or 3,000 ft. The extent of this cloud varied, and in places it was heavy enough to produce light local showers. Visibility, however, was on the whole good throughout the day, the slight wind was from the west shifting to northwest as the day advanced.

First enemy patrols arrived soon after 9 a.m. They were reported to be in the Straits, in the Thames Estuary, off Harwich, and between Lympne and Dungeness. About 11.30 Göring launched the first wave of the morning attack, consisting of 120 aircraft, soon followed by 150 more. These crossed the English coast at three main points, near Ramsgate, between Dover and Folkestone, and a mile or two north of Dungeness. Their objective was London. This formidable force was composed of Dornier bomber 17's and 215's escorted by Me. 109's. They flew at various heights between 15,000 and 26,000 ft. From the ground the German aircraft looked like black dots at the head of long streamers of white vapour; from the air like specks rapidly growing. They appeared first as model airplanes and then, as the range closed, as full-sized aircraft.

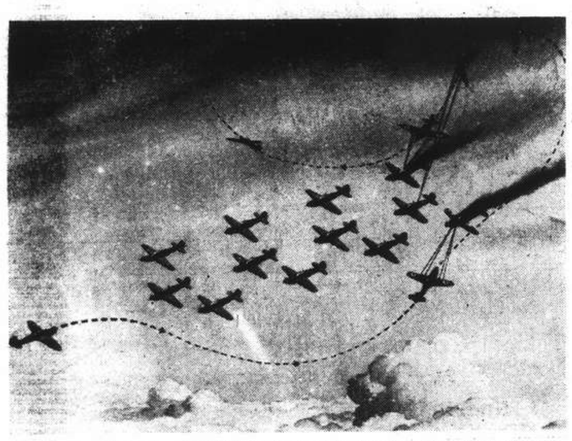
Battle was soon joined and raged for about three-quarters of an hour over East Kent and London. Some hundred German bombers burst through our defence and reached the eastern and southern quarters of the capital. A number of them were intercepted above the centre of the city itself just as Big Ben was striking the hour of noon.

Fighting at Ten Seconds a Mile

To understand the nature of the combat, it must be remembered that the aircraft engaged in it were flying at a speed of between 300 and 400 m.p.h. At that speed place names become almost meaningless. The enemy, for example, might have been intercepted over Maidstone, but not destroyed until within a few miles of Calais. "Place attack was delivered—Hammersmith to Dungeness" or "London to the French Coast." Such phrases in the Intelligence Patrol Reports forcibly illustrate the size of the area over which the battle was fought. That being so, it is better perhaps not to attempt to plot the place of attack too accurately—an almost hopeless task—but to refer to it simply as the Southeastern marches of England.

The battle in fact took place roughly in a cube about 80 miles long, 38 miles broad and from 5 to 6 miles high. It was in this space between noon and half-past that between 150 and 200 individual combats took place. Many of these developed into stern chases which were broken off within a mile or two of the French Coast.

Sixteen squadrons of No. 11 Group, followed by five from Nos. 10 and 12, were sent up to engage the enemy. All but one of the squadrons taking part in the battle were very soon face to face with him. Five squadrons of Spitfires opened their attack against the oncoming Germans in the Maidstone-Canterbury-Dover-Dungeness area. These were in action slightly before the Hurricane Squadrons, which intercepted farther back, between Maidstone, Tunbridge Wells and South London.



Head-on attack by one Hurricane against twelve Messerschmitts, as described in the story, bags two planes and damages a third. Most terrifying of air manœuvres, the head on attack is a matter of split seconds in which the planes rush together at 300-400 m.p.h.

The Germans were found to be flying in various types of formations. The bombers were usually some thousands of feet below the fighters but sometimes this position was reversed. The bombers flew either in Vics (a "V"-shaped formation) of from five to seven aircraft or in lines of five aircraft abreast or in a diamond formation.

The Me. 109's were usually in Vics. One pilot has described the attacking German aircraft as flying in little groups of nine arranged in threes like a sergeant's stripes. Each group of nine was in this case supported by a group of nine Me. 110 fighters with single-seater Me. 109's or He. 113's circling high above.

The enemy soon realized that our defence was awake and active, for the German pilots could be heard calling out to each other over their wireless phones, "Achtung, Schpitfeuer!" They had need to keep alert. Our pilots opened fire at an average range of from 250 to 200 yd., closing when necessary to 50 yd. Many of the enemy fighters belonged to the famous yellow-nosed squadrons, though some had white noses and even occasionally red.

Once the battle was joined, regular formation was frequently lost and each pilot chose an individual foe. The following account of one combat can be taken as typical of the rest.

A pilot, whose squadron was attacking in echelon starboard, dived out of the sun on to an Me. 109 which blew up after receiving his first burst of fire. By this time he found that another Me. 109 was on his tail. He turned, got it in his sights and set it on fire with several bursts. He was now separated from his comrades and therefore returned to his base. As he was coming down he received a message saying that the enemy were above. He looked up, saw a group of Dorniers at 14,000 ft., climbed and attacked them. He got in a burst at a Dornier; other friendly fighters came up to help. The enemy aircraft crashed into a wood and exploded.

While the Spitfires and Hurricanes were in action over Kent, other Hurricanes were dealing with such of the enemy as had succeeded by sheer force of numbers in breaking through and reaching the outskirts of London. Fourteen squadrons of Hurricanes, almost immediately reinforced by three more squadrons of Spitfires, took up this task, all of them coming into action between noon and twenty past. There ensued a continuous and general engagement extending from London to the coast and beyond.

In it the tactics so carefully thought out, so assiduously practiced, secured victory. Let a squadron leader describe the results they achieved. (This is the opening action against the first morning wave of German planes.)

Opening of the Great Battle

"The 15th of September," he says, "dawned bright and clear at Croydon. It never seemed to do anything else during those exciting weeks of August and September. But to us it was just another day. We weren't interested in Hitler's entry into London; most of us were wondering whether we should have time to finish breakfast before the first blitz started. We were lucky.

"It wasn't till 9.30 a.m. that the sirens started wailing and the order came through to rendezvous base at 20,000 ft. As we were climbing in a southerly direction at 15,000 ft. we saw 30 Heinkels supported by 50 Me. 109's 4,000 ft. above them, and 20 No. 110's to a flank, approaching us from above. We turned and climbed, flying in the same direction as the bombers with the whole squadron strung out in echelon to port up sun, so that each man had a view of the enemy.

"'A' flight timed their attack to perfection, coming down sun in a power dive on the enemy's left flank. As each was selecting his own man, some planes of the Me. 110 escort roared in to intercept with cannons blazing at 1,000-yd. range, but they were two seconds too late—too late to engage our fighters, but just in time to make them hesitate long enough to miss the bomber leader. Two Heinkels heeled out of the formation.

"The way was clear for 'B' flight, as long as the Me. 109's stayed above. 'B' flight leader knew how to bide his time, but just as he was about to launch his attack, the Heinkels did the unbelievable thing. They turned south; into the sun; and into him. With his first burst the leader destroyed the leading Heinkel bomber which blew up with such force that it knocked a wing off the left-hand bomber. A little bank and a burst from his guns sent the right-hand Heinkel out of the formation with smoke pouring out of both engines. Before returning home he knocked down an Me. 109. Four aircraft destroyed for an expenditure of 1,200 rounds was the best justification for our new tactics."

It must be borne in mind that this great battle was made up of squadron attacks followed by numbers of personal combats, all taking place more or less at the same time over this wide area. Squadrons flying in pairs or wings of three units went into action in formation against an enemy similarly disposed. After the first attack delivered as often as possible out of the sun, they broke up and individual duels took place all over the sky.

Certain of the more striking incidents may be briefly recorded.

There were the dive attacks carried out by one squadron of Spitfires which twice passed through an enemy bomber formation, each time delivering beam attacks as they did so. These tactics threw the enemy into extreme confusion. The bombers turned almost blindly, it seemed, aircraft dropping in flames or in uncontrolled dives with every few miles of the return journey. One such aircraft, of which the cowling and cabin top blew off, shed its crew who bailed out, all except the rear gunner, who was seen to be hanging from the lower escape hatch until the aircraft dived into a wood, ten miles east of Canterbury.

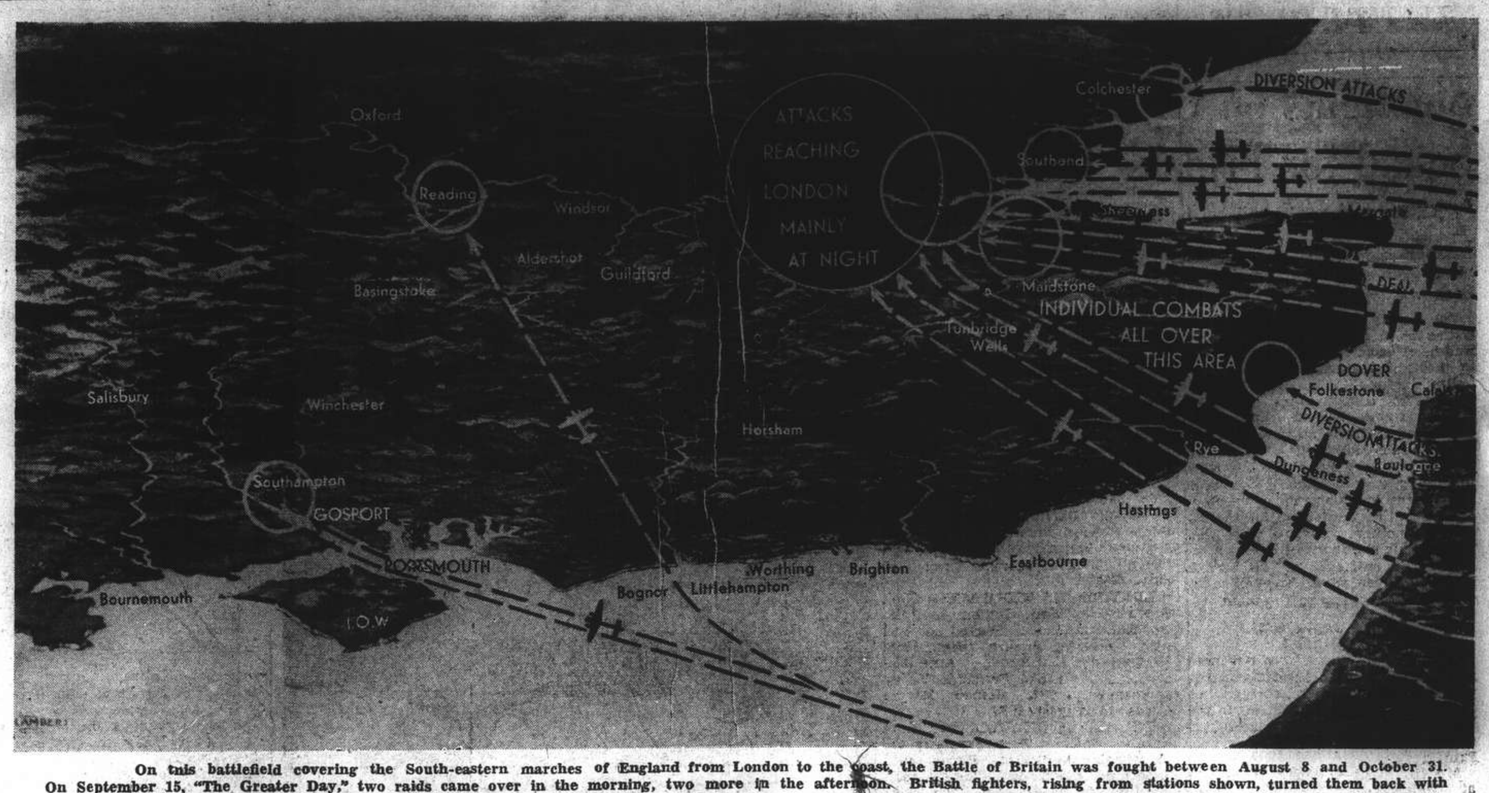
Then there was the pilot who twice attacked an Me. 109 which each time strove to escape in an almost vertical dive. The first of these from 20,000 ft. was successful, for the German pilot straightened out but only to find that the British pilot had followed him down and was close upon him. "By that time," said the British pilot, "I was going faster than the enemy aircraft and I continued firing until I had to pull away to the right to avoid a collision." His burst of fire had taken effect, for the German never recovered, but plunged down until he entered cloud, about 6,000 ft. below, when the British pilot had to recover from the dive as his aircraft was going at approximately 480 m.p.h. "I then made my way through the cloud at a reasonable speed," he reported, "and saw the wreckage of the enemy aircraft burning furiously....I climbed up through the cloud and narrowly missed colliding with a Ju. 88 which was on fire and being attacked by numerous Hurricanes."

R.A.F. v. Elite of the Luftwaffe

There was also the Dornier which crashed just outside Victoria Station. Members of its crew landed by parachute on the Kensington Oval while the Hurricane pilot who had shot it down and whose aircraft had gone into an uncontrollable spin when the enemy blew up beneath him, landed safely in Chelsea. Nevertheless, the yellow-nosed squadrons, the elite of the German Air Force, acquitted themselves bravely and showed greater skill than their less well-trained comrades. It was observed that they usually attacked in pairs disposed in line astern some 75 yd. apart.

Occasionally, fire at long range proved effective. Close-range combat was the rule, but it is recorded that a Hurricane pilot fired at an enemy aircraft moving faster than his own and about to get out of range and hit it at 800 yd. This caused it to slow up; his second burst was fired from 500 yd. Even then he finished it off at 25 yd. Another Hurricane pilot, who had broken off a fight because the cooling system of the engine of his aircraft was giving trouble, and who was therefore returning to base, encountered a lone Me. 109 which he stalked out of the sun and shot down from 500 yd.

At this stage in the fight it became clear that the enemy bomber pilots felt themselves to be no match for the British. It was generally observed that as soon as contact was established, they jettisoned their bombs, then broke formation and turned at once for their base. Thus, 20 Dornier 215's were encountered over the London docks flying in a diamond formation escorted by Me. 109's "stepped up" to 22,000 ft. The bombers were broken up by a level quarter attack and this enabled our intercepting squadron to pursue them relentlessly and shoot most of them down.

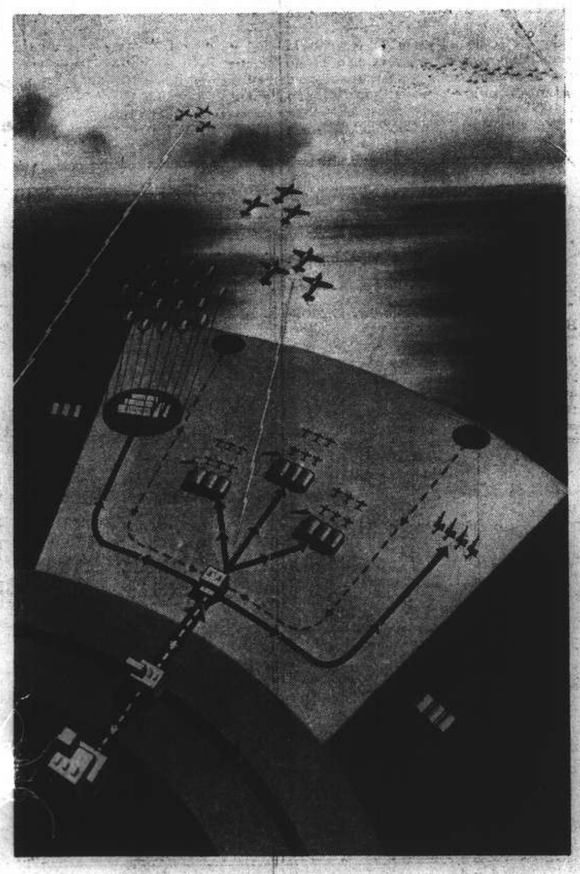


On this battlefield covering the South-eastern marches of England from London to the coast, the Battle of Britain was fought between August 8 and October 31. On September 15, "The Greater Day," two raids came over in the morning, two more in the afternoon. British fighters, rising from stations shown, turned them back with loss of two German planes per fighting minute. Of the 270 planes in the morning raids, 70 were destroyed, ten more probably destroyed and 28 so badly damaged they quit.

Scientists were mystified at first by trails which are seen only sometimes. Trails are caused by sudden condensation of moist air and low-pressure area over plane wings.

TIME AND PLACE

Between September 11 and October 5, 1940 the enemy delivered some 32 major attacks by day. In all these, bombers were used and their escort of fighters steadily increased in numbers till the ratio rose to four fighters to one bomber. Of these attacks fifteen were made on the area of Greater London, ten against Kent and the Thames Estuary, six on Southampton and one on Reading.



FIGHTER CONTROL

Is organized on this plan. The English coastline is divided into sectors, each with its fighter airdromes, observer posts, A. A. guns and Sector Control. The various Sectors report to a Group Control which reports to Fighter Command Headquarters. At Headquarters the master air tacticians sit looking down upon a big map of southeast England upon which markers representing German and British planes are moved as the battle changes. These master Controllers order squadrons sent up from various airdromes to counter the German raids.

German Numerical Superiority

But it was seldom that we had the advantage in numbers. The enemy, however, seemed unable to profit by his numerical superiority. A single Hurricane, for example, encountered twelve yellow-nosed Messerschmitts flying straight at it. The pilot dived under them but swooped upwards and shot down the rear aircraft from directly underneath. As he still had plenty of speed the British pilot half rolled off the top of his loop and followed the enemy formation which had not apparently perceived the fate of their comrade in the rear rank. The British pilot accordingly destroyed another enemy aircraft from the rear and damaged a second before the Germans became aware of what was happening, and he was forced, being still in the numerical inferiority of nine to one, to break off the action.

The fight was all over by 12.30, and by the time the citizens of London and the southeast of England were sitting down to their Sunday dinner the enemy were in full flight to their bases in Northern France. One of those citizens had special cause to rejoice in the result of the fighting. The Prime Minister had spent the morning in one of the Operations Rooms of No. 11 Group. It was observed that for once his cigar remained unlit as he followed the swift changes of the battle depicted on the table map before him.

Some of the enemy had for a brief moment succeeded in penetrating into the centre of the capital but they dropped only a few bombs. The fire was too hot, the defence too strong. Seventy of the estimated 250 aircraft in the attack, equalling 28 per cent., were seen to crash that morning, ten more were considered probably to have been destroyed and 28 were observed by our pilots to break off action in a damaged condition. These figures, compiled immediately after the fight and in accordance with the very strict rules applied by the Royal Air Force to pilots' reports, probably underestimate the casualties they inflicted. Even so the Luftwaffe lost slightly over 43 per cent. of the aircraft used in this morning attack.

Despite the sound and fury of battle that sunny autumn day, the citizens of London had their Sunday dinner in peace. A lull ensued for about an hour and a half. Then, shortly after 2 p.m., fresh enemy forces returned to the attack in about the same strength as had been employed that morning. German aircraft crossed the coast near Dover in two waves, the first of 150, the second of 100. These formations spread over the southeast and southwest of Kent and over Maidstone.

Before they could proceed farther they were intercepted by fighters of the Royal Air Force. Twenty-one squadrons were sent into the air and 21 squadrons made contact with the enemy. This time the numbers on each side were fairly equal, and the fighting superiority of the British force was immediately established. Our fighters tore into the enemy's formations, ripping through them like a knife through calico. That was how it sounded from the ground. So determined was the British defence, so effective these tactics, that the German formations were again instantly broken up. This was the opportunity for each pilot to single out an adversary, and in a few moments the sky was again a battlefield. In all that space from the Thames Estuary to Dover, from London to the coast, dogfights were soon in furious progress. Squadrons were swiftly scattered so that two which took off together from their base might, 15 minutes later, be fighting 50 miles apart.

There was nothing haphazard about this interception of the enemy. It was only possible on such a scale and in so effective a manner because every detail had been planned and tested in the fighting of the previous months. So, as reports came through of the German approach, we were able to despatch from the correct tactical points enough squadrons to achieve complete interception and the best results, without dissipating our forces. The general principle applied in coping with earlier assaults having proved so successful, it was put into effect in this second great attack. Certain squadrons were detailed to deal with the enemy screen of high-flying fighters halfway between London and the coast. This enabled the others to attack the bomber formations and their close escort before they reached the line of fighter aerodromes east and south of London. Those of the enemy who succeeded in penetrating these defences—some 70 or so—were tackled by squadrons of Hurricanes, mostly from Nos. 10 and 12 Groups, who came into action over the capital itself. They also pursued stragglers. As in the morning's fighting some 200 individual combats took place and, although no two were quite alike, the general pattern was the same.

One of the Individual Combats

"I engaged the enemy in formation, causing them to scatter in all directions," ran the report of one pilot. "We sighted a strong formation of enemy aircraft," wrote another, "and carried out a head-on attack. The enemy scattered, jettisoned their bombs and turned for home. We encountered heavy cannon fire....." The reports are laconic: "The whole of the nose, including the pilot's cockpit, was shot away...." "I saw tracer bullets flying past my left wing and saw an Me. 109 attack me...." "I saw his perspex burst and the enemy aircraft spun down...." "I did not consider it worth while to waste any more ammunition upon it...." "I then looked for more trouble and saw an He. 111. I attacked and closed to about 10 ft...." "I give him everything I had...." "Aircraft became uncontrollable. I bailed out, coming down with left arm paralyzed (afterwards learned dislocated)...."

As in the morning a single British aircraft, in this case a Hurricane, piloted by a group captain, encountered a large formation of German aircraft, both fighters and bombers, and went into the attack alone.

"There were," he said on his return, "no other British fighters in sight, so I made a head-on attack on the first section of the bombers, opening at 600 yd. and closing to 200 yd." After describing how all alone he broke up the enemy formation, the group captain added, "I made further attacks on the retreating bombers, each attack from climbing beam....One Dornier left the formation and lost height. With no ammunition left I could not finish it off. I last saw the bomber at 3,000 ft. dropping slowly..."

Stronger and stronger streams of fighters would fly over England without regard to the cost. The object of the enemy was to ground the fighters of the Royal Air Force and to destroy such a number as to put it temporarily out of action.

So it appears that each pilot had his own swift decisions to make, his own problems to meet. He was not found wanting. While the fight lasted the Germans were destroyed at the rate of two aircraft a minute. That afternoon's attack cost them 97 destroyed. In the entire day we lost 25 aircraft, but 14 pilots were saved.

* * * *

Such, then, was the measure of the enemy's achievement during eighty-four days of almost continuous attack. What the Luftwaffe failed to do was to destroy the fighter squadrons of the Royal Air Force which were indeed stronger at the end of the battle than at the beginning. This failure meant defeat—defeat of the German Air Force itself, defeat of a carefully designed strategical plan, defeat of that which Hitler most longed for—the invasion of this Island.

Between August 8 and October 31, 2,375 German aircraft are known to have been *destroyed* in daylight. This figure takes no account of those lost at night or those, seen by thousands, staggering back to their French bases, wings and fuselage full of holes, ailerons shot away, engines smoking and dripping glycol, undercarriages dangling—the retreating remnants of a shattered and disordered Armada. This melancholy procession of the defeated was to be observed not once but many times during those summer and autumn days of 1940. Truly it was a great deliverance.

It was not achieved without cost. The enemy destroyed or damaged beyond repair some thousands of houses; they killed during the day 1,700 persons, nearly all of them civilians, and seriously wounded 3,360. At night 12,581 persons were killed and 16,965 injured. These heavy casualties occurred during the hours when darkness prevented the enemy from being met and turned back as he was in daylight. They provide a striking, if ominous, proof of the efficiency and devotion of the fighters of the Royal Air Force. To what height would those figures have risen had there been no Hurricanes and Spitfires on the alert from dawn to dusk engaging the enemy whenever he appeared. The Royal Air Force lost 375 pilots killed and 358 wounded. This was the price, and of those who died let it be said that:

"All the soul
Of man is resolution which expires
Never from valiant men till their last breath."

Bombers lie awash on English coast. Between August 8 and October 31 2,375 German planes are known to have been shot down in daylight.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Western Floods:

A Reader Wonders

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Your correspondent "BRIGHT IDEA" can find consolation by venturing Jessfield Park way, and he will find to his glee that immediately after Edinburgh Road there are still some flooded areas. In the past this spot always clears way ahead of the Tifeng-Yu Yuen Road corner, but one cannot expect the muggy water to drain off if the sewers are choked with filth.

I do not know if it is sheer negligence or that usual disinterested spirit which allows things to stand as they are at present. The Council was speedy enough in re-assessing my house rental, which today is higher than what my landlords are collecting from me, and, needless to say, residents of that exclusive spot demand some satisfaction.

PAR.

Shanghai, June 30.

German Airmen:

And British Machines

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—My brother has sent me a cutting from your paper in which you published part of one of my letters to him. I would like to say how very pleased I was to receive it—I can assure you that the spirit of the people here in England is that of staunch determination. The following story is perfectly true and is the actual feeling of the German pilots toward the R.A.F. and (as you can see) the Spitfires in particular. The German pilot is a prisoner-of-war and speaks English fluently.

Discussing aeroplanes in general, both British and German, he remarked, "Messerschmitts good—Blenheims good—Spitfires too damn good—my thirteenth trip here. I know I not go back." He had his suit-case all packed with shaving gear, etc.

With all good wishes—and let us all hope this year will see the "hide tanned off" the whole Nazi gang.

BRITISH WOMAN.

Gravesend, May 10.

Recent Recital:

Thanks to Mrs. Mees

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I wish publicly to thank MRS. MARINA B. MEE for the splendid gift of $11,422.15, the net proceeds of her Recital given for the benefit of the American Hospital for Refugees.

MRS. MEE is an energetic worker and an accomplished pianist and she gave her audience a most enjoyable evening. MRS. MEE is the wife of the Brazilian Consul-General and a citizen of Brazil. She makes her gift to the American Hospital for Refugees which cares only for the Chinese poor.

Would to God that there might be a greater number of such evidences of international goodwill.

J. C. MCCRACKEN.
Superintendent.

Shanghai, June 30.

Pope Condemned Nazis, Declares Cardinal

London, July 1.

Condemnation of Nazism and atheistic Communism by Cardinal Hinsley is made in an answer to a Catholic member of Parliament.

The Cardinal writes: "Two encyclicals of Pius XI, "Divise Redemptoris," against atheistic Communism, and "Mit Brennender Sorge," against Nazism, state fully and clearly Catholic condemnation of both these movements.

"Our country, with our allies, is fighting against an immediate Nazi attempt to subjugate Europe. No one, who knows how anti-Christian the ideas and practices of the Nazis are, will for one moment be deceived by Hitler's latest post of champion of European civilisation or think that it has become in any way less vital to resist his attempt to enslave the continent."—Reuter.

South American Fliers Visiting R. A. F.

London, July 1.

South American air officers, who are visiting Britain as guests of the Royal Air Force, started their official tour this morning.

Wearing uniform for the first time since they left South America, they proceeded to a district sixty miles from London, to an initial training wing where airmen have their first practical introduction to flying.

Later they inspected an elementary flying training school, which represents the next step in an airman's flying career.—Reuter.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF JULY 2, 1871

A curious anecdote of the Taiping rebellion came to our knowledge on Saturday. All who were in Shanghai while the followers of the Tien-wang were overrunning the province, know how much desolation was wrought. Nothing was more common than for families to become separated, and parents to lose trace of children, and children of parents. The sub-editor of our Chinese newspaper was thus afflicted. He was living in his native city of Nanking, at the time it was taken by the rebels, and in flying, lost his son, then nine years old. He has neither seen nor heard anything of him since, till Saturday, when he presented himself at his father's house, in the city. He was taken and made a servant by the rebels, when the latter entered Nanking, was retaken by the Imperialists and adopted by an officer of Tseng Kwo-fan's Hupeh braves, with whom he has since been living in that province. The adoptive father having lately been called to Nanking, the son took the occasion to ask about his real father. He had forgotten everything except the latter's surname, but managed to learn that he had gone to Shanghai and in Shanghai successful search was made. The delight of the old man at recovering his son, now 21 years of age, may be imagined. There are too many other similar reminiscences of the rebellion, which it is to be feared will not come to such a happy end.

U.S. to Facilitate Export of Petrol And Machinery

Washington, July 1.

The Department of State yesterday announced that general export licenses will be granted covering shipments of several important categories of machinery and petroleum products to Britain, Northern Ireland and the Philippines.

The objective apparently was to facilitate production of high octane petrol. Under the declaration, the listed products can be shipped to these destinations without special export licenses for each item shipped.

The categories listed include diesel-electric locomotives, diesel engines, marine and stationary electric generating sets powered by diesel engines, kerosene, petrol oil, fuel oil, residual fuel oil, liquified petroleum. Also listed were paraffin, wax, petroleum, asphalt, petroleum, coke and petrol production equipment, equipment to produce lubricating oil and equipment to produce tetraethyl lead. Electrical machinery and apparatus connected with the foregoing were also included.—United Press.

Germans Told Fight Only Beginning

Zurich, July 1.

A warning to the German public not to draw too far-reaching conclusions from the figures of Soviet losses given in German communiques is contained in an article in the "Frankfurter Zeitung."

"Despite all these losses," it says, "the enemy was also strong enough to undertake heavy counterattacks in many places in an attempt to dislocate German lines of communication or to escape a threat of encirclement."

Describing Russian resistance as "stubborn and desperate," the paper stresses that the German army is only at the beginning of its task.—Reuter.

British Not to Restrict Spanish Petrol Rations

Madrid, July 1.

Following a further discussion between the Spanish authorities and the British Embassy, a drastic reduction in petrol rations of the Spanish Government, as announced on Sunday, will not be enforced.

The respite has given great satisfaction, because curtailment would be bound to cause a sharp rise in the already high cost of living, since the country's economy is largely dependent on road transport.—Reuter.

TO-DAY'S RADIO

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

XCDN

"The Voice of Democracy" in Shanghai
Wave length 208m. Frequency 1440kc.
P. O. Box 433. Shanghai
Telephone 16967

To-day's Programme

7.45 a.m. News in Chinese
12.00 **Mid-day Concert, including Songs by Peter Dawson**
12.45 **News in English**
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in French
1.30 News in German
2.00 Czechoslovak News and Commentary
2.30 Dance Music
3.30 **Woman and Home, including a Short Story at 3.50**
4.30 Chinese Programme, including "The Foundations of Chinese Music," by Prof. Wei Chung-loh at 5.00 News at 5.20 and 6.00, and a Commentary at 6.15
7.00 Czechoslovak Programme
7.30 "A Dash of French"—with Edith Grey and Herbert Ruff
8.00 Relay of B.B.C. News and Talk (Conditions Permitting)
8.30 **"Music a la Carte"—Request Programme conducted by Kenneth Mackenzie Tel. 16967**
8.55 "The Lowdown on the Follies"
9.00 **News in English and B.B.C. programme Announcements**
9.20 **"As I See It." Talk by John Harford**
9.30 **Gilbert and Sullivan Songs with Miss Winifred Allan, Ena L. Wilson, E. H. Mckay, Robert Stuart, Richard Harker at the piano**
10.00 Latin Rhythms—Tangos, Rhumbas and Congas
10.30 Dance Music
11.00 Late Night Final
11.10 **Dance Music**
11.40 **Moviegoers' News Summary**
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese

BBC

The main items in the London programme which can be heard on GSV in the 16 metre band and GSF in the 19 metre band are:—

p.m.
8.00 News and Topical Talk.
8.30 Variety with Tommy Handley.
9.15 A Concert by the B.B.C. Northern Orchestra.
10.00 News and News Commentary.
11.00 Sydney Horniblow will discuss "Letters to the Papers."
11.15 Bombs on Brest.
11.30 Concert by the B.B.C. Orchestra.
Midnight. Sir Frederick White's News Letter to the Far East.

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Medium wave: 214m., 1400kc.
Short wave: 42.80m., 12.09mc.

Daily broadcast in four languages.

Time table

12.00 **Light music.**
1.00 **News in French.**
1.15 **Children's hour.**
4.30 **Light music.**
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 **Light music.**
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 **News in Russian.**
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Light music.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière. *News from France.*
8.15 Light music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert:
"Manon" opera by Massenet.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

395m. **XMHD** 760kc.

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD
CONCISE
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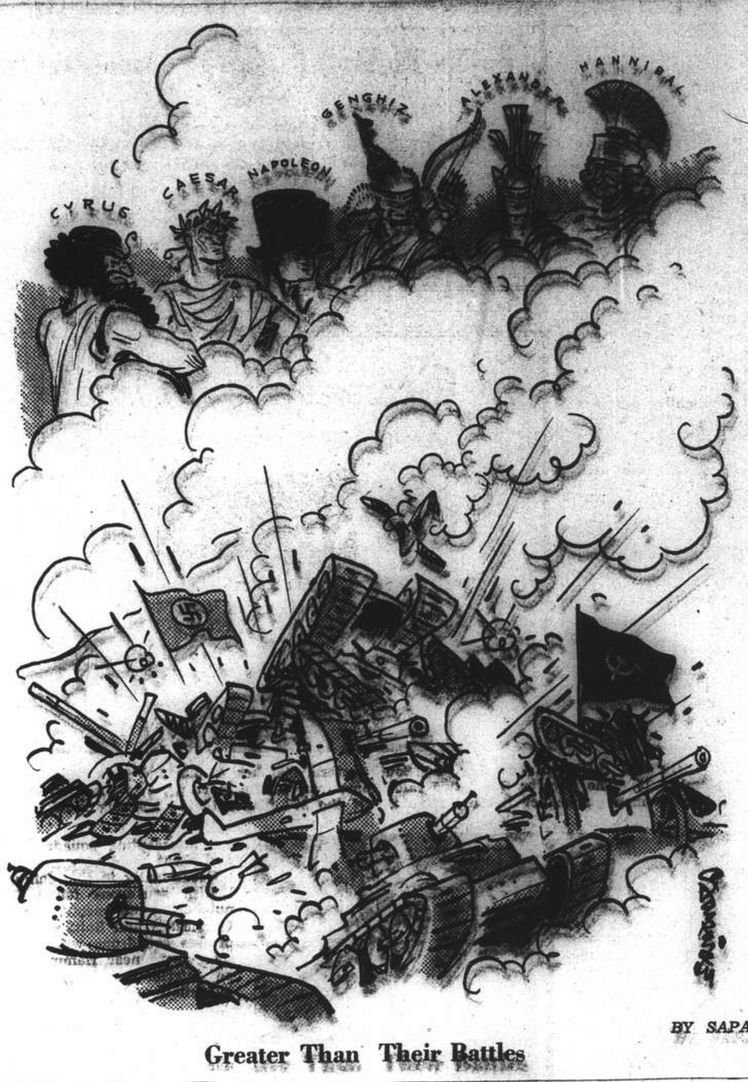
XMHD broadcasts news in English daily at 12.45 and 9 p.m. and news in Chinese daily at 12.30 and 9.15 p.m.

MAILS COMING AND GOING
EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS
WEATHER REPORTS
LOCAL EVENTS OF THE DAY

At other hours, the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association broadcasts in English and Chinese language programme of music and talks.



Greater Than Their Battles

Soviet Consulates To Leave France

London, July 1.

Soviet Consulates throughout French territory, occupied and unoccupied, are closed or on the point of being closed following the Vichy Government's action in breaking off relations with the Soviet Union.

A special train carrying Soviet diplomats is leaving Vichy. Members of the Soviet Embassy have been requested not to leave the Embassy building pending departure.

"Vichy is simply bonne a tout faire (maid of all work) of Berlin" was the comment of M. Lozorsky, Vice-Chief of the Soviet Information Bureau on the action of Marshal Petain in breaking off relations.

M. Lozovsky said the reason given by Vichy was that the "activity of members of the Soviet diplomatic mission and consulates was injurious to order and to the security of the state."

"The heroic French people have nothing to do with this action," he remarked, adding that it was an anti-national move.

The Vichy Minister of National Economy and Finance has issued an order to banks blocking as from yesterday all credits held directly on the account of the Soviet State or persons "physically or morally" domiciled in the Soviet Union and of persons of Russian nationality residing in France or in any foreign country.—Reuter.

U.S. Officers Ordered To Philippines

Washington, July 1.

Twenty-eight cavalry, coast artillery and field artillery officers of the United States Army were ordered by the War Department yesterday to report to the Philippine Department, U.S. Army, for duty. The men will leave for the Philippines from their present garrison points in the United States about July 24.

The list included Captain Davis S. Satterwhite, while the other officers were first and second lieutenants.—United Press.

Mr. Raoul Dandurand Made P.C.

London, July 1.

Mr. Raoul Dandurand, Minister without Portfolio of the Dominion of Canada, has been appointed a member of the Privy Council, according to an official announcement last night.—Reuter.

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German "Civilisation" Denounced

Moscow, July 1.

The German idea of civilisation is that Germany should boss the whole of Europe and make all others work, said M. Lozovsky, Vice-Chief of the Soviet Information Bureau, commenting yesterday on a German radio declaration that Britain, by placing herself beside Russia, had "betrayed European civilization."

If Britain had betrayed this civilisation, said M. Lozosky, she had acted rightly. The British were calm folk, they could take blows and give blows. It would be good for humanity if the "civilization" of German racial theories was utterly destroyed, he added.—Reuter.

Army Appointments Announced

Tokyo, July 1.

Major-General Prince Tsunenori Kaya has been appointed Commander of the First Unit in the East Japan Army Zone, according to a communique issued by the War Ministry today.

Lieut.-General Prince Gin Ri has been appointed Commander of the Utsunomiya Division, the communique added.—Domei.

Britain's Motto: "Urgency in Everything"

Ottawa, July 1.

"Urgency in everything is our watch word," said Lord Beaverbrook, newly-appointed Minister of Supply, conversing by trans-Atlantic telephone with Mr. Gladstone Murray, General Manager of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, last night.

"Speed in production," he declared, "is now a supreme war necessity. I am fully confident that North America will respond in the spirit of urgency now stressed. There is no need for panic or missgiving about the result provided we all put forth the maximum effort unceasingly."

Appointment Praised

"The Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, has placed, in a post, becoming more and more vital every day, a man who can be trusted to produce results," says the "Montreal Gazette," referring to the appointment of Lord Beaverbrook as Minister of Supply.

The journal adds that "Lord Beaverbrook may not find particular need at this moment for one of his famous housecleanings, but if the need arises, he will not hesitate."—Reuter.

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PRICKLY HEAT

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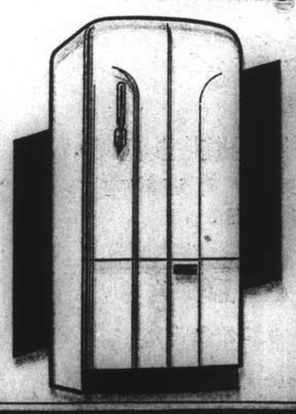

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M-1

Soviet Parachutists Active in Rumania

Rome, July 1.

The Russians dropped spies and terrorist agents by parachute for the purpose of entering into contact with Jewish Communists living in the country, in order to organize acts of aggression, says a communique issued by the Rumanian Prime Minister's office, according to a Bucharest telegram.

The communique adds that 500 Jewish Communists have been shot at Jassy for having fired on soldiers.

Amplifying the Rome version of the report, the Buchavest Radio announced the mass execution of 500 Jewish Communists at Jassy, Rumania, in a communique broadcast in German.

It was alleged that they had fired from dwelling houses on German and Rumanian soldiers. It was added that future attempts to disturb calm and order in the country would be mercilessly repressed on the spot, and those who gave shelter to "these disturbers of order and calm" were being warned that they would be executed together with their families.

The communique also alleged that the object of the parachutists dropped by the Soviets was to cause disorder and carry out acts of violence behind the German-Rumanian front.—Reuter.

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Without Calomel—And You'll Jump out of Bed in the Morning Full of Vim.

The liver should pour out two pounds of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Wind bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, tired and weary and the world looks blue.

Laxatives are only makeshifts. A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those good old Carter's Little Liver Pills to get those two pounds of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up." Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely.

Ask for CARTER'S Little Liver Pills by name. Stubbornly refuse anything else.

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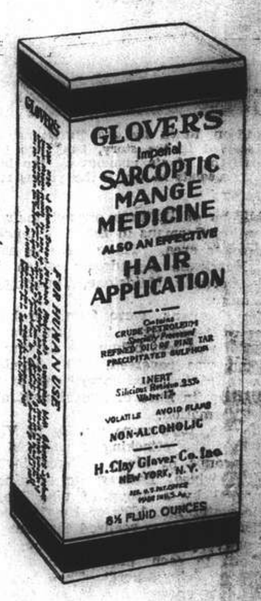

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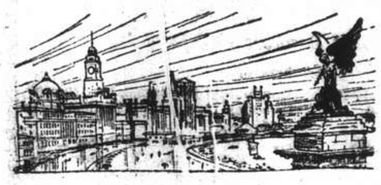

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

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the offensive agai enemy.

RUSSIAN RESISTANCE

Whatever the effect of the much-heralded German communiqué may have had upon domestic opinion, there can be little doubt that it has had none at all abroad. The most striking proof of this comes from Italy where the "Giornale d'Italia" succinctly remarks "It would be wise not to exaggerate facts, not to speak of easy victories and to await difficult events." That the Germans have exaggerated facts is clear from the boasting claims they have made which would suggest that though the Russians are resisting fiercely the result is a foregone conclusion. Nothing could be further from the truth. Whatever the Russians may suffer through lack of equipment as good as the Germans, there can be little doubt that to a very fair extent they offset it by the immense bravery the men are displaying. Even the Germans bear witness to that, though they attribute it to an "animal-like" courage. That, of course, is a typical Teutonic sneer which the Russians can afford to disregard. They gave the Germans a taste of their quality during the last war, ill-equipped as they then were, and are merely giving them further proof of their readiness to make every sacrifice in the defence of their country.

With the exception of the small Baltic States and the Minsk region, it is apparent from the reports to hand that as a result of more than a week's fighting the German hordes have been held for the greater part of the 1500 mile front. The occupation of Lwow marks but slow progress in that area where for the most part the Russians have managed to maintain a successful defence. Further north it is alleged by the Germans that their mechanized arm has reached and progressed beyond Minsk, but there is no evidence at present available that the in-

Poland's Hero

There will be deep sorrow over the death of M. Ignace Jan Paderewski, Poland's hero and one of the greatest musicians in the world. M. Paderewski succumbed at the age of eighty years to pneumonia, contracted in New York. The circumstances of this tragic death serve to emphasize the part Paderewski played in the restoration of his country's independence after the great war of 1914 to 1918. During this struggle he was active in persuading the Allies to recognize the right of the Polish nation, then split between Russia, Germany, and Austria, to an independent existence. Especially active was he in the United States, where his great prestige as a pianist made his appeals on behalf of his people more readily listened to and sympathized with by the general public. Paderewski took an active part in the peace parleys at Versailles and his signature is appended to the peace treaty which was there signed. He became the first Prime Minister of his country, but later differences with Marshal Pilsudski, who was president, caused his withdrawal from politics, though never from working for the best interests of his country. After the Nazis had over-run Poland on the outbreak of the present war, Paderewski was elected president. He made a vow never to play in public until his country had again been liberated. It is a thousand pities that he did not live to see the dawn of the day of new liberation, which will assuredly arrive. The great men of this century have been few up to now, and some of them have only lately been discovered in the stress and tempest of war. But among them, when history comes to be written, will undoubtedly be Ignace Jan Paderewski.

Hitler's Fears of U.S.

President Roosevelt the other day stated that the American war machine was producing some articles at peak, while others would not reach the peak until possibly six months or a year. In saying this, he gave warning to Hitler that he must win quickly or not win at all. The Nazi chances of a swift victory are daily becoming more remote. Their miscalculation over the ability of the Russians to resist their new Blitzkrieg tactics may place their victory outside the bounds of possibility. At all events, the campaign on the eastern front will give the western democracies more time to perfect their preparations, and must cause serious weakness in the Nazi ranks, wherein losses cannot be so easily replaced as Goebbels and his satellites would like the rest of the world to believe. In the meantime the production of the United States is steadily increasing, in spite of a minor set-back in the aeroplane industry, due to shortage of some essential materials, which will be repaired within the next three months. An ever-increasing number of guns, tanks, armoured vehicles, and munitions are coming off the lines in the American factories, and all that the United States can spare from her own increasing defence needs, are being shipped to Britain, or the parts of the British Empire where they can be put to the greatest immediate use. The fact that the Germans have now to fight a naval war against Soviet Russia, as well as on the land, will doubtless take some of the force out of their efforts in the Battle of the Atlantic, since Germany has only a limited number of U-boats, and these U-boats cannot be fighting the Russians and at the same time be somewhere in the Atlantic seeking to stop the flow of supplies to Britain. Everything seems to point towards the fact that the United States assistance will be more and more powerful every day, until at length Britain will be able to undertake on a larger scale that she is at present doing, the long-promised offensive. In the United States there has been a comprehensive round-up of Nazi agents. Hitler, by invading Soviet Russia, may well have caused all Communist agitation in America to cease, since the Russians will be as glad to receive American assistance as anyone else. If there were any Communist agitators behind the recent strikes in vital American industries, they will by now have realised their shortsightedness, and be among the most diligent in urging the American worker to produce to the utmost of his ability. Hitler does well to fear the United States, as Col. Frank Knox has pointed out, whether that country enters the conflict as an active combattant or not. Even with Europe at his feet, Hitler cannot hope to match the combined output of the British Empire and the United States, for many years to come.

STRAY NOTES

Shanghai,—June 30.—With the summer well advanced practically every bird in the country has got young hatched out and a change of behaviour may be noted by those who keep their eyes and ears open. Birds with young become more furtive in their habit and the full spate of early summer song dies down: even the cock Pheasants seldom crow as they help to *amah* nides of month-old flappers through the beans and cotton: how rapidly they dash in all directions when disturbed, and with lightning speed disappear into every little hollow—just as mother taught them. (By the way, the most interesting "little strangers" seen last week was a bevy of baby Quail—sure proof that the common Quail does sometimes stay to nest with us). Perhaps the most interesting reflection on bird behaviour in the summer lies in the temporary lull in song. Single-brooded birds tend more and more to give up song, but those which have two or more broods behave differently: as soon as one young family are able to fend for themselves they are pushed out into the country to form their own little flocks and the whole cycle of the breeding season begins again for the parents: Father Dove begins to coo and "bob" ....Father Bulbul takes little display flights and yells chi-oo-chi-oo-chi-oo: Blackbird sings all over again, but perhaps not with the complete abandon of spring....mother flutters her wings to be fed....and then goes and lays another clutch of eggs. And while I am on this question of bird-song, here is another answer to the old question "why do birds sing?".... because it is another method worked out by Nature to enable the female to recognize the male, not only as one of a sex but also as an individual—for each bird has a distinctive voice: and this leads to an interesting thought: birds in which the plumage of male and female are most nearly alike *are usually the best and loudest singers*: think of Blackbird, Shrike and Oriole....and does it not at least sound a reasonable idea?—E.S.W.

...OLOGY AIDS IN WAR

...tical applications of psychology to ...cupational, educational, and social ...have never acquired such promin... ...eat Britain as during the present war. ...al side is important, writes Char... ...ers in the "Manchester Guardian." ...r proved the futility of treating war ...general hospitals and by doctors ...in modern psycho-therapy. Before ...the of the present war the Ministry ...had made appropriate arrangements ...ption in special hospitals, and for ...is treatment, of civilians and sold... ...ng from what in the previous war ...shell shock."

...e past twenty years in this country ...ng number of trained psychologists ...improving the methods of vocational ...nd selection to help those choosing ...o find the one best fitted to them ...ers to choose the best applicant for ...st. All three of our fighting Services ...vailing themselves of the knowledge ...ence thus gained. The War Office ...y appointed a small advisory com... ...psychological experts, and the Ad... ...s asked a distinguished vocational ...t to report on its present methods ...and to suggest ways in which it ...mproved.

...d Royal Air Force officers are now ...matically trained by civilian psycho... ...structed by these Services in methods ...duller and the abler soldiers and ...be allocated to suitable positions ...particular arm of the Service to ...have already been assigned. Even ...in these days cannot employ the ...ch of the normal population, so ...ecome the pace of the modern army, ...is now mechanized. Different arms ...rent Services require different pro... ...highly intelligent, averagely in... ...nd lowly intelligent men. Men of ...gh intelligence have been found in ...Corps, and of hopelessly low in... ...the Royal Armoured (Tank) ...he system here described could be ...the examination both of men and ...before they were alloted to the ...s of the Services. Its value would ...increased.

...sts have also been asked by the ...vices to assist them in their prob... ...ning, especially by devising various ...which will shorten its duration. In ...have achieved a high measure of

...mprovement in Factories

...manufacture of munitions and in ...trial occupations psychologists have ...in enormously improving the ...the training of learners and at the ...n shortening the period of training. ...en done by carefully selecting the ...able teachers, by establishing ...of training isolated as com... ...pletely as possible from production, by working out a method of instruction involving the use of the least tiring movements, the best positions, and the best ways of handling for implements and materials, and by giving explanations of the reasons and general principles underlying such movements, positions, and handling.

The novice is taught at the outset to inspect his own products; he is also shown a "museum of faults" exemplifying the errors to which he is most liable, and he is taught how to avoid them and how to deal with them when they occur. These psycologically-based methods of training have proved of special value to the engineering trades, where novices are so often required to replace semiskilled workers who have necessarily been transferred to more highly skilled work.

Industrial (or, as it should properly be termed, occupational) psychology has also been engaged during the present war in helping firms to improve the ventilation of their factories and their illumination, which in general had been seriously impaired owing to the introduction of the black out and were causing undue strain and fatigue and increased absenteeism and labour turnover. It also helped in the most advantageous re-arrangement of shifts, hours of work, and rest-pauses, at a time when employers, specially those engaged on Government contracts, were being unwisely urged to prolong daily working hours excessively.

IN PARENTHESIS

Inspiration Dries Up

"I got tight in order to compose a new drinking song."

"And did it work?"

"No, I couldn't get beyond the first two bars."

* * *

Ages Of Woman

A girl of twenty who contemplates marrying a man of forty, says a clergyman, should remember that when she is forty he will be sixty. It is, of course, better for a girl of forty to marry a man of twenty—then they'll reach sixty round about the same time.

* * *

Frankly Speaking

"I want a word of advice," the young man remarked to his uncle.

"Well?" said Uncle tersely.

"What is the best way to approach you for a loan?"

"If you are sensitive," replied Uncle grimly, "you had better write for it. Then when you get my reply just tear it up without reading it."

* * *

Involuntary Volunteering

After returning from a 20-mile hike, the officer in command of a negro company said before dismissing his men:

"All men who are too tired to take another hike, step forward two paces."

The entire company stepped forward except one big, husky six-footer. Noticing him the officer said:

"Well, Johnson, ready for ten miles more?"

"No, sah," replied Johnson, "Ah'm jest too tired to even take dem two steps."

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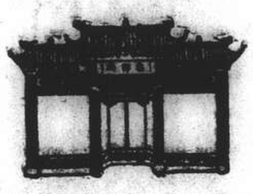

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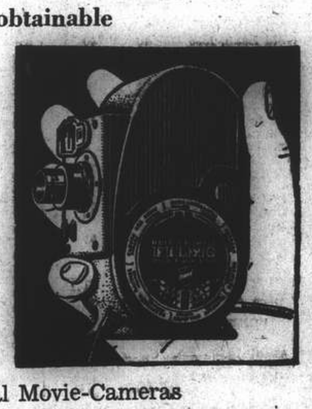

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, June 30.

Quietly easier conditions prevailed on Wall Street today, with stock quotations mainly closing fractions lower from Saturday.

Trading was light today, owing to the cautiousness of operators, who kept to the sidelines, in view of the conflicting war reports from the Russian fronts, the introduction of price-ceilings in certain commodities and awaiting clarification of the new tax legislation.

The volume of business done totalled only 270,000 share.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	124.43	122.87	123.14	—0.26
20 Rails	28.43	28.36	28.41	—0.06
15 Utilit.	17.88	17.75	17.80	—0.06
40 Bonds	——	——	91.12	—0.07
11 Commod.	——	——	72.27	—1.30

June 28	30	June 28	30
Adams Exp 6	6	Int T & T *4¼	2¼
Alg Lud 22½	22¾	Johns Man 63¾	64
Allis Chal 28½	27½	Kennecott 36¼	36¼
Amer Can 82½	83	Libbey O F 27¾	28
Am Cyan 38¼	37⅞	Lockheed 25	24¾
Am For Pr 0½	*0¾	Loew's *29¾	29¾
,, $7 pfd *19	*19	Martin *28¾	28¼
Am Loco 13¾	13¼	Mont Ward 33¾	33⅝
Am Metal *17¼	*17¼	Nat Avian *8¼	*8¼
Am Radtr 6⅜	6½	Nat City *28	*28
Am R Mill 14	14	Nat Dairy *13⅝	13½
Am Smelt *41½	41½	Nat Dist 20½	21¼
Am Sug 16½	*16	Nat P & L 6⅝	6¾
Am T & T 156	156½	Nat Sup *6½	6¾
Am Tob *69½	70	N Y Cent 12½	12¼
Am Wtwrks 4½	4½	Niag Hud 2⅜	2⅜
Anaconda 27½	27	N A Avian 14½	14¼
Atchison 28¾	28⅞	N Am Co 12½	12¼
Avian Corp 3¼	3½	N Pacific 6½	6½
Bald Loco 15	15	Packard 2½	2½
Balt & O *3½	3½	Pantepec *3½	3½
Barns Oil 9¾	9½	Penn R R 23⅜	23⅜
Bendix 37	36⅞	Paramount 11	10¼
Beth Steel 73¾	72½	Phil Pet 43	42⅞
Bliss 16½	*16½	Pullman 26¾	26¾
Boeing 16½	16½	Pure Oil 9½	9½
Borg War 17	16⅞	Radio 4	3⅞
Briggs *19½	19½	Reading 16⅞	16½
Budd Mfg *3¼	3¼	Rem Arms *4⅜	*4½
Can Pac 3⅜	3⅜	Rep Avian 3⅜	3¼
Celanese *22¼	22½	Rep St 19¾	19½
Chase N B *31½	*29½	Rey Tob 32¾	32¼
Ches & O 36¼	36¼	Schenley 10½	11¼
Chrysler *57⅞	57	Shell U Oil 14⅞	14½
Col G & E 2¼	2⅜	Soc Vac 9	8¾
Col Credit 23⅞	24	Sthrn Pac 11⅞	11⅞
Con Edis 18½	18½	Sthrn Rly 24¼	24
Com & Sth 0⅞	0⅞	Spicer 34	35
Cons Oil 5⅞	5¾	Std Brands 5⅞	5⅞
Copld St *14¼	*14¼	Std G & E 0⅞	*0⅞
Curtis Wr 8¾	7⅞	Std Oil 40¼	40¼
Dist Corp *14½	14½	Studebaker 5½	5⅛
Douglas 72½	71⅞	Swift Int *18⅞	*18⅞
Du Pont 154¾	154½	Technicor *8¾	8½
E P Lead *8½	8½	Texas 39	39½
Elec A Lite 28	27⅞	Transamer *4¼	4½
Elec B & S 2½	2½	Tw Cent *5½	*5¼
,, $5 pfd 52	52	Un B & P *11	11¼
,, $6 pfd 57½	56¼	Un Pac *80	80⅞
Elec P & L 32⅞	33	Un Air 39½	39½
Flintkote 13½	13½	Un A Lines 10½	10½
Gen Elec 32⅞	32½	Un Corp 0⅞	0⅞
Gen Motor 38⅞	38½	,, $3 pfd 22½	22⅞
Gen Rly *15	15	Un Gas 6⅞	6⅞
Gen T & R 10½	10½	U S Rub 22⅞	22½
Goodrich 13½	—	U S Steel 56⅞	55⅞
Goodyear 17⅞	17½	Vanadium 24⅞	*24½
Gt N I O *15⅞	15⅞	Vultee *6½	*6⅞
Gt N Rly 25⅞	25½	Walworth *4⅞	4½
Gt W Sug 24½	24	War Br Pcts 3⅞	3⅞
Int Nickel 25⅞	25	West Elec 94⅞	93
Int Paper 14⅞	14⅞	Woodward 27½	*27½

BONDS

Am For Pr 56½	56½	Erie 29	28⅞
Australian 66½	67	Int T & T 44⅞	43½
Brazil 20½	20½	N E G & E 56½	57½
,, 6½% *17	17½	Sthrn Pac 51⅞	51⅞
C S P & L 98½	98⅞	St G & E 89⅞	89⅞

*—Bid. †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Trading dwindled today, as prices moved within a narrow traders preferred to remain on the sidelines pending developments in the Russo-German war, clarification of Washington tax protposals and the impending July 4, holiday.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, June 30.

Sentiment was generally very cheerful on the London Stock Exchange today, with British gilt-edged securities especially holding firm. Industrials moved higher on good dividend prospects.

In the foreign bonds section, Japanese issues spurted further, with gains ranging over three points.—Reuter.

June	27	30
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan (Red.)	£104½	104½
3% Defence Loan	100⅞	100⅞
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	40	40
4½% Anglo-French Loan	38	38
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	23	23
5% Reorg Loan, 1913	31	31
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	7—9	7—9
5% Honan Rly., 1905	10	10
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	14	14
5% ,, ,, ,, (Ger. Is.)	13	13
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	9	9
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	14	14
5% T'sin-Pukow Rly. B.	10	10
5% ,, ,, G.	10	10
5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) B.	10	10
5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) G.	10	10
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	9	9
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	51	51
JAPANESE BONDS		
5% Sterling Loan, 1907	30	31½
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	33½	37
BANKS AND INSURANCE		
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	8⅜	8⅛
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	75½	76
,, ,, ,, (Col. Reg.)	80 N	80 N
Mercantile Bank of India	11	11
National Bank of India	31¼	31¼
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	22	22
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	11/-	11/-
B'tish American Tobacco	83/9	83/9
Dunlop Rubber	34/-	33/10½
Imp. Chem. Industries	31/6	31/9
United Steel	24/1½	24/-
Woolworths	50/9	51/3
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Min.	12/-	12/-
Chosen Corp.	4/-	4/-
Marsman Investments	5/7½	5/7½
Pekin-Syndicate	1/-	1/-
Sub-Nigel	143/9	†138/9
Western Holdings	13/6	14/-
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	36¾	37
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	15/-	15/-
London, Midland & Scot.	13⅜	13⅝
London, Midland & Scot.	13⅜	13⅜
S'hai Elec. Construction	13/6	13/6
S'hai Waterworks "A"	15	15
Shell Transport & Trad.	44/4½	44/4½

†—Ex dividend.

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, June 30.

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Hongkong	1/3 1/16
Madrid	40.00	Singapore	2/4 3/16
Berne	17.30	Yokohama	1/2½
Bel. Congo	176½	,, buying	1/2
Shanghai	3 11/16d.	Bangkok	1/10¼
Bombay	1/6		

New York U.S.$. T. T. on:

Spain	9.25 N.	Shanghai	5.51
Paris	2.34	Hongkong	24.61
Montreal	88.250	Hungary	19.85
Brazil	5.05	Manila	49.65 A
Japan	23.45/43*		

London	4.03½
Buenos Aires Paper	29.78
,, ,, ,, market rate	23.80
Montreal on London	4.57

B—Bid N—Nominal *—Offered †—Official. —Reuter.

U.S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, June 30.

The cotton market opened irregular today, with quotations ruling from 2 points down to 8 points up; with hedge-selling meeting with trade demand. The main topic of conversation centred on the Government's price-ceiling on textiles and the Senate Farm Bloc opposition. At the close, quotations ranged from 3 to 11 points down from the previous final levels.

Quietly easier conditions prevailed in the raw rubber futures market on belated liquidation and the absence of buying interest. At the last call-over, losses from 5 to 10 points were registered.

Chicago wheat prices ruled very steady, advancing on a good mill demand and buying on the reactionary theory. However, the uncertainty of a Government price-ceiling on grains tended traders to caution. At the final bell, gains from 1⅛ to 1⅜ cents were recorded.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
July	14.41 N. —09	Sept.	21.25-25 —05
Oct.	14.61-61 —03	Dec.	21.15-15 —15
Dec.	14.70-71 —07	Mar.	20.80 B —10
Jan.	14.68-68 —10		
Mar.	14.73-73 —05		
May	14.72-73 —08		

N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No. 4	
Sept.	2.50-51 —02 B/A	Sept.	1.08-08½ —2*½ B/A
Jan.	2.56-57 —02 B/A	Dec.	1.12-12½ —2½ B/A

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
July	104⅜-104¼ +1¼	July	73⅝ B unch.
Sept.	105⅞-105¾ +1⅛	Sept.	76¼ A +⅜
Dec.	107½-107⅜ +1⅜	Dec.	78⅛ A +⅜

New York Silk No. 1			
Sept.	2.92-93 —4½	Dec.	2.92-94 —6½ B/A

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, June 30.

Quiet conditions prevailed in the London tin and rubber markets today.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 15 7/16 —1/16; sellers 13 1/16 —1/16; July delivery, buyers 13½ unchanged; sellers 13⅝ unch.

London Tin: Standard, cash, middle price £256⅛ —1; 3 mths delivery, middle price £260⅛ —½.—Reuter

N.Y. Stock Market

New York, June 30.

The stock market declined mildly today in dull trading. Fluctuations were generally confined to a narrow range. Reports of German successes on the eastern front contributed to the decline. Sales totalled 270,000 shares.

The volume dwindled as prices eased and many traders turned to sidelines. There were indications that traders were awaiting further Russo-German war developments.

The month-end today found stocks above the May 31, level, bonds unchanged, commodities sharply higher and business at new record highs. These factors caused belief that the Federal Reserve production index had reached 156 per cent. of the 1935-39 average for the first half of 1941.

Compared to the end of 1940, industrial and utility averages declined, railroads gained slightly, bonds were moderately higher and commodities had advanced as much as 12½ per cent.

Inflation talk was increasing, meanwhile, causing Wall Street men to anticipate some hedging in stock dealings.—United Press.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

July 1.	Sales	Prices 10 a.m.	Prices p.m. Close
Atoks	.355		.36 B
Antamok	.05	A	.05 A
Bagiuo Gold	.14	B	.14 B
Batong Buhay	.0075	A	.0075 A
Big Wedge	.46	B	.46
Coco Grove	.08		.0775
Consolidated Mines	.0042		.0040 B
Demonstration	.05	A	.05 A
East Mindanao	.075	B	.08 B
I. X. L.	.22	A	.22 A
Ipo Gold	.05	A	.05 A
Itogen	.17	B	.17
Mambulao Consolidated	.01	A	.01 A
Masbate Consolidated	.0925	B	.095
Mine Operations	.055	A	.055 A
North Camarines	.025	A	.025 A
Paracale Gumaus	.245	A	.245 B
San Mauricio	.30	A	.30 A
Surigao Consolidated	.18	B	.13 B
Syndicate Investment	.025	A	.025 A
Suyoc	.09	B	.09 A
United Paracale	.165		.165
Mindanao Motherlode	.35	A	.35 B
Manila Hai-Alai	8.00	B	8.00 B
Benguet Consolidated (over the counter)	3.05	B	—

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:		June 30.
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1⅜%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Call money		⅞%
New York:		
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months		0½%B
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months		0 7/16%B
		0 9/16%A
Call money		1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

London Bullion

London, June 30.

London Gold: Bar Gold, fine, per ounce 168/- unchanged.

London Silver: The market ruled idle and no business was done, but prices were steady. After the official fixing the market ruled steady, without any business passing.

Spot	23⅜d. unch.
Forward	23⅜d. unch.

—Reuter.

Italian Consul in Manila Coming Here

Manila, July 1.

Count L. di San Marzano, Italian Consul here, today announced that he would close the consulate on July 10, five days ahead of the July 15 deadline.

Count San Marzano said he expected to go to Shanghai on July 14 where he would stay until a new assignment is received. — United Press.

Australian, Dutch, Malayan Agreement On Bases Reported

New York, June 30.

The Netherlands East Indies, Australia and British Malaya fearing aggression have reached agreements for the joint use of naval air bases, including Singapore, and also bases on East Indies islands in the event of an emergency, the Associated Press reliably learned from Batavia.

It was said that the agreement provided for, *inter-alia* the despatch of Australian infantry to Amboina Island. It was further reported that barracks to accommodate 10,000 additional British troops were under construction at Penang and Kuala Lumpur.

According to the Associated Press, informed circles pointed out that the announcement of such an agreement had not been made. It was recalled, however, that Sir Robert Brooke-Popham, Commander-in-Chief of the British Forces in the Far East, had hinted something of the kind in a recent speech when he declared, "The line running from Singapore to Australia through the Netherlands East Indies must be considered a strategic unit."—Domei.

"Preparing for Something"

Tokyo, July 1.

Belief that the United States was "preparing for something" in the south Pacific was voiced by the official spokesman at the foreign press conference here this morning in reply to a question by the D.N.B. correspondent about the "encirclement" of Japan by the disposition of United States aircraft in the Philippines, N.E.I., Malaya, Burma and China.

The spokesman thought that reports of American plane concentrations were highly credible, but denied that representations had been made to Washington.—Reuter.

Japan Bears Risks Currency Changes

Tokyo, July 1.

The Finance Ministry today formally announced that effective from today the Government will bear the risks of fluctuations in exchange rates of the United States dollar and foreign currencies linked with the dollar under provisions of the Foreign Exchange Loss Compensation Act approved at the last session of the Diet.

The United States dollar, Philippine peso, Canadian dollar, Brazilian milreis, Argentine peso, Netherlands East Indies guilder, French Indo-China piaster, Swiss Franc, Swedish krone, French franc, German mark and Italian lira will, all fall under the Act. The Government has already invoked the Act in connection with the pound sterling and foreign currencies linked with the pound sterling.

Measure to Aid Foreign Trade

Foreign exchange transactions will be concentrated in the Bank of Japan through the Yokohama Specie Bank, although exchange bankers will do business as usual on a commission basis. The Japanese Government will bear all losses and take all profits in connection with exchange fluctuations. The move was taken in an effort to build up Japan's foreign trade, which had been hampered by the inability of bankers to deal with exchange futures.—United Press.

Army Man Urges P.I. Independence

Washington, July 1.

Major-General William C. Rivers, in a letter published in the "Congressional Record" circulated yesterday, expressed his opposition to postponement of granting of Philippine Independence after 1946 because of the difficulty of protecting the archipelago and because of the alleged disadvantages to United States farmers and sugar producers.

In the letter, written to Representative Fred L. Crawford of Michigan, Major-General Rivers declared that "I believe Japan will not annex the Philippines in 1946." He said that Japan was so near to the Philippines that she would, in any event, always get much trade from the Philippines.

"My conviction, after many years residence in many parts of the Philippines, is that the islands are an economic and strategic liability to the people of the United States," the letter concluded.—United Press.

Genuine Enthusiasm for War Asked in India

Poona, July 1.

A resolution urging the Government of India to foster a genuine and wholehearted enthusiasm for the war by entrusting control of India's effort to an executive council of non-official Indians drawn from the main elements of India's public life, was passed by a meeting yesterday of the Council of the Indian National Liberal Federation.

The meeting expressed grave concern at the development of the war situation, and recognized that it was full of peril for India.

The Council firmly opined that India's political progress was possible only if the Democracies emerged victorious from the war.—Reuter.

Body of P.I. Official To Be Taken to Manila

Washington, July 1.

The body of Sr. Francisco Varona, labour attache to the Philippine Resident Commissioner who died in New York last week, will be returned to Manila aboard one of the De la Rama boats, Sr. Joaquin Elizalde, Resident Commissioner, announced yesterday.

At first it was believed the remains would be taken to Manila aboard a United States Army transport as a tribute to Sr. Varona's work on Philippine-American relations, but Sr. Elizalde decided it would be more suitable if the remains were taken home aboard a Philippine vessel, with the Philippine flag flying at half-mast.—United Press.

Japan Faces New Problems in Nazi-Soviet Death Struggle

By Reuter's Far Eastern Editor

London, July 1.

EVEN Japan begins to show signs of alarm at Herr Hitler's gargantuan ambitions. Japanese papers such as the "Kokumin Shimbun," hitherto ardently pro-Axis, are saying that Japan will be faced with grave problems if Axis hegemony extends across the Urals into Asiatic Russia and that it is imperative that the geographical limits of Herr Hitler's "new order" and Japan's "sphere of prosperity in East Asia" should be clearly defined.

If the German review of the first week of the war on Russia was partly intended to impress Japan and induce her to have a go at Russia too, as is believed in some quarters in London, the result seems likely to be exactly contrary to what Herr Hitler expected.

A Horrid Shock

There are signs that Japan had had a horrid shock. In 1936 she and Germany embraced each other in the anti-Comintern pact, swearing allegiance against Communism and all its works. In 1939, without a word to Japan, Herr Hitler swore equal allegiance with the previously execrated Bolsheviks. In 1940 the downfall of France enabled Herr Hitler, by playing on the greed of Japanese imperialists, to draw Japan into the tripartite treaty. In April, 1941 Herr Hitler further used his influence in Tokyo and Moscow to bring about the Russo-Japanese neutrality pact. And less than three months later, once more without a word to Japan, he again upset all her calculations by launching his armies at Russia.

On every day but one since this latest treachery, conferences of the highest military, naval and civil authorities have been held at Prince Konoye's residence in Tokyo, giving eloquent proof of the Japanese perplexity since these conferences normally are held only once a week.

Not Called on to Fight

Actually Japan is not obliged to do anything. Since it was Germany who attacked Russia and not vice versa, the tripartite treaty does not in any way oblige Japan to come to Germany's aid; while the pact with Russia does explicitly pledge her to remain neutral.

On the other hand, the notorious "young officer" class in Japan, which in 1933 wanted to round off the occupation of Manchuria by seizing the Russian maritime provinces while Russia in the Far East was still weak, will argue that Japan must not miss this opportunity of pulverizing Russia's Far Eastern forces and staking out her claims against the possible appearance of Herr Hitler in Asia.

Against this the more sober-minded Japanese argue that if Japan now attacked Russia she might find herself at war with Britain and possibly with America too; and her recent acceptance of the Dutch rejection of her demands on the Netherlands East Indies shows clearly that she is not ready for that.

Two Fomidable Facts

Apart from all speculation there remain two formidable facts which Japan can never ignore—the endless exhausting war in China and increasing signs of exhaustion in Japan itself. Since the complete failure of a huge quadruple Japanese offensive started to round up and destroy the principal Chinese armies, large-scale operations in China have died down during the fierce summer heat.

But there is much evidence that the Chinese tactics continue to take steady toll of Japanese lives. At the end of the last year, according to recently published figures, the Japanese already admitted over a million casualties in China.

Rice Harvest Poor

In Japan itself this year's rice harvest is expected to be 15 per cent. below last year's, which was considerably below that of 1939. This falling off is due to lack of fertilizer and labour as a result of the war. The effect of malnutrition and overwork is revealed by a Government survey of conditions in 800 Japanese factories, chiefly in the heavy industries. During 1940 among 2,200,000 workers there was a total of 594,150 casualties. These would not all result in death, but it is safe to say that there were many more minor accidents which were not thought worth reporting.

Meanwhile a disagreeable discovery by all Japanese papers is that the Russo-German war, by closing the Trans-Siberian Railway, has cut Japan's last trade with Europe. Increasing difficulty is found in floating the huge loans needed for the war in China. All in all Japan may find cause for meditating on the fruits of "prancing imperialism" and the extreme undesirability of prancing out in any new direction.—Reuter.

Foreigners Warned Against Staying In Chungking

Tokyo, July 1.

The "Japan Times & Advertiser" today in an editorial advised foreigners to evacuate Chungking or else suffer the consequences of Japanese bombings without complaint.

The newspaper, which is regarded as a semi-official organ of the Foreign Office, said Japanese air raids on Chungking "should bear home to all nationals residing there that they are in an unduly exposed military position. The obligation must rest upon foreign governments to take precautions for removal of their offices and representatives."

The newspaper said that in no country under modern war time conditions can attacking forces be expected to be able to protect certain institutions in bombed zones.

"European Example Quoted"

"For example, from time to time bombs in European capitals affect foreign interests, and the governments so affected make the usual allowances based on the laws of the usages of war—that neutrals in the path of conflict must expect incidental and accidental sufferings," said the newspaper.....

"It is recognized that, in a state of siegé such as exists in Chungking under modern conditions of airplane attacks, civil law is suspended and military law supervenes," said the newspaper. "This is another way of saying that a fortress like Chungking recognizes that civil conditions and laws are suspended and all persons within fortresses are presumed to be subject to military conditions without recourse to civil rights."

At Their Own Risk

The newspaper warned that anyone who remains in Chungking does so at their own risk, because "despite every precaution to confine attacks to military objectives, the whole city is a military objective and it is unreasonable to expect their (property) will be immune from destructive effects of general bombing."

The newspaper also said that "obligation rests upon the Chiang Kai-shek government to prevail upon nationals of other countries to keep away from danger spots or stay at their own risk. Or perhaps Chungking Chinese prefer to have foreign missions among them in the hope that (Japanese) planes will keep away rather than risk foreign complications. This interpretation is too much to ask an attacking force to respect."—United Press.

Spokesman's Comment

Regretting that Sir Arthur Blackburn, Counsellor of the British Embassy at Chungking was wounded during the Japanese air raid of June 29, the Japanese naval spokesman at yesterday's press conference declared that the British officials were not in the area the Japanese recognize as a safety zone.

The spokesman expressed the hope that the British officials would move out of the danger zone to avoid the possibility of any danger during Japanese air raids on Chungking.

Japanese Seize More Goods in Hanoi

Hanoi, July 1.

Japanese authorities in French Indo-China have seized 250 tons of cotton cloth, 500 tons of cotton thread, and 10 tons of stock in tools and metal tubes, it was learned yesterday. The goods were owned mostly by Chinese.—United Press.

Manchoukuo Creates New Province

Changchun, June 30.

The Government announced today that the newly created province of Ssuping will come into being on July 1.

The new Ssuping province comprises an area of 29,000 square kilometres and has a population of 3,000,000, the density of which in comparison to its area is the highest throughout Manchuria and equals that of Fengtien province.

The new province has been marked out of Fengtien and Kirin province, comprising Ssupingshih (formerly known as Ssupingkai) the Kaiyuan, Sifeng, Changtu, Lishou, Shuangshan, Hailung, Tungfeng and Sian districts of Fengtien, and the Changling district of Kirin.

Mr. Hsi Chia-huan, Counsellor of the General Affairs Board of the State Council of Manchoukuo, has been appointed as Governor of the province, while Mr. Koyotake Noda, also a counsellor of the Board, is taking up the portfolio of Vice-Governor.—Domei.

Shigemitsu Arrives In New York

New York, June 30.

Mr. Memoru Shigemitsu, Japanese Ambassador to Great Britain, who is on his way home to Japan, arrived here by Clipper this afternoon.

Mr. Shigemitsu is due to proceed to Washington tomorrow to confer with Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura, Japanese Ambassador to Washington, and after that will go direct to San Francisco where he will embark in the N.Y.K. liner Kamakura Maru on July 5 for Japan.—Domei.

Foreign Policy of China Unchanged

Chungking, July 1.

"My assumption of the office of Foreign Minister will not result in any change in the foreign policy of China, whose firm decision relentlessly and vigorously to pursue a policy of resistance, until victory is won, remains unchanged", declared Dr. Quo Tai-chi, who was formally sworn in as Foreign Minister of the National Government yesterday morning.

At an informal press conference yesterday afternoon the new Foreign Minister stated: "China will never accept any specious peace terms or negotiated peace which is detrimental to China's essential rights. China made the decision to resist Japanese aggression when she fought almost single-handed. Naturally she will continue resistance now that she finds herself in growing company."

Dr. Quo expressed gratification that Democracies are now resisting aggression, particularly Britain, the United States, and Soviet Russia, by working in close co-operation, adding that "China will make a contribution in the building of a new world order in which countries can live without fear of want, in an atmosphere of peace and friendship."

Questioned as to the power and duties of Mr. Owen Lattimore, President Roosevelt's personal representative to Chungking, Dr. Quo Tai-chi said that he had not yet had time to study the telegrams exchanged on this subject, but declared that the appointment might be taken to indicate close political co-operation between China and the United States or close co-operation between President Roosevelt and Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek.

Replying to a question regarding the exchange of Ministers between China and Australia, he said that this matter was discussed in London between himself and Mr. R. G. Menzies, the Australian Prime Minister, and that, although an agreement had already been reached, a Chinese Minister to Australia had not yet been appointed.—Reuter.

U.S. Said to Have Sunk German Submarines

Washington, July 1.

Senator Burton K. Wheeler, Democrat of Montana, yesterday asked Senate investigation of reports American naval vessels had shot or sunk German naval craft.

Senator Wheeler named Joseph Alsop, well known columnist, and Drew Pearson and Robert S. Allen, authors of the "Washington Merry-Go-Round," as having written that American naval vessels had been "shooting at or destroying" German naval craft

He also demanded investigation of charge made by General Hugh S. Johnson, well known columnist and Administration critic, that there was little doubt "we (United States) already have sunk German submarines."—United Press.

Syrian Independence to Be Same As Egypt's

London, July 1.

An independent status similar to that of Egypt, and confirmed by a treaty on the Anglo-Egyptian model, is envisaged for Syria, according to reports from Damascus.

Meanwhile, members of the Syrian Government, it is stated, have been requested to carry on their administrative duties as usual.

It is expected that a more formal aspect will shortly be given to the promises contained in the recent Allied declaration by an exchange of communications between the occupying forces and the Syrian Government intended to form the basis for detailed discussions on the country's future status.

Questions of trade and finance and the country's future economic stability, it is assumed, will also be the subject of detailed discussion very shortly.

It will be recalled that in announcing the Allied entry into Syria three weeks ago, the British Government said: "At the same time a declaration has been issued by General Catroux, on behalf of General de Gaulle, guaranteeing the liberty and independence of Syria and the Lebanon, and undertaking to negotiate a treaty to ensure these objects. His Majesty's Government support and associate themselves with this promise of independence."—Reuter.

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FROM DAY TO DAY

TODAY is the birthday of the Crown Prince of Norway, who was born in 1903.

THE death occurred on April 26, at Pavenham, Beds., of Angus Gordon Lyle Renny, husband of Sheila Renny.

FRIENDS of Miss M. A. Fair will be glad to learn that she arrived safely in England at the end of last week.

THE talk by Stella Alexander every Thursday afternoon at 3.50 p.m. during the Woman and Home programme continues to draw a wide circle of interested listeners.

DR. Shuzo Sato, President of the Shanghai Science Institute on Ghisi Road, will leave Shanghai for Tokyo on Thursday in the ss. Tatsuta Maru, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

AN original programme which cleverly blends the best dance records with nostalgic French melodies sung by Miss Edith Grey will be broadcast from XCDN today at 7.30 p.m.

IN view of the importance of Ningpo as a commercial city, a wireless service will be inaugurated between Shanghai and Ningpo by the Central China Telecommunications Company as from July 1, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

THE result of the drawing of Mrs. Spence's raffle which took place yesterday at the Shanghai Race Club was—No. 64, brooch; 737, ring; 1290, ink-well and clock. The Central British War Fund has received $10,100 as a result.

A MALE Chinese was taken to St. Luke's No. 2 Hospital at 12.14 a.m. yesterday after he had been found to be suffering from drug poisoning. The victim, it was reported, had taken wrong medicine. His condition was not said to be very serious.

HELLO children, Station XMHD calling! The Young Folk's Hour will change over to summer-time today and will be on the air every Wednesday at 6.30 until 7 p.m. Tune in on 760 kc or 395 m today for another interesting programme.

Two Chinese women were knocked down by a motor cycle at the corner of Ningkuo and Hangchow Roads at 8.50 a.m. They were conveyed to the Yangtszepoo Hospital in an S.F.B. emergency ambulance. Both sustained various minor injuries.

AT 12.20 a.m. yesterday a Chinese was knocked down by a motor car opposite Ciro's on Bubbling Well Road, just as he was crossing the street. An ambulance was called out and the injured man was taken to Paulun Hospital, suffering from laceration of scalp and contusions.

NUMEROUS art enthusiasts have visited the exhibition of modern Chinese paintings by Mr. Y. Chang, now open from 10 a.m. to 8 p.m. daily at the Sun Company Art Gallery. Mr. Chang, a well known local artist, excels in both Chinese and foreign paintings. The exhibition closes on Sunday.

PARAMOUNT studio recently figuratively gave the shirt off Madeleine Carroll's back to the cause of British war relief. The costume of an Anglican Mission nurse, which the blonde actress wore in Cecil B. De Mille's technicolour epic, "North West Mounted Police," will be auctioned for the cause.

THIS week's meeting of the Rotary Club will be held Thursday at the Metropole Hotel, 1st floor, at 12.15 p.m. The speaker for the day will be Miss Marion Wilcox, who has come to Shanghai for a few weeks from the interior of China, and has introduced a course in Chinese phonetics, at the Beggar Camp, which has been found successful for community education in the hinterland.

FOLLOWING the recent instruction of the Ministry of Finance of the Nanking regime, income taxes are now being collected through authorized agents in the occupied area of Wusih for the first half of this year, says a report to the "Kuo Min Daily News." It is also learned that the income tax administrative office of the Ministry has been established at Hangchow to investigate into local industrial and business conditions and assessing the income taxes.

THE Gilbert and Sullivan programme at 9.30 p.m., today from XCDN includes two scenes. The first, from the "Yeomen of the Guard," has the songs "Were I thy Bride'" and "When a Wooer goes a wooing" and the second, with dialogue from "The Mikado," includes "Here's How-de-do" and "Brightly Dawns our Wedding-day." Mrs. Ena Wilson, Miss Winifred Allan, Mr. Robert Stuart and Edward McKay also sing numbers from Iolanthe and The Pirates of Penzance.

SHANGHAI Municipal Orchestra and Band Orchestral Concert in Koukaza Park Route Voyron Entrance today, at 9.15 p.m. weather permitting. Programme:—

Overture "Carneval Romain" ....Berlioz
Suite Algerienne .....Saint-Saens
Prelude
Rhapsodie Mauresque
Reverie du Soir (Klida)
Marche Militaire Francaise
Rapsodie Espana .....Chabrier
Suite "Scheherazade" after "The Thousand and One Night" Ramsky-Korsakoff
The Sea and Sindbad's Ship
The Story of the Kilandar Princess
The Young Prince and the Young Princess
Festival at Bagdad—The Sea—The Ship goes to pieces on a rock surmounted by a bronze warrior—Gonhlusion.
Conductor: Maestro Mario Paci.

THE Navy Y.M.C.A. wishes to acknowledge with grateful thanks the donation of books and magazines received from the following persons during June:—Mr. P. C. Colman, National Committee Y.M.C.A., Miss Y. Guignard, Secretary Columbia Country Club, Mrs. V. Desborough, Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Viloudaki, E. S. Wise, H. F. Kay, Mrs. W. A. Hale, Dr. Burst of Chefoo, P. H. Chang, J. B. Hipps, A. U. Fox, Miss M. A. Frame, A. R. Kepler, J. Mascarello, Dr. T. G. Worden, Mr. McDaniel of Soochow, C. L. L. Williams, Miss Lyra Mae Francis, Dr. G. Carleton Lacy, C. F. Wolsiffer, P. H. Bordwell, Rev. Wesley M. Smith of Changchow, Major A. Bassett, Eastman Kodak Co., Mrs. R. M. White, and others. The Navy Y.M.C.A. is always pleased to receive books, magazines, games and playing cards for use among Service men.

Many Service Men Honoured By King in Birthday List

London, July 1.

MEN in all three Services prominent in the building up of Britain's home defences share, with those on active service abroad, in awards announced in the Services section of the King's Birthday Honours List, published here today. For the first time Home Guard officers are to receive awards.

Principal awards are the Knight Commandership of Bath to the following eight officers:

Vice-Admiral John Henry Cunningham, cousin of the Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean fleet. He relinquished command of the First Cruiser Squadron in April to become Chief of Supplies and Transport at the Admiralty;

Vice-Admiral William Whitworth, who directed the victorious action in the second naval battle at Narvik, when seven German destroyers were sunk. Last December he was appointed Second-in-Command of the Home Fleet, and in May was made Lord Commissioner of the Admiralty and Chief of Naval Personnel;

Acting Vice-Admiral Tom Spencer Vaughan Phillips, who is described as "one of the smallest and cleverest officers in the Service". He has a reputation as a fine strategist and was appointed by Mr. Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister, as Admiralty Commissioner soon after the outbreak of war;

Lieutenant-General Alan Barway Bourne, former Adjutant-General of the Royal Marines and for some years Colonel Commandant of Portsmouth division;

Lieutenant-General Charles Noel Broad, who is one of the pioneers of mechanized warfare in the British Army, having played a big part in the development of tanks. He was appointed General Officer Commanding of the Eastern Command in India just over a year ago;

Anti-Aircraft Commander

Lieutenant-General Sir Frederick Pile, who is anti-aircraft Commander-in-Chief and developed the effective anti-aircraft barrage system. He began his varied career as a gunner;

Lieutenant-General Sir Ronald Forbes Adam, who stands high among the "brains" of the modern army. General Adam succeeded Lord Gort as Commandant of the Staff College at Camberley in 1937 and in 1939 was made Deputy Chief of the Imperial General Staff;

General Eric de Burgh, who until recently was Chief of the General Staff in India and led a brilliant campaign against the Fakir of Ipi in the Khyber Pass region;

Air Marshal William Sholto Douglas, who is Chief of the Fighter Command. One of his chief and most difficult tasks has been to combat night raiders, and the improved results in night fighting are due to his skill and initiative; and,

Air Marshal William Lawrie Welsh, who rose from Wing Commander to Air Marshal (Acting) in nine years, and as a member of the Air Council played a prominent part in connection with the expansion of the R.A.F.

To Officers in India

The Knight Commandership of the Star of India is awarded to General Alan Hartley, General Officer Commander-in-Chief of the Northern Command of India, and the Knight Commandership of the Indian Empire to Vice-Admiral Herbert Fitzherbert, Flag Officer Commanding the Royal Indian Navy.

Commodore Milne Henderson, Chief of Staff of the Royal Indian Navy, receives the Companionship of the Indian Empire.

The Knight Grand Cross is awarded to Air Chief Marshal Sir Frederick Dowhill, who was recently appointed to take charge of the organization handling reception of aircraft ferried from America.

The following five officers are awarded the Knight Commandership of the British Empire:

Vice-Admiral Bruce Fraser, Third Sea Lord, who is responsible for the supply of naval materials like ships guns and torpedoes;

Vice-Adm. Cunningham

Vice-Admiral Robert Hornell (retired) serving as Commodore in the Royal Naval Reserve;

Major-General Basil Hill, Colonel Commandant of the Royal Army Ordnance Corps,

Major-General Henry Colville Wemyss, late of the Royal Corps of Signals,

Air Marshal Harold Whittingham, Director of Hygiene at the Air Ministry and physician to the King.

Ten C.B.'s

Among appointments and promotions in minor grades are the following ten Companionships of Bath:

Rear-Admiral Colin Cantrie; Rear-Admiral James Dorling, brother of novelist Tapnell Dorling, better known as "Traffrail"; Rear-Admiral Arthur Power, Lord Commissioner of the Admiralty, who formerly commanded the Ark Royal; Major-General Henry Loyd, who, it was announced in March, had become "specially employed" though the nature of the employment has never been stated; Major-General Arthur Percival, commanding British and Imperial forces in Singapore; Major-General Douglas Dickinson, who is in charge of administration at the War Office and commanded British forces in East Africa just before the outbreak of war, when he did much in training and preparing troops for battles in Abyssinia and Somaliland; Major-General Richard Dewing, late of the Royal Engineers; Colonel Edward Dorman; Acting Air Marshal Roderic Maxwell Hill; and Air Vice-Marshal David Donald.

Air Marshal Sholto Douglas

Among recipients of the Air Force Cross is Wing Commander David Waghorn, brother of the famous Schneider Trophy airman.

Women's Part Acknowledged

The increasing part played by women in all three Services is reflected by their inclusion in the list. Controller Mrs. Christian Fraser-Tytler, of the Auxiliary Territorial Service, received the Commandership of the British Empire, and Chief Commander, the Honourable Lady Lawrence, is awarded the officership of the British Empire. Corporal Minni Willans, of the Auxiliary Territorial Service, is the only woman among 48 recipients of the British Empire Medal.

Thirteen columns of naval awards are awarded for outstanding zeal, patience, cheerfulness and devotion to duty, without which the tradition of the Royal Navy could not be upheld.

The list includes the Distinguished Service Order to Lieutenant Commander Francis Howie. Bars to the Distinguished Service Cross to Sub-Lieutenant Stanley Orr and Acting Sub-Lieutenant Graham Hogg.

Forty recipients of the Distinguished Service Cross include several skippers in the Royal Naval Reserve.

There are 67 Distinguished Service Medals. Three members of the Woman's Auxiliary Air Force are specially commended for brave conduct.—Reuter.

U.S.S.R. Ships in U.S. Ports Ready To Take Materials

New York, June 30.

Nearly 20 Soviet vessels, lying in American ports, are ready to ferry United States materials to the Soviet Union through the Russian Armtorg Trading Company as soon as the State Department receives a formal request for American aid from Moscow, the "New York Times" reported.

The paper said that the Armtorg Trading Company had been co-operating with the Soviet Embassy in Washington to effect an immediate shipment of US$1,700,000 worth of American machine tools which had been stored in warehouses for the past six months waiting for a formal request from Moscow for American aid.

Though the tools are vital to the U.S.S.R., the Company will not spare Soviet vessels for shipment in view of the shortage of bottoms until Moscow instructions to that effect arrive.

Meanwhile, shipping circles were of the opinion that Soviet purchases of United States materials will in future be done on a cash-and-carry basis.—Domei.

Soviets Fighting to Destroy Hitlerism

Moscow, July 1.

Nazi Germany's invasion of Soviet Russia is only in the opening phase at present and fighting will continue as long as it is necessary to destroy Hitler, M. S. Lozovsky, Vice-Commissar of Foreign Affairs, told the press yesterday.

"This is the beginning of the end of Naziism," he declared. "The day the Soviet-German war broke out will go down as the most unfortunate date in German history."

Denying German claims that two Soviet armies had surrendered, M. Lozovsky said that the "ridiculous" German claims reminded him of the story of the bear hunter who shouted, "I've caught a bear but he won't let me go."

The Vice-Commissar recalled that Mr. David Lloyd-George, British World War Prime Minister, had stated in his "Memoires" that "it is easy to invade Russia but it is difficult to get out."—United Press.

Germans Do Not Want Emigres' Help

Zurich, July 1.

The Germans are reluctant to accept Russian emigres as volunteers against Russia, as the "Wilhelmstrasse" emphasies that Germany is not fighting in order to restore the former regime, says the Berlin correspondent of the "Neue Zuercher Zeitung."

He adds that German circles are also showing the "utmost reserve" towards the political aspirations of the Baltic States.

The paper's Rome correspondent says Italian political and military circles are issuing warnings against a belief that a quick victory will be gained over the Russians, as they have "powerful reserves of men and materials apart from possible traps due to expanse of territory and operations.—Reuter.

SHIPPING NEWS

According to the latest information, the fast French freighter **Gouverneur General A. Varenne** will be arriving today after a delay of one day. She is operated by Wallem and Company and will dock alongside Hunt's Wharf, Shanghai side. Her cargo includes a large shipment of 47,000 bags of rice.

* * *

After a two-day delay, the fast Panamanian freighter **Gran** will not be arriving here until Friday afternoon instead of today. The vessel is coming from Rangoon by way of Hongkong with 27,150 bags of rice and will dock alongside Hoong Shin Wharf in Pootung. Wallem and Company are the local agents for the vessel.

* * *

The D.K.K. liner **Dairen Maru** on the Tsingtao-Dairen-Shanghai run is scheduled to leave here tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from the company's Whangpoo Wharf, sailing on her return trip to northern ports. Passengers are required to board the vessel at least half an hour before sailing time. Registered mail to catch this steamer must be posted so as to reach the Head Post Office by 8 o'clock this evening ordinary mail closes 7.15 a.m. tomorrow.

* * *

Launching ceremonies of the freighter **Chinkiang Maru**, which was built at the Kiangnan Docks for the Toa Kaiun Kaisha, were held at the docks at 6 o'clock on Monday evening in the presence of Vice-Admiral Taiji Ota, Director of the Central China Liaison Office of the Asia Development Board, Rear-Admiral Seiji Taketa, Commander of the Japanese Naval Special Landing Party, and more than 200 other people. The **Chinkiang Maru** will be placed on the Shanghai-Hankow run.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From NAGASAKI: Nagasaki Maru, with mail, due 4 p.m., Yangtsepoo Wharf.

From PACIFIC PORTS and JAPAN: Tatuta Maru, with mail, due 6.30 p.m., Wayside Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York		From Manila	
D. Aurora	— 8/7	P Pierce	28/6 4/7
P Jackson	— 9/7	Asama M	28/6 9/7
Dona Nati	— 19/7	**From Yokohama**	
From Los Angeles		Toyooka M	— 6/7
Nitta M	16/6 21/7	Hakone M	— 19/7
K'kura M	30/6 4/8	**From Kobe**	
From Honolulu		Taiyo M	—
Nitta M	25/6 21/7	**From Nagasaki**	
		S'hai M	3/7 4/7
		Kobe M	5/7 6/7

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen	
T'tao M	1/7 3/7

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

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J.C.J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA and NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS.—For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N. V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Telephone 16247.

RANGOON AND CALCUTTA

JAMESLEE. A vessel sailing to RANGOON and CALCUTTA via HONGKONG and SINGAPORE on or about July 6. For freight rate please apply to James Lee & Co. immediately 150 Kiukiang Road, Telephone 11931. 5-7

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Karachi		For Manila	
Toyooka M	7/7	Dona Nati	22/7
For New York		Kamakura M	5/8
Dona Aurora	11/7	**For Hongkong**	
Dona Nati	22/7	P Jackson	10/7
For Los Angeles		Dona Aurora	11/7
P Pierce	5/7	Dona Nati	22/7
Asama M	10/7	**For Kobe and Yokohama**	
Dona Aurora	11/7	P Pierce	5/7
Tatuta M	19/7	Asama M	10/7
Dona Nati	22/7	Genoa M	11/7
For S. Francisco		**For Nagasaki**	
P Pierce	5/7	Kobe M	7/7
Asama M	10/7	Nagasaki M	3/7
Tatuta M	19/7	Shanghai M	5/7
For Manila		**For Dairen**	
Tatuta M	3/7	Dairen M	3/7
P Jackson	10/7	Tsingtao M	5/7
Dona Aurora	11/7	Tientsin M	7/7

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Taikyu M.	Japan	Y.K.K.
Maya M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Kasiwa M.	Habour	K.U.K.
Helan M.	Tsingtao	N.Y.K.
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Chung Hua
Myogi M.	Japan	T.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Fukuei M.	Jap.	Showa S.
Norse Carrier	Pana.	Wallem
Nittoku M.	Jap.	M.S.K.
U.S.S. Wake	Am.	
Hoten M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Taiyo M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Cape Flattery	Am.	Everett
Pelan	Jap.	K.U.K.
Hisi M. 2	Jap.	M.S.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B.

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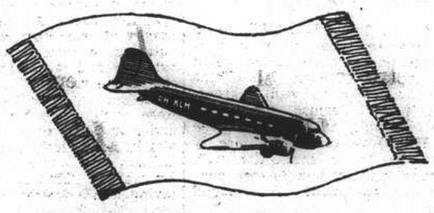

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110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE (Summer Time)

ss. DAIREN MARU	(Arrive) July 1	(Leave) July 3	at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	July 3	July 5	at 9 a.m.
ss. TIENTSIN MARU	July 6	July 7	at 3 p.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	July 8	July 10	at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	July 10	July 12	at 9 a.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)

ss. HOKKAI MARU	July 6	at 5 p.m.
ss. PEKING MARU	July 9	at noon
ss. HOKKAI MARU	July 11	at noon

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CAMPHORWOOD CHESTS, TEA TABLES, CHOW BENCHES, BOXES, CRATES, WOODEN CHESTS, BARRELS AND FURNITURE WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED AS BAGGAGE BUT MUST BE SHIPPED AS FREIGHT.

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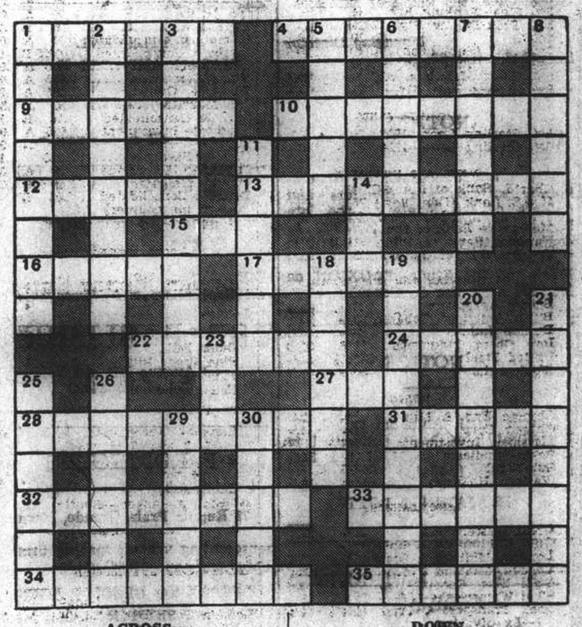
(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph")



ACROSS

1 A suitable open-word (6)
4 A philosopher who has been much maligned (8)
9 Some choice morsel perhaps (6)
10 Wily (8)
12 A charge for submarine warfare (5)
13 An awkward situation that could not occur in any good circles (9)
15 Remiss (3)
16 A jolly event in Germany (5)
17 Eastern sword (6)
22 Has this bird specially to guard its tail? (6)
24 N. African port (5)
27 More found in poetry (3)
28 After some amusement able and sure to cause some more (8)
31 No keen Reformers can ever get us to leave this system (5)
32 After a watchful period an insect is still wide-awake (8)
33 A weed (6)
34 Guarantors from whom escape should be impossible (8)
35 Australian port (6)

DOWN

1 Cook doesn't use a whole flitch or flank to make this (8)
2 Insecure as some "footwear" (8)
3 Unequalled (9)
5 A young bird (5)
6 Prima donna (5)
7 This makes many a tie for the gardener (6)
8 Cambridge college (6)
11 Scarcely a common word but all right in heraldry (6)
14 A noisy line (3)
18 Non-experts these (6)
19 Describes some adjunct (9)
20 A brilliant specimen in the brilliant world (8)
21 The honesty one expects to meet at some fete (two words—4, 4)
23 This cock can make a fine show (3)
25 Suitable flavouring for some lady-killer? (6)
26 In spite of its name this vessel is not a tug (6)
29 One of a subordinate rank of old (5)
30 Buddhist priest (5)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1, Billow; 4, Thebes; 10, Vermuth; 11, Regular; 12, Nell; 13, Snuff; 14, Zinc; 17, Deprecatingly; 18, Well-connected; 23, Huff; 24, Stale; 25, Burr; 28, Acclaim; 29, Sparrow; 30, Ensign; 32, Argyll. DOWN: 1, Bovine; 2, Loraine; 3, Opus; 5, Hugo; 6, Balliol; 7, Spruce; 8, The nick of time; 9, Profit and loss; 15, Drill; 16, Enact; 19, Effects; 20, Equerry; 21, Phrase; 22, Crewel; 26, Gang; 27, Farr.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1941 (8th day of 6th moon)

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy, fine and hot weather with thunder in places and moderate to fresh south-easterly winds over Shantung, our regions and the Eastern Sea. The typhoon over the Pacific will continue north-west by west.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday	min. 78.5	max. 92.0	min. 77.2	max. 93.7
,, same date last year	min. 78.0	max. 93.0	min. 77.0	max. 92.3

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on July 2, at noon registered and 1 p.m. ordinary due San Francisco on July 15. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on July 2, at noon registered and 1 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamships mails for America and Europe: July 3, 4, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

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Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

ENGAGEMENT

BARRERA—LESPINASSE—The engagement is announced of Dr. ALBERTO M. BARRERA, M.D., younger son of Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Barrera to MADELEINE G. LESPINASSE, youngest daughter of Mr. and the late Mrs. F. Lespinasse. (Hongkong and Manila papers please copy.)

MARRIAGES

BROWN—PUTHOD—On July 1, 1941, at H.B.M. Consulate-General, before Mr. Lamb, and on July 2, at Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, by the Very Rev. Dean A. C. S. Trivett, M.A., D.D., GENEVIEVE MARIE, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Antoine Puthod, of Shanghai, to BERTRAM RUSSELL, only son of the Rev. and Mrs. Russell Brown, of Great Braxted, Essex, England. 10045

LONGHURST—DOWN.—On July 1, 1941 at The Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, by the Very Rev. Dean A. C. S. Trivett, M.A., D.D., SUSAN EDWINA DOWN to CECIL DOUGLAS LONGHURST. -93

DEATH

STRANGMAN.—On July 1, 1941, at Shanghai, ANNIE SAIKAO STRANGMAN, aged 53 years, widow of the late Richard Strangman and dearly-beloved mother of Mrs. Mary Hildebrandt. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. A Requiem Mass will be held tomorrow, Thursday, July 3, 1941, at St. Aloysius Church, 734 Kiaochow Road, at 8.00 a.m., to be followed by burial at the Hungjao Road Cemetery at 2.30 p.m. (Macao papers please copy.)

TO-DAY'S EVENT

JULY

2 American Association reception and farewell dinner to Major Arthur Bassett. Columbia Country Club, 8.

2 The Trumpeter'. XMHD, 8.30.

2 Gilbert and Sullivan Songs. XCDN 9.30

2 *Summer Holiday; Bank Holiday*

2 *Crown Prince of Norway's Birthday (1903)*

2 *Arandora Star sunk (1940)*

COMING EVENTS

JULY

4 Regimental Parade and Review by 4th U.S. Marines under auspices of American Ass'n, Polo Field. Racecourse. Americans. and families, are invited. 9 a.m.

HARVEY, MAIN & CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under Hongkong Ordinances)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Sydney Duncan Main has resigned from the Board of Directors of this Company and his authority to sign for and on behalf of the Company is therefore cancelled.

By order of the Board of Directors

A. HARVEY, *Managing Director*

Shanghai, June 28, 1941. 10051

NOTICE

The French Consulate General hereby informs the creditors and debtors of the Estate of the late Maitre d'AUXION de RUFFE to communicate, without delay, with Mr. P. CREPIN, Administrator of the Estate of the Etude d'AUXION de RUFFE, at 41 rue du Consulat. 10026

NOTICE

Messrs. J. H. Abraham and J. W. Pote-Hunt have been authorised to sign jointly on behalf of the firm as from July 1, 1941.

BENJAMIN & POTTS. 13556

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WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	June 30 16.00	June 30 21.00	July 1 4.00	July 1 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.63	29.70	29.78	29.72
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.01	+0.02	+0.03	+0.07
at 32 F. (,, ,, 12 hrs.)	—0.02	+0.05	+0.05	+0.02
Wind (direction)	S	E	SE S	SSE
,, (miles per hour)	9.9	2.5	9.3	9.9
Temperature (Fahr.)	87.1°	79.0°	78.8°	85.1°
Humidity (per cent)	81	98	95	82
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	9	8	8
Rainfall (inches)	—	0.18	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report June 30	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.66	—0.01	29.69
Temperature: min. 77.2° max. 95.7°	86.5°	+2.6°	77.0°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	29.28	0.18	22.06

Time and Tide	2/7	3/7	4/7	5/7	6/7	7/7	8/7
Sun rises at Shanghai	4.53	4.54	4.54	4.55	4.55	4.56	4.56
Sun sets at Shanghai	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02	19.02
Moon rises at Shanghai	12.00	13.03	14.08	15.13	16.19	17.21	18.19
Moon sets at Shanghai	—	0.05	0.48	1.32	2.21	3.16	4.13
Flood makes Shai. (day)	15.35	16.50	18.07	6.56	8.00	9.00	9.51
Ebb makes Shai. (day)	8.04	9.00	10.08	11.20	12.34	13.20	14.10
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	17.27	5.53	7.17	8.28	9.41	10.39	11.31
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	9.26	8.60	8.40	8.25	8.55	8.87	—

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 30th:—Low and steady pressure over China: normal to high and steady over Japan. Typhoon to the west of Hongkong moving west-north-westward. South-easterly winds along the China Coast. Cloudy, hot, thundery and very damp weather in China. Other typhoon to the north of Yap moving west-north-westward.

State on the morning of the 1st:—Cloudy, hot and very damp weather. South-easterly breezes. Pressure rather low and steady.

TYPHOON SIGNAL

Typhoon Signal: Approximate position of the centre, at 6 a.m., within 120 miles of latitude 13, longitude 134, direction north-west, intensity: unknown.—Siccawei Observatory.

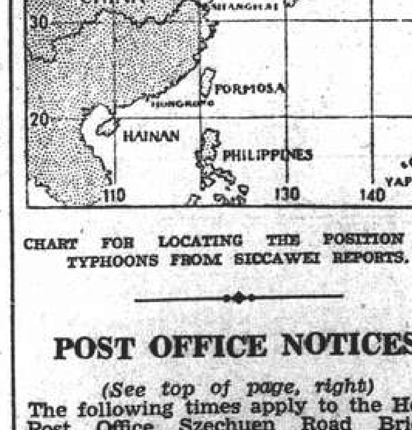

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

WEDNESDAY, July 2.	Reg.	Ord.
Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin	*20.00	8.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Australia New Zealand and Straits via Hongkong	12.00	13.00
Hongkong and Canton	12.30	13.00
Amoy Fukien and Kiangsi Provinces via Amoy	13.30	14.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00

THURSDAY, July 3.		
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Japan (via Kobe) Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	9.00	11.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00

FRIDAY, July 4.		
Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	AX16.30	18.30
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00

*The night before.

A Parcel mail for Honolulu and U.S.A., closes at 16.00 on 4th.

X Provisional time subject to alterations.

Canton-Hanoi-Saigon-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close on every Sunday and Wednesday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton for Hanoi on every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and for Saigon on every Monday and Bangkok on every Friday. The air mails, may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.

Netherlands K.L.M. Air Mail Service (Batavia-Lydda) per steamer to Singapore via Hongkong on July 2, at noon for registered and at 1 p.m. for ordinary.

Royal Netherlands Indies Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per available steamer to Saigon.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow; Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tungshan, Haichow, Kweiteh, Kalgan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan, Yuncheng and Linfen by the planes of the China Airways Co. close daily at 10.30 p.m.

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.

Canton, Swatow and Hoihow per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

A Whiff of the Lavender

FIELDS OF MITCHAM

From Yardley's of Bond Street

LAVENDER Lotion, Brilliantine Water, Shaving Stick, Hair oil, Shaving Cream, Talcum Powder, Bath Soap.

ALL AT COMPETITIVE PRICES

On display—Toilet Department—Ground Floor

AT WHITEAWAY'S

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

A vacancy occurs for a saleslady. Millinery department. English retail store. Must have initiative and good appearance. Address Box 41, NCDN. 10052

WANTED immediately, a Eurasian girl under 30 years, with a good knowledge of bookkeeping and at least three years office experience. Must have neat, clean appearance. Apply Box 38, NCDN. 10048

CHINESE with fair knowledge of English to take control of a small gang of house cleaning coolies. Replies to Box 33, NCDN. 10040

EXPERIENCED radio service man wanted. Telephone 37220. Call 1249 Bubbling Well. -85

FOREIGN male stenographer required for outport. Must be exceptionally quick and accurate at shorthand. Good sterling salary offered. Box 24. NCDN. 10016

$200 salary. Shroff required by British firm. Cash guarantee $3,000. 833/17 Avenue Joffre. -9111

Personal

FROM Mr. S. K. U. to "Educated, independent and smart Chinese lady". Have you received my letter? If so, please answer me. Address Box 39, NCDN. -92

TWO gentlemen seated last row left Grand Theatre, Saturday, please communicate Box 32, NCDN. -86

THE SWISS Consulate-General, 1469 Avenue Joffre, would be grateful for any information concerning the present whereabouts of the Swiss citizen Miss Antonia Hane, for whom an important communication has been received. 13545

Educational

CHINESE student desires to exchange Chinese, chemistry or mathematics for German. Address Box 30, NCDN. -62

PIANO lady teacher (Viennese State Diploma), gives lessons, moderate terms. 1078 Seymour Road, telephone 36720. -72

MATHEMATICS, physics, Latin. Instruction by qualified lady teacher. Best references. Box 4763, NCDN. -9132

CHINESE lessons wanted by foreigner from experienced young Chinese lady. Address Box 8, NCDN. -15

FOREIGNER requires lessons in Mandarin from qualified Chinese with knowledge of English. Box 10, NCDN. -18

THE Shanghai Business College. Summer session. Shorthand, typewriting, English, bookkeeping/accountancy. Successes unparalleled. Many placed in suitable positions after few months' study. Apply for syllabus. 320 Szechuen Road (Second Floor). Telephone 17733. 13447

PROFESSOR teaches and coaches English, French, German, Latin, Spanish, Hebrew, mathematics. Box 4805, NCDN. -9290

LEARN German! German lessons, grammar and conversation, given by Mr. Knoche, 2 Quinsan Garden. Exceptional references. -8541

Chinese Servants

GOOD cook or cook-boy, clean, honest, industrious. Washes and mends. Good references. Recommended for bachelor. Address Box 29, NCDN. -61

EXCELLENT cook-boy, references. English/American. Telephone Brydon, 31217, 9 to 12 noon. -26

GOOD cook, clean, honest, industrious, washes and mends. Good reference. recommended for bachelor, Address Box 4755, NCDN. -55

CAN anyone recommend good amah, clean, reliable, English or French-speaking, for knitting, washing and housework? Please telephone 20818 or write Box 2, NCDN. -4

72782 General Trading Company. Excellent cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, office-boys, coolies. Prompt service. -9291

73148. Central Employment Agency. British. Servants, specialists, Established 1930. Closed Sundays and every afternoon. -9024

Miscellaneous

CARPETS cleaned chemically, 15 cents per square foot. Rugs repaired, stored, dyed. Esso Company, telephone 12170. 10034

Clothing and Fabrics

SILK shirts, pyjamas, Best European fit and American styles. Reasonable prices. Union Clothing Co., 982/14 Avenue Foch. Apartment 14. -9052

Unfurnished Apartments

TWO three-roomed flats and apartment, French Concession, south. Conveniences. 242/3 Avenue Roi Albert. -96

ONE room flat with bath in detached house. No keymoney. Apply 79/1 Route Maresca, Second Floor. between 3-5 p.m. -85

ONE, two, three roomed apartments, furnished/unfurnished, reasonable terms. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road. room 122. -91

TO LET self-contained-one-room flat, Telephone 60121 between 11-12. 10017

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.80.

EXPERIENCED photographer, retouching man, seeks position. Box 37, NCDN. -87

YOUNG girl seeks position as stenotypist or office assistant (beginner). Address Box 4700, NCDN. -60

EXCELLENT references, Chinese lady secretary-stenotypist, seeks position after office hours or whole day. Box 4638, NCDN. -20

CHINESE, 41, American diplomaed accountancy / business - management, twenty years' executive experience. Good connections. Excellent testimonials. Post Office Box 1548. -9208

Radios

START and finish radio shopping with "Record" world receiver. Shortwave-reception without aerial. Six American tubes. American loudspeaker $325 (AC/DC and special orders). Demonstration without obligation. Repairs by European experts. Radio Record, 8 Chusan Road. Telephone 51262; 1916 Avenue Joffre, I.S.S. Apartments. Telephone 73109. 13286

RADIO O.K.? For expert repairs, genuine parts, moderate charges, telephone 43383 Chang's Radio Corporation. -8766

Rooms with Board

12 Pacific Garden, Seymour Road. Double/single room, facing south. private bathrooms. Telephone 30376. -81

YORK House, 51 Rue Massenet. One double room with private bathroom. Garden. Moderate rates. Telephone 73015. -89

FURNISHED south room with private bathroom. Verandah. Full board. 14 Kelmscott Gardens, telephone 72385. -68

PRIVATE home for paying guest, British, Americans. Two rooms separately/flat. Board optional. Vicinity French Club. Telephone 74888. -9010

Holiday Resorts

TSINGTAO, Victoria House, "As at Home", 9 First Kinkow Road. Well-equipped rooms and flats on monthly and daily rates. Excellent cuisine. Hot and cold running water. Quiet location. Close to Beach and Town. Apply for reservation of rooms and particulars. 10047

AT Yankovsky's estate. Korea, to let rooms with board. Cool nights. Swimming. Picnics. Hot springs. Beautiful mountain scenery. Telephone 77657 tiffin hours, Mrs. Potapoff. -71

VILLA Lucia, 4 Chih Chuan Road. Iltis Huk, Tsingtao. First class pension Open for reservations. 13144

MR. ARTHUR Gottlieb, manager of White House and Villa Augusta, Tsingtao. staying Park Hotel, July 1-2, will personally book reservations and give informations about the above guest houses between 2-3.30, 6-8. 10011

Wanted to Rent

WANTED apartment/house, furnished/unfurnished. Settlement/Concession. Willing pay key-money or take over furniture. Telephone 76754. -95

RESPONSIBLE couple with permanent residence want to rent for summer, one/two cool southfacing (north, south) rooms with modern comfort. use of kitchen, residential section French Concession. Gascogne Apartment or similar preferred. Best references. Telephone 78355 or Box 40, NCDN. 10050

WANTED modern unfurnished two-roomed apartment with kitchen etc. Must be nice location. Address Box 4766, NCDN. 10046

WANTED immediately by married couple, fully-furnished flat for four/eight weeks. Reply Box 34, NCDN. -68

QUIET British couple require three-roomed furnished or unfurnished apartment from September 1, willing take over fittings, pay advance deposit. Box 4655, NCDN. -8949

FRENCH Concession or Settlement. not western district, three/four rooms, completely furnished. by August 1. No agents. Please telephone W. Robertson, 12497 office hours. -56

WANTED to rent five/six-roomed flat or house, unfurnished, for institute of languages. Address Box 5, NCDN. -9

Cameras

WANTED, standard Leica, about $500 or better model at moderate price. Box 23, NCDN. -51

Animals

NICE bull-terrier and bulldog pups. month old, for sale, cheap. Urgent. Telephone 77750. -53

Furnished Houses

BEAUTIFUL residence. western district with tennis court, vegetable garden, green house, separate servants' quarters, central heating, garage. Rent US$40 monthly. Furniture and fittings must be taken over. Apply Mr. Chen, William's Studio, 126 Bubbling Well Road. -29

FURNISHED house, western district, seven rooms, three bathrooms, usual servants' quarters. garage, greenhouse. garden, available for immediate occupation up to September 30, 1941. Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 10043

For Sale—Miscellaneous

TWO complete modern bedroom suites, beds, etc. Telephone 30285. 9-11 a.m. -88

REFRIGERATOR, 5 cubic feet, good condition, $1,500. 279 Rue Bourgeat. -77

STAMPS, new Thrift Issue (China) complete $4 set. Chen Kee Stamp Services, 397 Szechuen Road. or delivery at request. -75

ONE complete set of ratan furniture, 13 pieces. Almost new. Apply 312 Carlton Apartment between 6-8 p.m. -80

GUM boots. Size 3, suitable for girl aged 12. English make. good condition. $15. Box 35. NCDN. 10041

MEISSEN dinner sets, miniatures, figures groups, bronzes, wooden statuettes. Heavy reductions. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. 10010

PERSIAN rugs, high quality Kapistan, Iran, Shiras, for sale. Box 4704, NCDN. -9056

SEVERAL oil paintings, landscapes, etc., for sale. 369 Roi Albert, Flat 2. -9225

ARRIVED, American sharkskin (Cohama) in white and colours and also bamboo sharkskin. Telephone 85201. -8823

PERSIAN carpet, about 9 x 12, excellent condition, beautiful colours and two rugs. Box 4647, NCDN. -8926

INTERNATIONAL Mosse codes, English and German, with supplement. also pocket edition. Telephone 11885. -33

SECONDHAND furniture, refrigerators, ice-boxes, household effects, bought/sold at best prices. G. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -8141

MARIA Rosenthal dinner, tea sets for 12, attractive crystalware. Dr. Weiss, 1823/A Avenue Joffre. -8873

Houses and Land

FOR SALE, for 18 years, new modern residences. French Concession, immediate occupancy. Apply Telephone 93344. -84

FOR SALE: 43 Tunsin Road. Modern, foreign, detached residence with well laid-out garden. area mow 1.566. 7 rooms, 2 bathrooms, central heating, with or without furniture. Immediate occupation. Apply A. Loonis & Co. 10054

WANTED buy nice large residence with garden, 2-6 mow. Box 4746, NCDN. -9123

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED buy secondhand household furniture, carpets, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965 daily, Mr. Bers. -101

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses; shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. Telephone 34663 Mr. W. Engel. -9129

WANTED, silver/curio cabinet. Reply with particulars and price to Box 13, NCDN. 10008

MICROSCOPE, polarimeter and airgun (Diana). Telephone 18571 or apply to Mr. Hoong, Room 206, 105 Kiangse Road. -2

WANTED immediately: quotations tempered spring steel strips, 26 SWG 3/4". Will only consider large quantity. Box 4830, NCDN. -9296

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses; shoes, corpets, clothing, etc. Telephone 34663 Mr. W. Engel. -9129

BOOKS (English) suitable for library, must be clean and in good condition. Particulars to Box 4800, NCDN. -9235

VIOLIN, accordion, piano and other musical instruments bought and sold. Gutfreund, 277 Kungping Road. -7897

Lost

LOST D/O No. 3246 covering 100 bags Java Robusta Coffee ex s.s. Wingsang from Hongkong dated June 30, 1941, Mft. No. 21. voy. 37, now declared null and void. International Forwarding Corp. 10053

LOST Customs stamped B/L No. 1 manifest No. 278 covering 1 case, filter press ex "Myogi-Maru" arrived on 12/4/1941. declared hereby null and void. 13537

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides

MASSAGE, pedicure, in-grown nails cured. 9 Central Arcade from Ezra Road 93-94. Telephone 11984. -90

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking, lift 374 Kiangse Road, Apartment 30, second-floor. -79

ALICE, 360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2, from 2 to 10. Massage. -8799

Offices, Shops, Godowns

LUXURIOUS European-fitted office, two rooms, waiting-room, lift, telephone, Bubbling Well near Yates. Rent $600. No key-money. Architect Herper, 205 Winling. -99

ABOUT 1,000 sq. ft. factory space, centre Settlement. Reasonable terms. Shanghai Realty Co., 110/52 Szechuen Road. -97

Furnished Apartments

JOFFRE. In most luxurious apartment house, two-roomed apartment. Furniture to be taken over. Architect Herper, 205 Winling. -99

BUBBLING Well: in modern apartment house. luxurious fully-furnished four-roomed apartment, lift, frigidaire. No key-money. Rent includes furniture. Architect Herper, 205 Winling. -99

ATTRACTIVE two-roomed flat, south-facing, all conveniences. with kitchen, bath, private telephone in bachelor's residence. Reasonable rent. Bachelor preferred. 1001 Yuyuen Road. -93

APARTMENT to be transferred. Four large rooms, well furnished, in modern style, two small rooms for domestics, two bathrooms, gas stove, moderate rent. Situated in the best part of French Concession. Inquiries by telephone 79916 during office hours. -9181

THREE-ROOMED well-furnished apartment, quiet location, low rental, all modern conveniences. Furniture to be taken over. For inspection telephone 74686, 10-1.30. -36

Motor Cars and Cycles

OLDSMOBILE 1931 coupe in perfect running order, US$225. Telephone 75172, 9-10.30 a.m. -76

MOTORCYCLE Harley Davidson 1939, A-1 condition. Owner leaving. 347/5 Avenue du Roi Albert. -83

GRAHAM Paige coupe, completely overhauled, as new, economical, owner leaving. A genuine bargain. $5,000. Box 28, NCDN. 10033

CONVERTIBLE coupe 8 h.p., 22 miles per gallon, guaranteed like new, new tyres, duco and chromium. Reasonable price. Telephone 36620 or 70159. 13548

WILL buy for cash, sell on easy terms and exchange cars, trucks, Telephone 70159, Triangle Motors. -8873

GARAGE to let. Road front. Corner Maresca/Ferguson. Telephone 76985. 11

Rooms Without Board

BEAUTIFUL room with bath, furnished, separate entrance. Jubilee Court. 1273 Avenue Joffre, House 4. -94

SOUTHFACING bright balcony room, all conveniences, garden. 846 Avenue Haig, corner Avenue Joffre. -73

FURNISHED room to let, southfacing, 826A Avenue Joffre, Telephone 73993. -67

TO LET. room with separate bathroom. Lane 1220. 55 Avenue Road. -27

LARGE double room. furnished or unfurnished, detached house, south and east, Rue Bourgeat. private lavatory, hot-cold water shower. Address Box 17, NCDN. -31

LARGE furnished room with balcony. All conveniences. 15 Edinburgh Road. telephone 22596. -34

NICELY-FURNISHED one/two rooms to let for two months, from July 1. 1025 Bubbling Well Road. House 33. -47

BEAUTIFUL big room, bath, garden, to let per July 15. Frelupt. Telephone 71338, 10-12. -9294

Unfurnished Houses

DETACHED house, seven rooms, three bathrooms, central heating, garage, large garden available in western district from about August 15 next. Address Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 10044

Dancing

WANTED lady or gentleman teacher for private dancing lessons. Box 31, NCDN. -64

MISS Lillian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -9292

MISS BOOLE'S Dancing Studio. All modern ballroom dances. 22A Route Pere Robert. -8788

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"The Japan Chronicle"

DAILY AND WEEKLY

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